

SHIPS STORE AFLOAT PUBLICATION 487



NAVAL SUPPLY SYSTEMS COMMAND

REVISION 2 2013

COG 01 Stock No.

INTRODUCTION TO REVISION 2

Changes. This publication is issued for the information and guidance of all Ships Serviceman personnel. This publication supersedes NAVSUP Publication 487 Volume 1, Change 4 of October 2010. Guidance is effective upon receipt unless otherwise indicated. The latest changes in procedures have been annotated and should be reviewed upon receipt.

Purpose. The procedures contained in this publication establish policy for the operation and management and are mandatory unless specifically stated as being optional. However, these procedures are not limiting when conditions warrant additional controls, and head of supply departments, commanding officers, or higher authority may supplement procedures not in conflict with this publication when it is considered necessary.

Authorization. The publication is issued for the information and guidance of all persons in the Naval Establishment under the authority of Article 1202 Naval Regulations and Public Law, Unites States Code, Title 10. The Commander, Naval Supply Systems Command may authorize in writing deviations from the guidance contained in the publication, provided the matter concerned is entirely under the cognizance of the Naval Supply Systems Command.

Operational Oversight. Program management of the Ships Store Afloat program is provided by the Naval Supply Systems Command Assistant Commander for Navy Family Support, who also serves as Chief Executive Officer, Navy Exchange Service Command.

Copies of the Publication. This publication is available electronically from the Naval Logistics Library via the NAVSUP home page at http://www.navsup.navy.mil.

Contact. This publication is produced by the Navy Exchange Service Command, Ships Store Program. Comments or questions related to information in this publication may be addressed to: Vice President, Ships Store Program and sent via mail or electronically to customerservice@nexweb.org

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Record of Changes (Revision 2)

Date of Change	Changes	
	Due to deletion of paragraphs in this revision renumbering of paragraphs was required. Revisions below reflect new paragraph numbers.	
	CHAPTER 1 – Organization, Administration, Security	
Feb 2013	1003 - Changed Fleet and Industrial Supply Centers (FISC) to Fleet Logistics Centers (FLC)	
Feb 2013	1004.2 – Outlets: added coffee bars; deleted dry cleaning	
Feb 2013	1100 – Corrected address for DFAS Cleveland	
Feb 2013	1101 – Authorized activities: added coffee bars	
Feb 2013	1106 – Deleted document filing chart and referred user to Appendix B	
Feb 2013	1107.5 – Updated Backup and Compact Procedures	
Feb 2013	1201.1 – Group III spaces: added coffee bars, deleted amusement and dollar bill change machines	
Feb 2013	1201.4 – Revised Vending Machine Security when operating with Navy Cash	
Feb 2013	1205.6 – Eliminated requirement to submit report of theft or fraud to NEXCOM, DFAS, NAVSUP or NSCS	
Feb 2013	1206 - Added IT requirements for security classifications and password security to meet current requirements	
F.1. 0040	CHAPTER 2 - General Operating Procedures	
Feb 2013	2000 - Deleted Standard Navy Clothing for stocked items	
Feb 2013	2104 – Deleted Price List as a requirement to be posted	
Feb 2013	2220 – Corrected ROM II Till Report to EPOS Cash Over/Short Detailed Report	
Feb 2013	2301 – Corrected ROM II Reconciliation Report to C02/C03 Report	
Feb 2013	2311 – Corrected how sales in Non EPOS locations are computed	

Feb 2013	2325 – Added Coffee Bar Operations as new section	
1 60 2013	2325 – Added Coffee Bar Operations as new section	
Feb 2013	2400 – Revised Barber Shop policy to include Additional Services that may be added	
Feb 2013	2411 – Clarified assignment of TAD personnel	
	CHAPTER 3 – Stock and Inventory Control	
Feb 2013	3000 – Eliminated the definitions of basic stock and deployed load items. Rewrote NEXCOM support of Foreign Merchandise in the Mediterranean	
Feb 2013	3001 – Added Coffee Bars to section	
Feb 2013	3112 - Clarified procurement of tax free tobacco	
Feb 2013	3105 – Added SECNAV policy prohibition of sale of emblematic items to general public via command's web site	
Feb 2013	3113 - Deleted receipt of tax free tobacco in the chapter	
Feb 2013	3114 – Deleted inventory of tax free tobacco as separate item	
Feb 2013	3122 – Deleted Source of Supply of unusual sizes of Navy Clothing as these items are not stocked	
Feb 2013	3123 – Deleted Defective Standard Navy Clothing Items	
Feb 2013	3124 – Deleted Defective Certified Uniform Items Procured From Commercial Sources	
Feb 2013	3135 – Deleted photographic film	
Feb 2013	3203 – Deleted Obtaining Foreign Merchandise; redundant	
Feb 2013	3205 – Deleted requirement for ship to report foreign merchandise prior to leaving 6 th Fleet	
Feb 2013	3210 – Deleted Rota as a foreign merchandise supplier	
Feb 2013	3322 – Deleted statement that ROM II automatically computes inventory min/max levels	
Feb 2013	3400 – Updated Sale of U.S. Postage Stamps	
Feb 2013	3401 and 3402 – Modified paragraph to include policy to increase retail price of stamps held in inventory if Postal Service increases prices	

Feb 2013	3403 – Deleted paragraph regarding "forever stamps" as it was outdated	
	CHAPTER 4 - Procurement	
Feb 2013	4000 – Deleted Requisitions to supply support activities and purchase orders under Foreign Merchandise as procurement methods	
Feb 2013	4010 – Deleted Standard Navy Clothing and use of manual DD Form 1348	
Feb 2013		
Feb 2013	4011.1b – Deleted Navy supply depot as a source of supply	
Feb 2013	4012 - Deleted preparation of manual 1348-1A	
Feb 2013	4013 - Deleted distribution of manual 1348-1A	
Feb 2013	4022 – Deleted Foreign Merchandise Bulletin as an authorized catalog and required statements added	
Feb 2013	manually to purchase orders	
Feb 2013	4023 – Revised to reflect EDI Process	
Feb 2013	4101 – Deleted Requisitions to Shore Supply Activities. Replaced paragraph with Requisitions to Combat Logistics Officers and expanded paragraph to include general ordering and receipt procedures for prime vendor merchandise.	
Feb 2013	4102 – Deleted Combat Logistics Support Force Ships and replaced with Combat Logistic Officer; combined in para 4101	
Feb 2013	4105 – Deleted Requisitions to the Marine Corps and other Government departments	
Feb 2013	4200 – Modified paragraph by deleting section on oral ordering	
Feb 2013	4201 – Modified paragraph by deleting section on oral ordering	
Feb 2013	4203.1(a) (b) – Revised procedure for SSPN purchasesships; do not provide P.O. number or purchase order	
Feb 2013	4204 – Revised information on Purchases from Navy Exchanges	

Feb 2013	4205 – Revised paragraph to restrict repairs to equipment; not items stock in store
Feb 2013	4206 – Revised procedures to be followed regarding cost price or quantity errors on purchase orders
Feb 2013	4210,4211,4212 – Revised procedures for purchases outside of USA
Feb 2013	4214 – Deleted paragraph on OCONUS Competition as is no longer required
Feb 2013	4215 – Deleted paragraph on OCONUS Small Business as no longer required
Feb 2013	4216 – Deleted paragraph on OCONUS Contract Reviews as no longer required
Feb 2013	4220 - Clarified use of SSPN when buying equipment
Feb 2013	4221 - Deleted Dollar Bill Changers as equipment
Feb 2013	4222 - Revised Accounting Instructions to use GPC
Feb 2013	4300 - Clarified Special purchase orders information
Feb 2013	4411 - Deleted Dollar Bill Changers as equipment
Feb 2013	4412 – Deleted requirement for ship to provide a purchase order or P.O. number for SSPN purchases. Deleted Status classification of ships
Feb 2013	4414 – Simplified process to obtain vending machines
Feb 2013	4420 – Simplified policy on permanent installation of leased vending machines
Feb 2013	4421 – Deleted references to amusement machines
	Chapter 5 – Receipts and Inspections
Feb 2013	5001 – Deleted Supply Support Activities. Added procedure for requisitioned material received without an expenditure document
Feb 2013	5002 – Added paragraph on receipts from commercial sources
Feb 2013	5101 – Changed receipt by case to receipt of quantity. Added sections on receipts from CLF ships and prime vendors

Feb 2013		
1 05 2010	5106 – Added procedures on shortages from CLF ships, OSO and prime vendors	
Feb 2013	5201.1b – Deleted subparagraph Fast Pay Procedures Not Applicable	
Feb 2013	5203.2b – Deleted Standard Navy Clothing	
Feb 2013	5305 – Updated Ships Store Unmatched Expenditure Listing codes	
Feb 2013	5401.2 – Deleted subparagraph Fast Pay Procedures Not Applicable	
Feb 2013	5404 – Deleted manual procedures to prevent Precautions Against Duplicate Payments; not needed with ROM	
	CHAPTER 6 – Stowage, Breakouts and Intra-store <u>Transfers</u>	
Feb 2013	Renumbered paragraphs; eliminated film as a stock item	
	CHAPTER 7 - Expenditures	
Feb 2013	7100 – Report of Survey: Eliminated duplication of information. Added detail that requires surveys for expired shelf life to be within 30 days of expiration or expired upon receipt	
Feb 2013	7101 – Added requirement that survey officer validate if the items received and recommended for survey are "out of date" or within 30 days of expiration upon receipt	
Feb 2013	71200.2(c) – Provided clarification that ship's profits pay for items with expired shelf life	
Feb 2013	7200 - Rewrite of OSO procedures to gain greater accountability and tracking of material	
Feb 2013	7402.4, 7403.3, 7404.3 – Increased dollar amount for Health & Comfort Issues from \$35 to \$50. Modified to reflect use of Navy Cash	
Feb 2013	7408.3 – Deleted subparagraph on donations of used clothing	
Feb 2013	7409.3 – Deleted reference to NAVICP	
Feb 2013	7500 – Added coffee bar products as items charged to Cost of Operations, Retail. Added requirement to file B22	

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	report in the B22 (RK) file each month
Feb 2013	7700 – Credit memo. Information added on action to be taken if ship receives a credit memo for merchandise they did not receive
	CHAPTER 8 – Ships Store Profits
Feb 2013	8002.2 – Deleted coin changers, coin counters/sorters and dollar bill changers
Feb 2013	8101.1 – Added new subparagraph to LOANS regarding repayment and deleted legacy paragraph 8203
Feb 2013	8102.2 – Deleted requirement for new construction ships to request a grant for initial outfitting
Feb 2013	8202.2 – Added subparagraph stating claims for loss of civilian clothing are not authorized. Deleted section that clothing can be repaired
Feb 2013	8304 – Revised procedures on how ships request advance transfer of profits
	CHAPTER 9 - RETURNS
Feb 2013	9006 – Deleted subparagraph 3, Inventory of Non-EPOS outlets, as procedures listed were outdated
Feb 2013	9007 – Added requirement to print and file B14 report
Feb 2013	9203.3 – Corrected mailing address for DFAS Cleveland
Feb 2013	9205 – Revised documents to be forwarded to Navy Supply Corps School and corrected mailing address
Feb 2013	9320.2, 9320.3, 9320.4, 9320.5 – Deleted NAVSUP Form 469. Added Navy Cash Monthly Merchant Report
Feb 2013	9321 – Deleted dry cleaning services
Feb 2013	9404 - Deleted the filing chart; referred user to Appendix B
Feb 2013	9500 - Replaced DD Form 1149 with Memorandum for the Record
	APPENDIX A – DEFINITION OF SHIPS STORE TERMS
	No changes

	APPENDIX B – DOCUMENT DISTRIBUTION
Feb 2013	Moved information from Para 9404, Filing Chart to Appendix B
	APPENDIX C – STANDARDS OF CUSTOMER SERVICE
	No changes
	APPENDIX D - STANDARDS OF CONDUCT
	No changes
Feb 2013	APPENDIX E – COFFEE BAR COST CARDS
	Added Coffee Bar Cost Cards
	APPENDIX F – EMERGENCY FALL BACK PROCEDURES
	No changes
	APPENDIX G – CHAPTER 2 CASH HANDLING
	No changes
	APPENDIX H – SHIPS STORE MANAGEMENT REPORT
	No changes

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CHAPTER 1 – ORGANIZATION, ADMINISTRATION AND SECURITY

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CHAPTER 1 – ORGANIZATION, ADMINISTRATION AND SECURITY

PART A – ORGANIZATION

1000 SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT

- GENERAL. The instructions and procedures prescribed in this publication apply to ship's store afloat. This publication does not apply to naval activities under the Commander, Military Sealift Command. These activities operate branch exchanges in accordance with Navy Exchange Manual and instructions issued by the Navy Exchange Service Command.
- 2. <u>PURPOSE.</u> Ship's stores serve the following purposes:
 - a. Provide a convenient and reliable source for personnel to obtain articles considered necessary for their health, comfort or convenience at a savings
 - b. Provide services necessary in day-to-day living
 - c. Provide a source of funds to be used for the recreation of naval personnel through profits from sales
 - d. Promote good morale

1001 NAVY EXCHANGE SERVICE COMMAND

The Navy Exchange Service Command (NEXCOM) provides technical guidance and administrative assistance to ship's store under authority delegated by the Naval Supply Systems Command.

1002 DEFENSE FINANCE AND ACCOUNTING SERVICE

The Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) performs the following functions in connection with ship's stores:

- a. Audit returns
- b. Maintain files and reconcile documents for receipt from purchases and receipts from other supply officers
- c. Reconcile cash reported in returns
- d. Pay dealer's bills

1003 FLEET ASSISTANCE TEAMS

- MISSION. The Fleet Assistance Team program provides technical assistance and guidance to forces afloat in order to improve the performance of ship's store operations. NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) provides the policy and procedures used by the teams.
- 2. <u>TEAMS</u>. Master, Senior, and Chief Petty Officers are located at Fleet Logistics Centers (FLCs) in major port areas to provide technical assistance and guidance in all aspects of ship's store operations. This assistance may be provided by telephone, visits to Fleet Assistance Team offices, or assistance visits to individual ships. Visits to ships are made on an informal basis and no formal report is made upon completion of the visit. Fleet Assistance Teams are located at:
 - a. FLC Norfolk
 - b. FLC Jacksonville (Mayport detachment)
 - c. FLC San Diego
 - d. FLC Yokosuka
 - e. FLC Pearl Harbor, Hawaii

3. ASSISTANCE VISITS

- a. Request for Assistance. Ships desiring assistance visits should contact the appropriate Fleet Assistance Team. Any request should identify specific problem areas if any exist. Urgent requests for assistance may be made by naval message or telephone when considered appropriate by the supply officer.
- b. Length of Visit. Assistance visits will normally be scheduled for a period of two to five days, depending upon the type of the ship and extent of ship's store operations to be reviewed.
- c. Time Periods for Visits. Request should indicate two or more convenient periods and the location of the ship during these periods.
- d. Requests for Assistance for Laundry Equipment. Onsite assistance is available upon request. Since the repair and maintenance of laundry equipment can best be accomplished during a regularly scheduled overhaul, assistance visits should take place before an overhaul to permit timely submission of work requests for any repairs or equipment layout changes resulting from the visit. Assistance visits should be requested 18 months before an overhaul and for emergency requirements at least 120 days before the overhaul.
- e. Pre-Deployment Assistance Visits. Ships preparing to deploy should submit requests in sufficient time to arrange for visits prior to

deployment. During these visits, information will be provided on the Consolidation Afloat Requisitioning Guide Overseas (NAVSUP Pub 4998), Q-cognizance items, foreign merchandise, vendor control and endurance loading.

4. SCOPE OF ASSISTANCE

- a. General. Fleet Assistance Teams provide assistance as outlined in subparagraph b—e.
- b. Sales Outlets. Assistance is provided in the following sales outlets:
 - (1) Modernization planning
 - (2) Merchandising promotion, including layout, display and signing
 - (3) Merchandising planning, including stock control review, model stock plans, and disposition of excess stocks
 - (4) Pricing procedures
 - (5) Accounting records, returns, and bill payment
 - (6) Internal operating procedures
 - (7) Internal controls, including cash handling procedures, security of spaces, and receipt and inspection procedures
 - (8) Procurement assistance, including purchasing procedures, contract administration procedures, vendor relations, merchandise quality assurance.
 - (9) Training
 - (10) Periodic review of ship's store operations, including identification of potential problems areas
- c. Service Activities. Assistance is provided in the following service activities:
 - (1) Job instruction, JQRs and training programs
 - (2) Work scheduling and control
 - (3) Equipment operations and maintenance, with minor repairs as necessary
 - (4) Safety and sanitation
- d. Liaison. The Fleet Assistance Teams will liaison with fleet and TYCOMs, Navy supply support activities, Defense Finance and

Accounting Service and other cognizant activities on ship's store matters. In addition, these teams may function as shore liaison for logistic; procurement or other ship's store issues when the ship is deployed.

e. Other. The Fleet Assistance Team will furnish necessary technical assistance and guidance not specified above.

1004 SHIPBOARD ORGANIZATION

1. ORGANIZATION. The supply officer is responsible for the performance of all divisions in the supply department. Supply Corps Officers may be ordered in as assistants to the supply officer or senior enlisted may be assigned to that iob with approval of the type commander (TYCOM) and NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). When there is an assistant for the ship's store, that officer may relieve the supply officer for financial accountability and responsibility for the procurement, receipt, storage, custody, issue, transfer, maintenance of proper records, and accounting for and submission of returns for ship store material. The commanding officer will assign personnel to assist the sales officer (accountable officer). The number of personnel will depend on the size of the operation and personnel available. The sales officer is restricted in the assignment of personnel only if they have not completed the job specific JQR or received instruction in the responsibility/accountability of the job assigned. The supply department organization aboard individual ships will vary according to the mission, physical characteristics and the complement of the ship. However, each ship's store division will procure, receive, store, issue and sell ship's store merchandise, operate sales outlets and service activities, maintain related records, and prepare required reports, returns and correspondence.

2. SPECIFIC FUNCTIONS DEFINED

- a. Records and Returns. Records and returns functions include replenishment of ship's store stock operating supplies, operation of the Resale Operations Management (ROM) microcomputer, maintenance of office records, and preparation of related correspondence, reports and returns.
- b. Storage. Storage functions include the receipt, storage, security and issue of ship's store stock and operating supplies, as well as maintenance of related records and assigned spaces.
- c. Sales Outlets. Sales outlet functions include the operation of retail stores, coffee bars, vending machines, phone card machines, Electronic Point of Sale registers, Navy Cash[™] devices and the maintenance of prescribed records and assigned spaces.
- d. Service Activities. Service activity functions include the barbershop and laundry as well as the maintenance of necessary records and assigned spaces. Embroidery services may also be included.

1005 PERSONNEL

- 1. <u>ASSIGNMENT OF PERSONNEL</u>. The type of operation and the degree of service the commanding officer considers necessary for morale will determine personnel assignment. The sales officer will make all assignments to positions of responsibility. In no case will personnel assigned to, or having access to sales outlets or bulk storeroom be assigned the duties of maintaining office records. Normally only one-person will be responsible for and have access to bulk storerooms. Ships are authorized to assign more than one person to an accountable space as provided for in subparagraph ab.
 - a. Multiple Accountable Space Operators. Operation of a sales outlet or bulk storeroom by more than one person is authorized to allow for flexibility in improving customer service.
 - b. Multiple Responsibility Operations. When improved utilization of personnel will result, the same person may be placed in charge of sales/service outlet and the bulk storeroom. When making multiple responsibility assignments, the ability to maintain accountability of government material, the physical layout of spaces and the hours of operation will be considered in order to provide maximum utilization of personnel and maximum service to the crew. ROM requires the use of separate accountability procedures even though the same person may be assigned to both locations.
- 2. <u>RESPONSIBILITIES OF SHIP'S STORE PERSONNEL.</u> Personnel in charge of sales outlets and service activities are responsible to the sales officer for the proper operation of the outlet or activity and for strict compliance with cash handling procedures as prescribed in Appendix G paragraphs 2200 2324. These instructions also apply when more than one shift is required to provide services during periods outside of normal working hours.

1006 ACCOUNTABILITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> It is well founded by law and regulation that any person authorized to have public property in their custody or possession is responsible upon proper occasion to produce the property or evidence of its authorized disposition. In either case, a person having funds or property of the United States in their custody assumes a public trust that the funds or property will be utilized for purposes authorized by law or regulation.

2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

a. Accountability. Accountability is defined as the obligation to render an accounting of property and funds, including returns. The obligation is imposed upon an officer who is charged by law, lawful order, or regulation with the responsibility for keeping accurate records of public funds or property. The officer assumes a public trust that such funds or property will be utilized for purposes authorized by law or regulation.

- The property or funds may, or may not, be in the officer's physical possession.
- b. Responsibility. Responsibility is defined as the obligation placed upon an individual by law, lawful order, regulation, or customs of the service to exercise custody, care protection, and keeping of property, records, or funds entrusted to their possession or under their supervision. In case of fire, shipwreck, or other disaster, it will be the duty or every sales officer to secure and preserve the public money, papers and property, in the order of their importance, as circumstances permit.

1007 ASSIGNMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Subparagraphs 2 and 3 delineate the responsibilities, which the supply officer may assign and the minimum controls, which must be exercised. The term "monies" as used here is limited to checks or cash, actual coinage or Navy Cash™ transactions in the ship store operation and does not include monies held by a disbursing officer. Subordinates who fail to carry out assigned responsibilities properly may be punished under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, Arts. 92, 108, 132 and other articles as applicable.
- 2. <u>ASSIGNMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES.</u> The following responsibilities may be assigned to subordinates:
 - a. Custody, care and protection of monies and property
 - b. Proper documentation of the receipt and issue of material and monies
 - c. Custody and accurate maintenance of stock and financial control records
 - d. Inventory control practice to ensure prescribed stock levels
 - e. Taking inventories and preparation of ship store returns
 - f. Preparation of required reports
- 3. <u>CONTROLS.</u> The following are minimum controls that must be exercised by the supply officer/sales officer to ensure that responsibilities assigned to subordinates are being met:
 - a. Prescribe the duties and responsibilities in written form for each billet and ensure the person assigned is knowledgeable of the duties and responsibilities
 - b. Make frequent inspections of spaces and operations to ensure the effective performance of tasks assigned to subordinates and to give direction, guidance and instruction as necessary

- c. Conduct frequent internal reviews to ensure that adequate controls are being utilized by subordinates in compliance with current directives on cash handling, safeguarding of funds, stock control, custody, procurement, issue, expenditure, inventory and accountability. Tools include the use of the Continuous Monitoring Performance program and use of Ships Store Monthly report.
- d. Conduct training and supervision of subordinate personnel to ensure the proper performance of assigned responsibilities
- 4. <u>LETTERS OF ASSIGNMENT REQUIRED.</u> The sales officer will designate the cash collection agent in writing. The letter of assignment will include duties and limitations, effective date and person relieved, if any. The letter of assignment will be maintained in the Correspondence File (WF 3) as long as the person is assigned to the position and filed in the retained returns when that person is relieved.
- 5. <u>LETTERS OF ASSIGNMENT NOT REQUIRED.</u> Individuals may be assigned to the following positions of responsibility without a letter of assignment if either they can show progress in completing or upon successful completion of Job Qualification Requirements (JQR) and documentation in either the division officer's notebook or service record.
 - a. ROM User/Records keeper
 - b. Retail Activity Operator
 - c. Vending/ Phone Card Vending Machine
 - d. Shipboard Barber
 - e. Laundry Operator
 - f. Supervisor/Manager
 - g. Bulk Storeroom Custodian
 - h. Receipt Inspector
- 6. <u>Customer Service Manager.</u> The Sales Officer may designate a person as the S-3 Customer Service Manager. Their duties may include but are not limited to the following:
 - a. Provide approval for refunds for the Sales Officer.
 - b. Conduct price overrides on approval by the Sales Officer

- c. Assistance in providing change to the cashiers
- d. Adjust the receipt threshold amount at the cash register as required by the Sales Officer
- e. Handling customer complaints for service and retail outlets for the Sales Officer
- f. Monitor Vending operations
- g. Monitor and maintain the Ships Laundry Claim program
- h. Ensure hours of operation and policy signs are posted and followed.

More than one manager may be assigned on a large platform. The name and workspace location and telephone number of these managers should be posted in all customer contact points so customers know whom to contact when they have a problem. No letter of assignment is required.

1008 RETENTION OF RESPONSIBILITIES

Assignment of a subordinate to a job in no way relieves the supply officer or sales officer of their responsibility for the proper performance of the responsibilities assigned to a subordinate. The supply officer and sales officer are directly responsible to the commanding officer for exercising fitting and proper supervisory and advisory controls over all ship's store functions

1009 ABSENCE OR INCAPACITY OF AN ACCOUNTABLE PERSON

1. ACTION BY THE COMMANDING OFFICER

- a. When it is necessary to relieve such an accountable person for any cause, the Supply officer with approval of the Commanding Officer will take possession of the safe and the official keys of the relieved person, place a seal on the safe, and ensure the security of the funds, property, and spaces involved.
- <u>b.</u> Appoint an inventory team of not less than two persons to take an inventory of the, funds, ROM backup media and inventory on hand.
- c. Notify the TYPE COMMANDER and request a relief person.

2. ACTION BY THE INVENTORY BOARD

a. GENERAL. When an inventory team is appointed as per paragraph 1009-1b(2), they will take an inventory of the public funds and property for which the incapacitated person is accountable.

- b. _Public Funds. A complete inventory will be taken of all public funds for which the incapacitated person is accountable, including funds in cash registers. If the safe of the incapacitated accountable person is closed and locked and the combination in not available, the safe will be sealed by the inventory board and the pertinent facts reported to the TYPE Commander. The TYPE Commander will decide whether the safe will be forced open by whatever means are available or remain sealed and the contents not inventoried until a qualified locksmith is available.
- c. ROM Backup Media. The inventory board will take custody of the ROM backup media on hand and perform new backups from the ROM system as soon as possible.
- 3. <u>ACTION TAKEN BY THE NEW SALES OFFICER.</u> The new Sales Officer will assume custody of the public funds and public property held by the previous accountable person upon receipt of the original inventory and ROM backup media. The individual will operate and render returns under the same regulations and procedures as the previous accountable person.
- 4. RETURNS OF AN INCAPACITATED ACCOUNTABLE PERSON. The rights of the incapacitated accountable person and the custodian, acting accountable person, or relief will be fully protected so that in the event of differences discovered later, the accountability may be determined. The acting accountable officer or relief will take action necessary to, to close the accounts, and to maintain custody of the same and will settle the accounts and render the final returns of the incapacitated accountable person. Documents in connection with the settlement and administration of accounts of an incapacitated accountable person will be signed as follows:

(Name of incapacitated accountable person)	
By	

5. <u>RETURNS OF AN ACTING ACCOUNTABLE PERSON.</u> The new accountable person will be responsible for rendering reports and returns.

PART B – ADMINISTRATION

1100 AUTHORIZATION FOR ESTABLISHMENT

ON COMMISSIONED SHIPS. A ship's store, consisting of sales outlets and service activities, will be operated on all ships in commission (except submarines) to which a supply corps officer is attached. Before establishment of a ship's store, the commanding officer will report by letter the date the ship store will commence operations to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). A copy of this letter will also be forwarded to the TYCOM and:

Defense Finance and Accounting Service Attn: Accounts Payable-Ships Stores Room 2799 1240 E. 9th St Cleveland. OH 44199

2. ON PRE-COMMISSIONED SHIPS

- a. General. A ship's store may be established before a ship is commissioned provided the prospective supply officer has reported for duty. A prospective commanding officer desiring to establish a ship's store should submit a letter request to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) via the TYCOM to request establishment of a ship's store and to request implementation of ROM II. A copy of this letter should be forwarded to the Director Defense Finance and Accounting Service.
- b. Stock. Items to be stocked on pre-commissioned ships will be limited to authorized emblematic items as per paragraph 3100-3104. The quantity of emblematic items stocked will not exceed 15% of current on hand inventory. The security requirements for Group III spaces in paragraph 1201 will be followed.
- c. Cash Handling._Sales will be made for cash, check or Navy Cash™ purchase only. Electronic Point-of-Sales (EPOS) registers will be used. If EPOS registers are not available, the ship should contact the NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) for guidance.
- d. Records. All required records will be maintained. Returns will be submitted at the end of the accounting period.
- 3. <u>SHIP'S STORE ASHORE.</u> When a naval unit (such as a mobile construction battalion, fleet hospital or isolated location) to which a supply corps officer is attached is deployed or located OUTCONUS, a ship's store may be established under the procedures and instructions in this publication. The report of establishment will be made in accordance with paragraph 1100-1. Ship's stores may also be established ashore at remote locations to provide quality of life services.

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4. <u>DISESTABLISHMENT OF SHIP'S STORES.</u> Report of disestablishment of a ship's store will be made as per paragraph 9600.

1101 AUTHORIZED AND UNAUTHORIZED ACTIVITES

- 1. <u>AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.</u> When a ship's store has been established, the commanding officer may authorize the operation of any or all of the following:
 - a. Sales outlets
 - (1) Retail Store(s)
 - (2) Coffee Bar
 - (3) Vending Machine(s)
 - (4) Phone Card Vending Machine(s)
 - b. Service activities
 - (1) Barbershop(s)
 - (2) Laundry
 - c. Ship's store Concession Programs Authorized in paragraph 3211-1.

2. <u>UNAUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES</u>

- a. General. The ship's store is the sole authorized sales outlet and service activity. No sales outlet or service activity operated outside the ship store is permitted, except for authorized Navy Exchange sponsored activities.
- b. Concessions. A concession arrangement is one whereby vendors are permitted to sell directly to crewmembers in return for remitting a percentage of the profit to the Navy. Ships will not enter directly into concession agreements with vendors, nor will vendors be permitted to invoice products through the ship's store. Only Navy Exchange sponsored concessionaires are permitted on board ships.
- c. Sale for Account of Individuals. Officer, enlisted and civilian personnel in the naval service are not permitted to sell articles in or through the ship store. Such sales for the account or profit of any individual (or for the account or profit of any person in the Navy) are prohibited. Personnel are not permitted any personal interest in ship's store purchases, sales or services.
- d. Payment of Extra Compensation to Service Activity Personnel. Service activity personnel will not be paid or accept extra compensation (such as tips, gifts or money) for their work.

1102 REQUEST FOR DEVIATIONS AND MODIFICATION

- Deviations. A commanding officer that desires deviations from the operating procedures prescribed in this publication will provide complete justification for the deviations desired. A letter request will be submitted to the NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) via the TYCOM. Deviations or modifications to ROM software are prohibited. Units requesting modifications to ROM software will submit a program change request to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) via the TYCOM.
- 2. <u>Modifications.</u> If additional space, equipment or improvements to facilities are desired, the procedures in paragraphs 4400 4402 will be followed.

1103 FUNCTIONS OF THE NAVY WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The Navy Working Capital Fund (NWCF) finances the original procurement of all ship's store stock, operating supplies and minor equipment and is identified as appropriation 97X4930.NC1A. NWCF is ultimately credited with the cost price of sales, issues and survey of stock. NWCF is self-replenishing. After ship store stock has been procured, it becomes part of the Navy Stock Account and is designated by functional account 51000. Ship's store stock remains in the Navy Stock Account until sold, issued or surveyed, at which time NWCF is credited for the cost price of the material. Ship's store stock held in the Navy Stock Account is government property until sold or otherwise expended.

1104 LENGTH OF SERVICE RECOGNITION

Certificates of Appreciation are available for all Ships Servicemen for 5, 10, 15 and 20 years of service in Ships Stores. Request forms are available on the Sales and Service Resource CD.

1105 SUPPLY DEPARTMENT INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. <u>REQUIREMENTS.</u> Supply department instructions will be prepared under the guidelines furnished in Shipboard Procedures (NWP-50) and the requirements of the appropriate TYCOM.
- 2. <u>POSTING.</u> Copies of instructions or plastic laminate placard prescribing sanitary regulations, safety precautions, equipment operating instructions and emergency entry procedures will be prominently posted so they may be readily seen. Instructions covering other subjects will be prepared as considered necessary by the supply officer. It is not necessary to duplicate detailed procedures in this publication in supply department instructions.

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1106 PUBLICATIONS, FORMS, LOGS AND FILES

- 1. General. Publications, forms, log and files will be maintained as outlined in subparagraphs 2 6. Ship's store records, logs and returns from the previous fiscal year should be removed from file cabinets and placed in well marked containers citing the fiscal year involved and stored in a suitable location onboard for easy access if the need arises. Ship's store returns and supporting documents and ROM backup media will be retained for a period of two years. The records may be held either onboard or stored at a secure location designed by TYCOM. After two years, they will be disposed of locally.
- 2. <u>Publications.</u> The following is a list of publications used in the operation of the ship's store:

NAVSUP Publications

10.11001 1 00.110010	
Title	Source
487 – Ship's store Afloat	Resource CD
4998 – Consolidated Afloat Requisitioning Guide	Resource CD
Overseas (CARGO)	

NEXCOM Publications

(All are supplied by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) and provided on the Sales & Service Resource CD)

Title

81 - Merchandising and Stocking Guide for Ship's stores

90-33 – Ship Store Visual Merchandising Guide

ACB - Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin

ASL - Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing

ROM Users Guide

DOD FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT REG

Title	Source
Disbursing Policy and Procedures Vol. 5	DOD 7000.14-R Resource CD

NAVEDTRA Publications

Title	Source

Ships Serviceman Training Manual NAVEDTRA 14314A Resource CD & NKO

3. Forms.

NAVSUP Forms

Title	Source
233 – Ship's store Laundry List	Resource CD
469 – Cash Register Record	Resource CD
470 – Cash Receipt Record	Resource CD

DD Forms

Title	Source
504 - Request and Receipt for Health and	Resource CD
Comfort Supplies	
1348-1A – Issue Release/ Receipt Document	Resource CD

Standard Form

Title	Source
1034 – Public Voucher for Purchases and	Resource CD
Services other Than Personal	
30 – Amendments of Solicitation/Modification of	Resource CD
Contract	

Local Forms

Title	Reference
Barbershop Appointment Record	paragraph 2401
Claim for Loss or Damaged of Personal Clothing	paragraph 8202
Unsatisfactory Contract Performance Report	paragraph 4202

4. <u>Logs.</u> The following logs will be maintained and, where practical, more than one log may be included in one record book.

Logs

Title	Reference
Car Seal Number Log	paragraph 1204
Heat Stress Log	paragraph 2417
Laundry Bulk Work Log	paragraph 2412
Laundry Equipment Maintenance Log	paragraph 2412
Laundry Press Deck Log	paragraph 2412
Purchase Order Log	paragraph 4001
Requisition Log	paragraph 4001

- 5. <u>Ship's store Afloat (SSA) Files.</u> SSA Files are divided into two sets of files:
 - Accountable Officer (AO) Files: The sales officer will maintain these files, which are used to send documents to DFAS or for the end of accounting period returns. The files will contain:
 - (1) The NAVCOMPT Form 153 files and associated documents as outlined in subparagraph c.
 - (2) The ROM Operator Security Listing as per paragraph 1206-2
 - Records Keeper (RK) Files: The records keeper will maintain these files, which are used throughout the accounting period and for the retained returns.
 - (1) The NAVCOMPT Form 153 files and associated documents are outlined in subparagraph c.
 - (2) Working Files:
 - (a) WF 1 Receipt Inspector File One copy of each outstanding purchase order and requisition used in the receipt of material. After completion of receipt, this copy is filed in B01 (RK) File.
 - (b) WF 2 Bulk Custodian File One copy of each outstanding purchase order and requisition used in the receipt of material by the bulk storeroom custodian. After completion of receipt, this copy is filed in B01 (RK) File.
 - (c) WF 3 Correspondence File Letter of assignment from the sales officer to the cash collection agent, copies of monthly/quarterly sanitation reports, copy of monthly/quarterly unmatched expenditure reports, copies of Unsatisfactory Performance Reports, copies of Memorandum of Agreement for leased vending machines and copies of correspondence from military and commercial activities. Correspondence letters will be removed when action noted in letter has been completed.
 - (d) WF 4 Credit Memorandum and Cash Refund/Bulk Sale File Copy of each DD Form 1149, and correspondence, which has not been liquidated.
 - (3) Retained Returns File:

- (a) RR 1 Original of NAVSUP Form 973 attached with confirmed NAVSUP Form 973.
- (b) RR 2 CO's Monthly Management Report
- (c) Form 153 Files: Refer to appendix B for filing chart.

6. Required Recording Method.

- a. Manual Logs and Forms. All entries made in ship's store logs and/or forms not produced by ROM will be made in ink. Erasures are prohibited. Errors will be ruled out, corrections made, and initials placed after each correction by the responsible person and the sales officer.
- b. ROM Records. A ROM generated NAVCOMPT 153 reflects the transactions entered by the user. Only personnel designated by the sales officer will enter data into ROM or make corrections to data. No handwritten corrections or "line outs" are permitted on the NAVCOMPT Form 153 submitted to DFAS that would change the amount shown on Line C23. This is because any incorrect information must be changed within ROM to properly account for the changes and to allow the correct data to carry forward into the new accounting period. DFAS as the reconciliation activity will make the final decision on changes to the submitted form. At no time will ships correct and re-submit returns to DFAS. Any mistakes found by audit teams will be communicated to DFAS, who will provide instructions to the ship on how to correct the error.

1107 RESALE OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT (ROM) SYSTEM POLICY

- General. The ROM data processing system is designed to assist ship's store personnel in the ordering, management and control of ship's store inventory, and in the production of reports and returns. ROM is compatible with existing policies and procedures.
- User Aids. The ROM User's Guide provides detailed information on how to operate ROM. This publication may be obtained free from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program).
- 3. <u>Files.</u> ROM may not produce all forms and documents used to document transactions or accountability. Accordingly either pre-printed forms or ROM forms may be placed in ship's store files.
- 4. <u>Procedures In Case of System Failure.</u> Detailed procedures to follow in case of ROM system failure are identified in Appendix F.
- 5. Backup and Compact Procedures.
 - a. Daily Backups. Daily Backup is the process of saving ship accounting period data to an external media. The Sales Officer will ensure backups are performed at least daily. A Daily Backup should be

conducted at the end of the accounting period, prior to system closeout and then filed in the retained returns.

b. COMPACT. Compact is the process of "cleaning up" accounting period data within the database to allow for efficient operation of the program. The sales officer will ensure compacts are being performed at both the back office and POS computer(s) on a daily basis. Failure to conduct daily compacts can result in data corruption or data loss.

PART C - SECURITY

1200 GENERAL

There are two security groupings assigned to the ship's store, Group III and Group IV. Group III spaces are sales outlets and bulk storerooms. Group IV spaces are service activities.

1201 GROUP III SPACES

- 1. <u>General.</u> Group III spaces consist of bulk storerooms, backup storerooms and sales outlets. Sales outlets include retail stores, coffee bars, vending machines, and phone card machines.
- 2. Retail store and storeroom Security.
 - a. Combination Padlocks. Keyless combination padlocks (stock number 5340-00-285-6523) will be used to secure all retail stores and storerooms. Each keyless combination padlock will have a "setting-in key" and instructions for setting the combination. Each combination will be in a separate envelope with the name of the space annotated on the outside. The designated primary custodian of the space will:
 - (1) Set a combination in the lock (combinations should be selected at random; popular dates will not be used.)
 - (2) Record the combination on a piece of paper
 - (3) Place the paper, changing instructions and the "setting-in key" in an opaque envelope
 - (4) Seal the envelope
 - (5) Sign name and date over the flap of the envelope in the presence of the sales officer. The responsible custodian will not record the combination anywhere other than on the paper turned in to the sales officer. Also, the custodian will not disclose the combination to any person. The sales officer will:
 - (a) Receive the sealed envelope
 - (b) Sign name and date over the flap in the presence of the custodian
 - (c) Affix transparent tape over the flap
 - (d) Retain the sealed envelope in the sales officer's safe

Combinations to keyless combination padlocks will be changed every six months and/or upon relief of the sales officer and/or the responsible custodian.

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- b. High Security Key Padlocks. Sales Officers have the option to use commercial high security key padlocks in place of combination padlock listed in 1201-2(a). Ships will comply with TYCOM written guidance on key control procedures. If key padlocks are used, the duplicate key is secured as follows:
 - (1) place in a sealed envelope
 - (2) envelope is signed and dated on the flap by the sales officer and responsible custodian and tape affixed over the flap
 - (3) envelope is placed in sales officer's safe

High security key padlocks will be changed whenever the sales officer deems that proper key control procedures have been compromised.

- c. Dead Bolt Door Locks. In addition to a padlock, a dead bolt door lock will be installed on all doors leading into Group III spaces. Where this is impractical, a high security key padlock with shrouded shackle will be installed. The duplicate key for the deadbolt/high security padlock will be secured as per 1201-2b.
- c. Hinges and Hasps. High security hasps will be installed on doors to Group III spaces. Additionally, hinges should be installed so that the hinge pin is not exposed. Hinge pins that are exposed should be tackwelded to preclude removal. The ships engineering requirements should be considered to ensure PMS requirements do not preclude tack welding hinge pins on watertight entries.
- 3. <u>SECURITY OF GROUP III SPACES WITH MORE THAN ONE OPERATOR</u> OTHER THAN VENDING MACHINES AND AMUSEMENT MACHINES.
 - a. General. When more than one operator is responsible for a retail outlet or bulk storeroom, the working key for the deadbolt/high security padlock will be kept in the custody of the sales officer or a designated individual other than the operators. Operators will have the combination to the padlock. If a high security key padlock is used in place of a combination lock (1201-2b) the key to the padlock will be maintained in the custody of the of the custodian operating that day/shift. The duplicate key will be secured the same as listed in 1201-2b. Additionally, the use of numbered car seals is mandatory when using multiple operators as outlined in paragraph 1204.
 - b. Daily Procedures.
 - (1) In order to open the accountable space, the sales officer or designated individual will open the deadbolt/high security padlock. The operator designated to operate the outlet that day/shift will open the combination or high security key padlock.

Both individuals will check the numbered car seal to ensure no unauthorized entry has taken place. In the event of an unauthorized entry, the procedures outlined in paragraph 1205 will be followed. During the day, more than one operator may be assigned; however, there must be contact relief between operators so that security of the space can be maintained. If a space with multiple operators must be closed due to ship's emergency or during normal operating hours, the padlock and a car seal must be attached to prevent unauthorized entry.

- (2) At the end of the day, the sales officer or designated individual will be present when the outlet is closed.
 - (a) The operator will secure the combination or high security key padlock
 - (b) The sales officer/designated individual will secure the deadbolt lock /high security padlock
 - (c) Together, these two individuals will record the numbered car seal and ensure it is properly secured
 - (d) After working hours, the working key to the deadbolt/high security lock will be placed in the sales officer's safe or turned over to the duty supply officer for safekeeping
 - (e) When a retail outlet is open on weekends, holidays or other than normal working hours, the working key to the deadbolt/high security lock will be maintained by the duty supply officer and the procedures outlined in subparagraph b (1) and (2) will be followed.

4. VENDING MACHINE SECURITY

- <u>a.</u> When Operating With Navy Cash. No additional locks other than those provided by the machine manufacturer are required.
- <u>b.</u> When Not Operating With Navy Cash. Security of the machines will be in accordance with guidance provided by the respective Type Commander
- 5. Phone Card Machine Security will be in accordance with guidance provided by the respective Type Commander.

1202 EMERGENCY ENTRY INTO GROUP III SPACES.

ENTRY BY THE SALES OFFICER. In the absence of the responsible sales outlet operator or bulk storeroom custodian, emergency entry into Group III spaces may be made by the sales officer. Emergency entry will be made in the presence of two witnesses, one of whom should be a commissioned officer. The sales officer will remove the combination and/or keys from the

sealed envelopes and enter the space. The two witnesses will not leave the Group III space unattended while it is unlocked. When access is no longer necessary, the space will be secured by replacing the lock and sealing the space with a numbered car seal in the presence of two persons witnessing the entry. The car seal number will be recorded in the Car Seal Number Log and initialed by the two witnesses. The car seal will be removed by the responsible custodian upon return in the presence of the sales officer. The custodian will then be required to change the combination as described in paragraph 1201-2a. Prior to changing the combination, the responsible custodian may, if desired, conduct an inventory of the space.

2. ENTRY BY THE COMMAND DUTY OFFICER. When the urgency of the emergency dictates and when both the responsible custodian and the sales officer are absent the command duty officer may authorize entry into the space. Emergency entry will be made in the presence of at least two witnesses one of whom should be a commissioned officer. Damage control cutters or burners will provide the easiest and quickest entry. The two witnesses will not leave the Group III space unattended while it is unlocked. The command duty officer will secure the space with a lock and a numbered car seal in the presence of the two persons witnessing the entry. The car seal number will be recorded by the command duty officer and initialed by the two witnesses. The recorded car seal number will be given to the sales officer upon return.

1203 GROUP IV SPACES

Group IV spaces consist of service activities, including barbershops and the laundry. No cash sales or transactions are made through service activities. If retail items intended for cash sale are stored in a service activity, the space will be considered a Group III space. An original key different from the key to any other space will open each Group IV space lock. The original key will be in possession of the person in charge of the space during working hours. After working hours, the key will be turned over to the duty supply officer to be placed in a general key locker in the supply office. Duplicate keys to individual spaces will be kept in a special duplicate key locker in the supply office, or in the supply officer's safe. If a lockset is used, the original master key (which passes all locks for Group IV) will be retained in the custody of the sales officer. The duplicate master key will be kept in a special duplicate key locker in the supply office, or in the supply officer's safe.

1204 CAR SEALS

The use of car seals to alert the sales officer of possible unauthorized entry into sales outlets and bulk storerooms is recommended for all stores; but their use is mandatory for outlets with more than one operator. Numbered self-locking metal car seals (stock number 5340-00-081-3381) should be placed on all external locks when a space is secured for the day. The sales officer or designated assistant will record the car seal number and together with the responsible custodian place the car seal on the space when securing for the day as outlined in paragraph 1201-3. The embossed number of each car seal will be recorded in ink in the Car Seal Number Log each time a new

seal is installed. Before breaking an installed car seal, the number will be checked to ensure it bears the number recorded upon installation.

1205 THEFT OR FRAUD

- 1. <u>Break-In.</u> In the event of a break-in to a Group III space, the following steps will be taken:
 - a. Secure the space involved and place a car seal on the space where the incident occurred.
 - b. Report the incident to the commanding officer who shall direct an informal examination into the circumstances. The examination will include:
 - (1) Inventory the accountable space
 - (2) Determination of the dollar value of the loss based on the inventory and profitability reports
 - c. If the informal examination indicates no loss occurred, no further action is necessary and the ship's store space may be reopened.
 - d. If the informal examination determines that a loss has occurred the commanding officer will:
 - (1) Relieve the accountable officer or his/her agent when examination indicates culpability. Take action in accordance with paragraph 1205-3.
 - (2) Request assistance from the local Naval Criminal Investigative Service (NCIS) office for losses in excess of \$3,000.00.
 - (3) Take disciplinary action in accordance with UCMJ, if appropriate.
 - (4) Complete the inventory and reestablish accountability
 - (5) Reopen applicable records. In the event of relief of the accountable officer, records will be closed out and the relieved officer will submit returns.
 - (6) Commanding officer will report findings and action taken by letter to the TYCOM. Message reports are not required by NAVSUP. Submit any additional reports required by TYCOMs.
- 2. <u>Theft.</u> If a break-in has not occurred and a loss due to apparent theft is suspected take action identified in paragraph 1205-1.
- 3. <u>Fraud.</u> Fraud in a ship's store operation may only be committed by the accountable officer, his agent or any other personnel responsible for ship's

store cash, merchandise or records. The term "fraud" applies to any theft of funds or merchandise or manipulation of records by an accountable officer or responsible individual in the ship's store operation. Fraud or suspected fraud in the ship's store operation regardless of money value will be immediately reported to the commanding officer who shall direct an informal examination into the circumstances by a person other than the accountable officer or his agent. The examination will include:

- a. Secure the space involved and place a car seal on the space
- b. Secure all ROM backup media and cease all transactions in ROM
- c. Inventory and closeout the entire ship's store operation
- Determine the dollar value of the loss based on the inventory and profitability reports. If the informal examination indicates no fraud occurred, no further action is necessary and the ship's store operation may be reopened for business
- e. If the informal examination determines that fraud has occurred, regardless of dollar value, the commanding officer will:
 - (1) Relieve the accountable officer or agent when the examination indicates culpability resulting from fraud
 - (2) Request assistance from the local NCIS office
 - (3) Establish a formal fact finding body in accordance with the JAG Manual, Chapter 2.
- f. When inventory is complete and accountability reestablished:
 - (1) Reopen applicable records. In the event of relief of the accountable officer, records will be closed out and the relieved officer will submit returns
 - (2) Reopen spaces for business
 - (3) The commanding officer will report findings and action taken by letter to the TYCOM. A copy of the letter will be provided to fleet commander, NAVSUP, DFAS, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), and Navy Supply Corps School, Newport. Message reports not required. Submit any additional reports required by TYCOM.
- 4. <u>DOD FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT REGULATION, CHAPTER 6.</u> Provides procedures to be followed for losses of cash. Message reports are not required.

1206 ROM SYSTEM SECURITY

1. <u>General.</u> The information generated and processed by ROM requires appropriate security levels to ensure that unauthorized access to the resale records is not obtained. These levels are necessary to protect funds, information, inventories and supplies from fraud, misuse, or misappropriation.

2. Responsibility.

- a. Operating System (Windows XP). For security and accountability purposes, operating system administration tasks are accomplished by the ships IT division.
- b. ROM II Application. System Administrative tasks will be accomplished by the Sales Officer. Before a new user can gain access to ROM, appropriate user's ID's must be input by the sales officer and each user will input their own passwords. The ROM Operator Security Listing will be placed in the (AO) File. The sales officer will review the list monthly to ensure that ROM system security is intact.
- 3. <u>Classified Material.</u> ROM is an unclassified system and is not intended to store any data that is classified. Because ROM II is an unclassified system, it is required that all ROM II monitors and computers have a green sticker attached that says "Unclassified.
- 4. <u>For Official Use Only (FOUO).</u> Even though ROM II does not produce or maintain any classified information, some documents or reports from ROM II could be considered as "sensitive". It is a Department of Defense requirement that all sensitive documents and media be marked as "For Official Use Only" or "FOUO" as an abbreviation. Ships may mark documents by stamp, sticker or hand written at the top or bottom of each page.
- 5. <u>Password Security.</u> The ROM II default password must be changed. In order to reduce the likelihood of an individual's passwords being guessed by another individual, it is necessary to use passwords that are as "strong" as possible. Passwords must be updated to meet the following minimum requirements.
 - a. Length: For Windows XP 14 digits long; ROM II 7 digits long
 - b. Contain at least one capital letter
 - c. Contain at least one small letter
 - d. Contain at least one number
 - e. Contain at least one special character from the following: (!@#\$%^&*()1234%^&*

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CHAPTER 2 – GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURES

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

2000 AUTHORIZED CUSTOMERS

- 1. GENERAL. The following are authorized customers of the ship's store:
 - a. Officers and enlisted personnel on board for duty as ship's company
 - Officers and enlisted personnel on board either for active duty for training or for passage en route to duty, including members of the Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Army or Air Force
 - Official passengers including National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Public Health Service and U.S. Foreign Service personnel en route to duty
 - d. Accredited United States technicians (military or civilian) who are actually embarked or assigned on board in an official capacity
 - e. Active duty members of the Armed Forces, and those personnel listed in items c and d, which are not actually on board, when located in a remote area where an Armed Forces exchange is not available

Insignia items for Navy uniforms will not be sold to customers who are not authorized to wear the items on their uniforms. The sale of emblematic items is authorized to the general public when approved by the commanding officer during shipboard tours or other official functions.

- 2. <u>SERVICE TYPE SHIPS.</u> On service type ships (such as AS type), ship store stock is authorized for sale to officers and enlisted personnel other than ship's company when they are attached to those ships receiving support.
- 3. <u>ITEMS PURCHASED BY CUSTOMER.</u> Items purchased from the ship store by customers will be for their personal use or their dependents' use and will not be resold or exchanged in barter with any other person. Ship's store purchases may be made for outright gifts to other persons.
- 4. <u>SURVIVORS OF MARINE AND AIRCRAFT DISASTER.</u> Ship's store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to the survivors of marine and aircraft disasters, if the survivors have personal funds available. If a survivor is without personal funds, emergency issues of ship store stock may be made as per paragraph 7408-2.

5. OTHER MILITARY ACTIVITIES

- a. Sales
 - (1) Sales of ship store stock may be made to:

- (a) Ships not operating a ship store
- (b) Armed Forces Exchanges
- (2) Sales of ship's store stock and non-distinctive clothing items may be made to:
 - (a) Military Sealift Command branch exchanges
 - (b) Private messes
 - (c) The commanding officer for recreational purposes
 - (d) Other duly constituted messes which have been authorized by the commanding officer and whose monthly records are audited.
- (3) Sales will be made at the prices set under paragraph 2102-1.
- b. Transfers. Transfers of ship store stock may be made to other supply officers' including:
 - (1) Other ship store officers
 - (2) General messes
 - (3) General stores
- 6. OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS. Upon approval of the commanding officer, ship store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to representatives of official United States Government Organizations at isolated activities outside the United States when the stock items cannot be conveniently obtained elsewhere. The normal operations of the ship's store will not be impaired by these sales.

7. FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

- a. Personnel of Foreign Ships in Distress. Ship store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to personnel of foreign ships, which are in distress. The commanding officer of the foreign ship will submit a request, listing the items and quantities desired. The request must be approved by the commanding officer of the ship making the sale. Only those quantities of stock that can be spared will be furnished.
- b. Personnel of Foreign Ships Visiting United States Ports. Ship's store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to military personnel attached to foreign ships visiting United States ports in connection with the following:

- (1) Participation in exercise with United States fleets
- (2) Research, development and evaluation programs
- (3) Ship's outfitting in conjunction with transfer programs to foreign countries
- (4) Scheduled conversion, overhaul, or repairs in United States ports.

The commanding officer of the foreign ship will submit a request listing the items and quantities desired. The request must be approved by the commanding officer of the ship making the sale. Quantities sold will be in agreement with the crew size of the foreign ship. Only those quantities of stock that can be spared will be furnished.

8. <u>MERCHANT SHIPS.</u> Ship's store stock and non-distinctive clothing items may be sold for cash to merchant ships in distress or in need of supplies when normal sources do not exist. The master of the ship will submit a request for sale listing the items and quantities desired. The request must be approved by the commanding officer of the ship making the sale. Only those quantities of stock that can be spared will be furnished.

2001 HOURS OF OPERATIONS

Sales outlets and service activities will be open during hours as may be prescribed by the commanding officer. The hours of operation will be prominently posted. (See Standards of Customer Service, Appendix C.)

2002 DISPLAY OF MERCHANDISE

Despite limited facilities in many retail stores, consideration should be given to merchandise displays. A well-run retail store will display, in full view of customers, a clean, neat and orderly selection of most of the items carried. Popular and fast moving items may be kept in the proximity of the sales outlet operator for easy access. Merchandise display information is given in the Ship's store Visual Merchandising Guide (NEXCOM Pub 90-33). (See Standards of Customer Service, Appendix C.)

2003 VISUAL MERCHANDISING SUPPORT SERVICES

Ships requiring visual merchandising support services should contact NEXCOM Ships Store Program for assistance.

2004 DISPLAY AIDS

Display aids available for visual merchandising are contained in the Ship's store Visual Merchandising Guide (NEXCOM Pub 90-33). The cost of display aids will be charged to the individual ships' profits. To procure display aids, notify NEXCOM

(Ship's Store Program) who will procure the items for the ship. The purchase will be accounted for as per paragraph 4222.

2005 POSTING SIGNS

Signs providing valuable information to the customer on such things as harmful effects of cigarette smoking and government regulations will be posted where customers can see them.

2006 SHIP'S STORE MANAGEMENT

The sales officer will review the operation of the ship store on a frequent basis to ensure it is operating in an efficient manner. ROM produces a variety of management reports and audit guides (see ROM User's Guide) designed to assist the sales officer in managing the operation.

PART B - PRICING POLICIES

2100 ESTABLISHING RETAIL PRICES (MARKUPS)

- 1. GENERAL. Ensuring the retail prices for items in the sales outlets are consistent with the guidelines stated in this manual is the responsibility of the sales officer. Retail prices for ship store stock will be set by markups over cost price. ROM has the capability to automatically compute the markup for ship store items based on the cost price and retail department assigned. Except for mandatory priced items, the sales officer may override ROM system markup by entering the desired selling price. Markup applied should be sufficient to:
 - a. Cover markdowns and surveys
 - b. Cover the cost of operations
 - c. Cover other operating expenses such as shipping charges
 - d. Meet the requirements of the commanding officer for profits to be turned over to the recreation fund.
- 2. <u>STOCK ITEMS (EXCLUDING CIGARETTES).</u> Stock items will have a markup of either 6% or 15% depending on the retail department assigned.
 - a. A mandatory 6% markup will be applied to the following department:
 - (1) Toiletries (Department D-1, Stock # series 110000)
 - (2) Sundries (Department D-3, Stock # series 120000)
 - (3) Uniforms (Department E-1, Stock # series 530000)

ROM will automatically compute the 6% markup when merchandise is assigned to these departments.

- b. Other Retail Department Stock Items.
 - (1) ROM will automatically compute a 15% markup on all other retail departments for items sold in the retail store. The 15% is recommended and ships may price merchandise to achieve a different gross margin if desired.
 - (2) For tobacco products. Navy policy requires cigarette/tobacco prices to be consistent in sales outlets afloat and ashore. Therefore, cigarette/tobacco materials must be priced in accordance with current price bulletin published by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). The sales officer will manually override the ROM system with the approved prices.

- Stock Items with Transportation Charges. ROM does not include transportation charges in automatically computing selling prices.
 These charges will show as cost of operations charges. The sales officer may adjust retail prices to offset the transportation cost.
- 3. <u>FOREIGN MERCHANDISE</u>. Application of a 15% markup is recommended to determine individual selling prices
- 4. <u>DRINK VENDING MACHINES.</u> Canned drinks sold through a vending machine have a suggested minimum 35% markup but shall have no greater than a 55% markup applied.

2101 PRICE ADJUSTMENT

- GENERAL. ROM will compute the average cost price of all items by averaging the cost of on hand items with the cost of new items to determine the new average cost. The average cost and retail prices on the stock record card will be computed automatically.
- MARK-ONS. A mark-on is an increase in a previously established retail price
 of an item of merchandise. When approved by the sales officer the new retail
 price will be changed on the stock record card. The mark-on takes effect at
 EPOS outlets on all subsequent till assignments and at Non-EPOS outlets on
 all subsequent breakouts. Price change procedures are outlined in paragraph
 7604.
- 3. <u>MARKDOWNS.</u> A markdown is a reduction in a previously established retail price of an item of merchandise. When approved by the sales officer the new retail price will be changed on the stock record card. The markdown takes effect at EPOS outlets on all subsequent till assignments and at Non-EPOS outlets on all subsequent breakouts. Markdown procedures are outlined in paragraph 7604.

2102 PRICES TO OTHER MILITARY ACTIVITIES

1. NONEXCESS SALEABLE STOCK

- a. Stock Sold at Cost Price. Items of ship's store stock will be sold at cost price to the following military activities:
 - (1) Armed Forces Exchanges
 - (2) Military Sealift Command Branch Exchanges
 - (3) Ships not operating a ship store, when the transferring ship does not provide a composite recreation fund (in other words, the requesting ship does not receive a share of the profits from another ship's store (Composite Recreation Fund)).
- b. Stock Sold at Retail Price. Items of ship's store stock will be sold at retail price to the following military activities:

- (1) The commanding officer for recreation purposes
- (2) Sales to a ship not operating a ship store, when the transferring ship provides a composite recreation fund (in other words, the requesting ship shares in the profits of a supporting ship store, for example, SSNs supported by an AS).
- (3) Merchant ships and foreign governments
- c. Stock Transferred at Cost Price. Items of ship's store stock will be transferred at cost price to other supply officers, including:
 - (1) Other sales officers
 - (2) General mess
 - (3) General stores
- d. Stock sold to the Commanding Officer for Official Functions. SECNAVINST 7042.7 series. Guidelines For Use Of Official Representation Funds (ORF), provides authority for the use of ORF for the purchase of mementos for presentation to foreign dignitaries and other officials. In those circumstances when ORF are not available or are not authorized, emblematic items of ship's store stock may be sold to the commanding officer at cost when the items are to be provided as gifts or mementos for official purposes. It should be noted that SECNAVINST 7042.7 series limits gifts and mementos to command or official theme mementos/gifts including but not limited to plagues, pens, books, command/ship ball caps, and other items with an official logo that cannot be misconstrued as a personal gift. Personal gifts such as sports equipment, t-shirts, golf shirts, flight jackets, uniforms, scarves, ties, tobacco, flowers, and other items that by their nature are considered personal may not be sold from the ship's store stock under this authority. The commanding officer shall submit a written request to the sales officer listing the quantity and description of the mementos required and the identity of the recipient(s). The sales officer will process the transaction as a Bulk Sale as per paragraph 2203.
- 2. <u>EXCESS OR UNSALEABLE STOCK</u>. Items of ship's store stock that has been determined to be un-saleable or in excess in accordance with paragraph 3333 will be sold or transferred at a mutually agreed upon price.

2103 DISPLAY OF PRICES

Individual pricing of each item is not required, provided the following conditions are met:

a. Pricing. Each item of merchandise has a shelf-label with item's barcode, description and current retail price.

b. Scanning at Register. Upon receipt of material, the retail store operator will ensure each item has a UPC. For items without UPC's (such as ball caps) a barcode will be printed and attached to the individual item or placed in a price book at the register.

2104 RETAIL PRICE CHANGE

The sales officer has the authority to change the retail price. For markdowns to zero in which the items will be destroyed, the ship will use a Report of Survey (DD Form 200) charging ship's store profits. Procedures are outlined in paragraph 7100.

PART C - NAVY CASH SALES TRANSACTIONS

(Appendix G shall be used for Part C when handling cash from sales for ships without the Navy Cash System)

SECTION I - NAVY CASH SALES

2200 GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. <u>ELECTRONIC SALES.</u> Electronic cash will be accepted for sales in the ship's store for all purchases of ship's store merchandise. Navy Cash™ card sales are authorized when the K22 Card Reader Terminal is operated in conjunction with the cash register, and certified by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), ships' TYCOM and the disbursing officer. Procedures for acceptance and handling of Navy Cash™ card sales are contained in the NAVSUP Publication 727, Chapter 7.
- 2. <u>CURRENCY.</u> At the discretion of the Commanding Officer, cash may be accepted for sales in the ship's store if the Navy Cash system becomes inoperable (See Appendix G) and special evolutions (e.g. visitors, tour groups, personnel riding the ship for less than 24 hours). Cash sales should be the exception to accommodate visitors who are only going to be on the ship for a short time. Generally, members of ship's company should not be allowed to use cash onboard the ship. (Reference Navsup Pub 727 para 7.1.4)

2201 RESPONSIBILITY

- 1. <u>CASH REGISTER OPERATORS.</u> Operators will exercise care and diligence in all Navy Cash card sales transactions, and will be subject to disciplinary action for negligence or improper performance of duties. Access to cash registers will be limited to personnel approved by the sales officer. Operators are responsible for scanning the items correctly, and ensuring that the Navy Cash card transactions are processed correctly.
- 2. <u>K22 CARD READER TERMINAL.</u> All Navy Cash card transactions will be processed through the K22 at the time of the sale. Access to the K22 will be limited to personnel approved by the sales officer. The K22 provides the ship's store operator and customer a clear view of the amount of purchase, and allows both parties to verify prior to confirming of the transaction.
 - a. CONNECTED_TO CASH REGISTER. At the time of the sale, the operator will scan all items through the cash register using the hand held scanner. The total of the sale will be seen both at the cash register and on the K22. All completed transactions are forwarded automatically through the Navy Cash server to the disbursing office at the time of the sale once the transaction has been finalized. The sales officer will have the capability to generate daily reports from the ship's store office to compare with the Navy Cash reports received from disbursing. Detailed procedures dealing with the use of the K22 Card Reader Terminal connected to the cash register are contained in the NAVSUP Publication 727, Chapter 7.

- b. NOT_CONNECTED TO CASH REGISTER. At the time of sale, the operator will scan all items through the cash register, and manually enter the total amount of the sale on the K22 Card Reader Terminal. The total amount on the cash register must match the total on the K22. All completed transactions are forwarded automatically through the navy Cash server to the disbursing office at the time of the sale once the transactions have been finalized. The sales officer will have the capability to generate daily reports from the ship's store office to compare with the Navy Cash reports received from disbursing. Detailed procedures dealing with the use of the K22 Card Reader Terminal not connected to the cash register are contained in the NAVSUP Publication 727, Chapter 7.
- c. _DELIVERY OF K22 CARD READER TERMINAL. The K22 has the capability to work in an "off-line" mode in case the system is down. The sales officer or designated assistant may deliver the K22 to the disbursing officer to deposit the electronic sales recorded. The disbursing officer will upload the ship's store sales transactions into the Navy Cash server at the disbursing office once the system is back up.
- 3. <u>SALES OFFICER</u>. The sales officer is responsible and accountable to the Navy Department for official electronic funds in the officers' custody as outlined in paragraph 1007. The sales officer is not authorized to make any disbursement other than to transfer ship's store funds to a disbursing officer.

2202 CASH REGISTER

1. <u>CASH REGISTERS</u>

- a. General. All Navy Cash sales transactions in sales outlets will be processed through a cash register at the time of sale. EPOS cash registers provide customers a clear view of the amount of the purchase and an itemized receipt of items purchased. Cash registers will normally be procured with the ships' OPTAR funds. If OPTAR funds are insufficient, the sales officer may authorize the purchase using individual ship's store profits. Access to cash registers will be limited to the assigned cash register operator.
- b. Cash Register Receipt. The cash register will produce a receipt, which can be provided to the customer at time of sale. The sales officer has the authority to change the receipt threshold amount at the cash register to eliminate printing of a receipt below the threshold amount.
- c. Cash Register Keys. The ship's store operator will maintain control of the cash register key. The duplicate key will be kept in a sealed envelope in the sales officers' safe.

2203 BULK SALES

1. GENERAL. Bulk sales are made at cost price. Bulk sales are made to:

- a. Navy Exchanges
- b. Military Sealift Command Branch Exchanges
- c. Ships not operating a ship's store when the transferring ship does not provide a composite recreation fund (in other words, the requesting ship does not receive a share of the profits from another ship's store, see paragraph 2102-1).
- d. To the commanding officer for official functions (paragraph 2102-1d)

2. PROCEDURES FOR HANDLING BULK SALES

a. Bulk sales will be made using the ROM generated Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149). The issuing ship will prepare the DD Form 1149. A bulk sale occurs when a ship receives a request from one of the authorized activities listed in paragraph 1. All bulk sales will be expended from the bulk storeroom. Under no circumstances will bulk sales be processed through a retail outlet.

b. Sales Procedures:

- (1) Sales Officer The sales officer will verify the items being sold are available and approve the sale. Normally the current cost price will be the price the material is sold at, however the sales officer can increase or decrease the total reimbursement for each line item when preparing the DD Form 1149. The difference, if any, is accounted for as a cost of operations.
- (2) Records Keeper Records keeper will create the bulk sale document as per ROM User's Guide. After all information is entered into ROM, a non-confirmed copy of the DD Form 1149 will be printed and signed by the sales officer. The original and two copies will then be forwarded to the bulk storeroom custodian.
- (3) Bulk Storeroom Custodian Upon receipt of the signed DD Form 1149, the bulk storeroom custodian will obtain the merchandise directly from the bulk storeroom and deliver the merchandise to the requesting activity.
- (4) Requesting Activity Requesting activity will circle quantities received, sign all copies of the DD Form 1149, and return the original and copy to the issuing activity.
- (5) Records Keeper Upon receipt of the signed DD Form 1149, the records keeper will ensure original quantity transferred was the quantity received by requesting activity. If there are no changes to the quantities, the DD Form 1149 is filed in the Credit Memorandum & Bulk Sale/Cash Refund (WF 4) File until payment is received. If there were quantity differences, the

sales officer shall investigate and take corrective action, correct DD Form 1149 quantities and file in the WF 4 File, until payment is received.

c. Payment

- (1) At delivery: Normally payment will be required at time of delivery and the sales officer or cash collection agent will collect the amount due. Monies collected from bulk sales will not be rung through the retail store cash register. Cash collected from each bulk sale will be deposited with the disbursing officer. Once payment is received, the DD Form 1149 will be confirmed in ROM. Confirming the DD Form 1149 will post the cash value to the monthly Cash Sales Invoice, Line B12 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 and expend quantities from the stock record cards.
- (2) After delivery: If payment is not received at time of delivery, the DD Form 1149 will remain in the WF 4 File. Because the merchandise is no longer on board, any inventory of line items will show a difference between the book inventory and actual inventory. The sales officer will add the quantities shown on the bulk sale document to bulk storeroom inventories to maintain correct accountability if an inventory is taken. All efforts should be made to receive payment prior to the end of the accounting period.

d. DOCUMENTS DISTRIBUTION:

Upon receipt of payment, the DD Form 1149 will be filed as follows:

- (1) Original B12 (AO) File
- (2) Copy B12 (RK) File

2204 REFUNDS

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> All sales made in the ship's store will be final. Refunds may be made for defective merchandise.

2. PROCEDURES.

Refunds will be done at the ship's store office when crediting the customer's Navy Cash card. Navy Cash procedures contained in the NAVSUP Publication 727, Chapter 7, will be followed.

SECTION III – NAVY CASH END OF DAY INFORMATION

2220 GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. <u>RESPONSIBILITY SHIP'S STORE.</u> The sales officer is responsible for comparing the EPOS Cash Over/Short Detailed Report with the Navy Cash EOD Merchant summary report for the ship's store received from the disbursing office. All totals of Navy Cash sales will match. Once verification has been made, the sales total will be entered and posted into the ROM II back office computer by the sales officer or designated assistant.
- 2. RESPONSIBILITY VENDING MACHINES. The sales officer will ensure that all vending machine cash totalizer's / meter readings are made and compared to the Navy Cash EOD Merchant summary report when reconciling Navy Cash sales. The sales officer will read and verify meter readings per TYCOM direction. All totals will match. Once verification has been made, the sales total will be entered and posted into the ROM II back office computer by the sales officer or designated assistant.

2221 NAVY CASH END OF DAY REPORT

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. The sales officer or designated assistant will enter all Navy Cash transactions into the ROM II back office using the Navy Cash Merchant summary report. The sales officer will verify that the Navy Cash report equals the amount entered into ROM.
- <u>DIFFERENCES.</u> All differences between the Navy Cash reports and ROM II will be investigated following the procedures outlined in the NAVSUP Publication 727, Chapter 7.

SECTION IV - NAVY CASH TRANSACTIONS WITH THE DISBURSING OFFICER

2230 NAVY CASH END OF MONTH AND MONTHLY TRANSACTIONS INFORMATION

The sales officer will compare the Navy Cash monthly Merchant and End of Month shore summary reports with the ROM II reports prior to preparing the monthly cash sales invoice memorandum. Differences between the reports will be investigated following the procedures outlined in the NAVSUP Publication 727, Chapter 7. The sales officer will verify that the End of Month and Monthly transaction reports equals the amounts entered into ROM for the month.

2231 ACTION BY THE SALES OFFICER WHEN THE CASH COLLECTION AGENT COLLECTS AND DEPOSITS CASH – NOT APPLICABLE FOR NAVY CASH

2232 MEMORANDUM CASH SALES INVOICE DEPOSIT OF CASH WITH THE DISBURSING OFFICER

- WHEN PREPARED. A Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposit of Cash with the Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149) will be prepared to substantiate cash receipts from sales:
 - a. At the end of each month
 - b. Upon relief of the sales officer
 - c. Upon relief of the disbursing officer, or when cash is deposited with a different disbursing officer
- PREPARATION. ROM will print the DD Form 1149 when required.
 Procedures for generating the DD Form 1149 are outlined in the ROM User's Guide. The sales officer will compare the DD-1149 with the Navy Cash monthly Merchant and Monthly shore summary reports.
- 3. <u>DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1149.</u> The DD Form 1149 will be submitted to the disbursing officer on or before the first working day of the month. The disbursing officer will sign the certification at the bottom of the DD Form 1149. The record keeper will then distribute the DD Form 1149 as follows:
 - a. Original C02/C03/C04 (RK) File
 - b. 2 copies C02/C03/C04 (AO) File
 - c. Three copies will be returned to the disbursing officer

PART D - SALES OUTLETS

SECTION I – EPOS OPERATIONS

2300 RETAIL STORE GENERAL INFORMATION

Retail stores sell both necessity type of items required for day-to-day living and semi luxury type items. Depending on space limitations, an over-the-counter or walk-in retail store will be operated.

2301 **NAVY CASH VERIFICATION**

NAVY CASH TRANSACTIONS.

- a. Will be verified by the sales officer or designated assistant at the end of the day. The sales officer or designated assistant will compare the Navy Cash Merchant Summary report with the C02 Report (Retail Cash Collections) and the C03 Report (Drink Vending Collections).
- b. Retail store operator will conduct an End of Till Export and turn diskette over to cash collection agent.
- c. Cash collection agent will conduct an End of Till Import and then an End of Till Reconciliation in ROM. During the End of Till Reconciliation the amount shown on the Navy Cash Merchant Summary Report will be recorded into ROM.

2302 OPERATIONAL CONTROLS

All merchandise will be received into the bulk storeroom. After receipt, breakouts will be created to transfer merchandise as necessary per paragraph 6100. After breakouts are confirmed, the inventory is added to the book inventory for EPOS outlets. The book inventory is automatically adjusted during the End of Til Import process.

2303 MEASURING THE OVERAGE/SHORTAGE IN EPOS OUTLETS

- 1. GENERAL. During the End of Til Reconciliation process, the system will determine the variance (over or short) amount by subtracting the system total from the amount entered by the sales officer or designated assistant.
- 2. **DIFFERENCES** The sales officer will examine all overages and shortages of \$5.00 by reviewing the EPOS Cash Over/Short Detail Report and the Navy Cash Merchant Summary Report printed from the disbursing office. The sales officer will take appropriate action as appropriate.
- 3. SHORTAGES DUE TO THEFT, FRAUD OR OTHER DISHONEST ACT will be reported and action taken as prescribed in paragraph 1205.

2304 SANITATION

A representative of the ship's medical department will inspect retail outlets on a regular basis. Minimum sanitary requirements are covered in NAVMED Pub 5010. A copy of the inspection will be filed in WF 3 File.

SECTION II – NON-EPOS OPERATIONS

2310 NON-EPOS OUTLET GENERAL INFORMATION

1. GENERAL. Any retail outlet which does not use EPOS cash registers to sell and record sales will be set up as a Non-EPOS outlet. Examples of Non-EPOS outlets are snack vending machines, hanger bay sales, pier side sales, etc.

2. **NAVY CASH TRANSACTIONS.**

- Electronic sales. a.
 - All Navy Cash card sales at NonEPOS outlets in which cash (1) registers are used will be recorded into ROM.
 - Vending machines collection procedures are outlined in (2) paragraph 2321.
- b. It is not necessary to post Navy Cash transaction amount in ROM. Grand total amounts for Navy Cash transactions will be entered into ROM II prior to printing the Cash Sales Invoice or monthly.

2311 OPERATIONAL CONTROLS

1. General. All merchandise will be received into the bulk storeroom. After receipt, breakouts will be created to transfer merchandise as necessary per paragraph 6100. When an inventory is taken of the NON-EPOS location the difference between the total of all breakouts and the remaining items will be posted as sales for that location.

2. Retail and Cost of Sales.

- Retail Sales. The total retail sales will be that amount recorded in a. Navy Cash. It is not necessary to post Navy Cash transactions daily into ROM. Only the grand total amount of the Navy Cash transactions will be entered into ROM monthly or prior to printing the Cash Sales Invoice.
- Cost of Sales. The cost of sales is computed by taking an inventory of b. the non-EPOS location. The computed cost of sales figure is the difference between total receipts and ending inventory and will be is stated on the Profitability Snack Vending (Non-EPOS) Report.

2312 MEASURING THE OVERAGE/SHORTAGE IN NON-EPOS OUTLETS

1. NON-EPOS OUTLETS. Cash meter readings will be recorded each time cash is collected. The meter reading will be entered in the NAVSUP Form 469 as per paragraph 2221. The difference between the meter reading on the day minus the previous day's reading will equal the Navy Cash Merchant Summary Report. If the meter reading and the total on the Navy Cash

Merchant Summary report do not equal, the outlet has an overage or shortage. The procedures outlined in the NAVSUP Publication 727, Chapter 7 will be followed.

- 2. <u>SNACK VENDING MACHINES.</u> Cash meter reading will be installed in each vending machine to monitor the efficiency of each machine. Meter readings will be recorded each time, and a determination made as to whether or not the vending machine is functioning properly. The difference between the meter reading on the day cash is collected minus the previous day's reading will equal the Navy Cash Merchant summary report for vending machines. If the meter reading and the Navy Cash report do not equal, the machine has an overage or shortage.
- 3. <u>DUE TO MALFUNCTION.</u> The sales officer will examine all overages and shortages of \$5.00 or more between meter readings and Navy Cash reports. Corrective action will be taken as appropriate. Overages and shortages of \$5.00 or more will be investigated and initialed by the sales officer as they occur.
- 4. <u>SHORTAGES DUE TO THEFT, FRAUD OR OTHER DISHONEST ACT.</u>
 Shortages of money due to theft, fraud or other dishonest act will be reported and action taken as prescribed in paragraph 1205.

2313 SANITATION

A representative of the ship's medical department will inspect retail outlets on a regular basis. Minimum sanitary requirements are covered by instruction outlined in paragraph 2501.

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SECTION III – VENDING MACHINES

2320 VENDING MACHINE GENERAL INFORMATION

All vending machines, including those located in authorized messes, will be operated as a Non-EPOS sales outlet of the ship store under paragraph 1101-1.

2321 **ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS**

- RESPONSIBILITY. Vending machine will be secured as per paragraph 1201-1. 4. Recording of Navy Cash card sales in vending machines will be the same as prescribed in paragraph 2220 and 2221. All Navy Cash Cash sales transactions will be recorded separately from sales in other sales outlets in ROM.
- 2. NAVY CASH TRANSACTIONS. When in port or at sea, Navy Cash sales transactions from vending machines will be recorded in ROM.

2322 OPERATIONAL CONTROLS

- 1. CAN DRINK VENDING MACHINES. All can drink purchases and/or requisitions will be received into the bulk storeroom. After receipt, breakouts will be created to transfer merchandise as necessary per paragraph 6100. After the breakout is confirmed, the inventory is considered sold and a cost of sales figure is posted to the NAVCOMPT Form 153. To determine cost of sales for vending, a physical inventory is conducted. Any difference between book inventory and actual inventory is considered cost of sales.
- CAN DRINK VENDING MACHINE SALES AND COST OF SALES. 2. ELECTRONIC SALES. It is not necessary to post daily Navy Cash vending transactions amount into ROM. Only the grand total amount of the Navy Cash vending transactions should be recorded into ROM prior to printing the Cash Sales Invoice or monthly.

2323 MEASURING THE OVERAGE/SHORTAGE OF INDIVIDUAL VENDING MACHINES

- METER READINGS. Cash meters will be installed in each vending machine 1. to monitor the efficiency of each machine. Meter readings will be taken at the end of the day and compared to the Navy Cash Merchant summary report to determine whether or not the vending machine is functioning properly. The difference between the meter reading minus the previous day's reading will equal the Navy Cash report. If the meter reading and the Navy Cash report do not equal, the machine has an overage or shortage.
- 2. DUE TO MALFUNCTION. The sales officer will examine all overages and shortages of \$5.00, and take corrective action as appropriate. Overages and shortages of \$5.00 will be investigated by the sales officer.

3. <u>SHORTAGES DUE TO THEFT, FRAUD OR OTHER DISHONEST ACT.</u> Shortages due to theft, fraud or other dishonest act will be reported and action taken as prescribed in paragraph 1205.

2324 SANITATION

A representative of the ship's medical department will inspect vending machines on a regular basis. Minimum sanitary requirements are covered by instruction outlined in paragraph 2501. A copy of the inspection will be filed in WF 3 File.

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2325 COFFEE BAR OPERATIONS

- 1. <u>COFFEE BAR SERVICE</u>. Coffee bars should include only the basic services such as the sale of coffee products and limited assortment of related products, e.g. coffee mugs or ready to eat snacks. In considering the type and scope of service to be provided, service to the maximum number of personnel will be the primary objective. Any services which preclude the attainment of this objective should be discouraged. To avoid adding to the waste stream, dispensing beverages to a customer's cup or mug IAW proper procedures is encouraged and a price reduction for this is recommended.
- 2. PRICES. The retail price set for any item produced must include the cost of all ingredients which are used to make up the finished product, plus serving container, spoon, napkin etc. Cost control spread sheets, either electronic or paper, will be used to maintain desired profitability. Retail prices must be posted conspicuously at or near the cash register in full view of the prospective customer. Retail prices should be cheaper than comparable products ashore in order to provide a visible savings to the afloat customer.
- 3. <u>CASH CONTROLS</u>. The coffee bar will be established as a distinct retail operation with collections reported separately from other retail store and vending machines. Coffee bar sales will be collected or recorded in a K22.

4. <u>COST CONTROLS</u>

- (a) Establishment of Cost Control. The individual ship's store officer will establish a system of cost control that is positive and can be adapted to the needs of their operation.
- (b) Operating Goal. Because each coffee product can generate a different gross margin, a fixed range of gross profit is established for the operation: no lower than 50% and no higher than 80%. Cost control cards will show the gross profit that will be generated by product. Overall profit will be somewhere in the range based on sales of individual coffee products.

(c) Cost Control Reports

(1) General. Coffee bars will be established as store 9100, a non-electronic point of sale "non-epos" store. The profitability and operational status of the coffee bar will be determined by the use of cost control cards. Due to the nature of a "snack bar" type operation where a product is sold based on the cost of its "parts", the profit generated will be based on what is sold, and if the total profit is in the acceptable range of profit. For coffee bars, the coffee components will be ordered as any other item and stored in bulk. When the item is needed in the coffee bar, the case pack will be broken out to the store, but charged as a "COST OF OPERATIONS – RETAIL" item. The cost of each item will be "expensed" against total retail profit. An example would be napkins, where each serving of a coffee drink is "charged" for a napkin, but when broken out to the store, all napkins are expensed as a cost of goods even though they are not used until later.

- (2) Profit Calculators. For each of the hot or cold beverages that are produced, each operation will maintain a profit calculator that enables the operator to insert unit costs and figure profit per serving using cost cards (Appendix E). The calculator may be in paper form or electronic spread sheet. Calculators will show the profit generated by each sale and the sales/profits/gross profit for the month. Entries should be made daily.
- (3) Profitability report. Each coffee bar will be established as a "nonepos" store with the designation of 9100. The coffee bar will have no inventory as no coffee products or supplies will be transferred to the store or inventoried at the end of the month. All consumable items used to produce a coffee or cold drink will be expensed as "COST OF OPERATIONS RETAIL" whose costs will show in the B22 report and on line B22 of the NC 153. Sales will be collected by a portable K22 and entered into Resale Operations Management (ROM) II under the 9100 store. The sales will show on the "Back of NC 153 report" as collections; there will be no other entries for the store. The coffee bar will have a profit generated report based on products sold and a comparison of their cost and retail sales. The ROM resource disc will have an electronic version available for use and Appendix E has the manual computation.
- 4) Audit. Due to the nature of the coffee bar, it will be difficult to obtain a precise number or percent to determine loss. However, management can determine if the operation is operating within an acceptable range by comparing the total profit as shown on the profit generator sheets against the total of the cost of ops-retail divided by total sales. The two profit numbers should be within the 50% to 80% range.
- (5) Deviation of profit goals. The following are the main causes of deviation from planned profit operating goals:
 - (a) Incorrect portion quantities
 - (b) Incorrect selling prices (check profit calculators)
 - (c) Over dispensing
 - (d) Incorrect cash collections
 - (e) Beverages consumed by operators
 - (f) Spoilage of products
 - (g) Waste (products not sold)
 - (h) Breaking out more consumable inventory than necessary.

- 5. <u>INVENTORIES</u>. All inventories will be received in the bulk store. Inventories for coffee bars are normally in a case package, e.g. napkins, cups, stir sticks or gallon containers. Breakouts to the coffee bar should be in either case pack or gallons and should be the lowest amount to sustain operations. No items will be inventoried at the coffee bar as all items will have been expensed out as "cost of operations". This will be done to avoid counting cups, napkins, etc. to the "each" level.
- 6. RETAIL ITEMS. If facilities permit and if it is desired to sell such items as candy, cookies, muffins, coffee cups at the coffee bar location, these items may be added to the non- epos store. At the end of each day, unless these items can be secured, they must be inventoried and broken back to bulk to avoid potential theft or loss. If retail items are sold in addition to coffee beverages in store 9100 the information on the "Back of NC 153 Report" will be skewed showing cost of sales for the retail products (coffee will have no cost of sales) and collections for all sales. This will result in a percentage difference that is not correct and should be ignored when computing gain or loss.
- 7. <u>MULTIPLE OPERATORS</u>. Coffee bars are allowed to be operated by more than one person. Any operator must be trained in how to prepare and dispense the beverages and pass applicable medical standards.
- 8. <u>SANITATION</u>. Coffee bars will be inspected on a regular basis by a representative of the medical department. Every person to be assigned to the coffee bar will have a medical review by the ship's medical department prior to assignment. The following rules apply:
 - (a) Coffee bar servers will be considered as food service workers and the standards for health and personal hygiene will apply to them.
 - (b) Only packaged food items may be sold at a coffee bar.
 - (c) Syrup containers must be maintained in a state of cleanliness both externally and internally; caking or drying must not be allowed to occur.
 - (d) Coffee and cold drink beverages may be dispensed into personal cups but only if proper dispensing containers are used to avoid any contamination between the customer's cup and coffee bar dispensing equipment.
- 9. PROCUREMENT OF COFFEE BAR SUPPLIES. Items used in the production of the coffee product will be ordered from contract listings as any other merchandise item. A unique department will be created (S-1) where all coffee supplies and products will be listed. Overseas, if replacement merchandise is required, it may be ordered from the prime vendor, if available.

10. TRAINING. The commercial coffee provider, as part of the agreement with the Ships Stores Program, will provide functional training for coffee bar operators and technical training to the ship.

PART E - SERVICE ACTIVITES

SECTION I – BARBERSHOPS

2400 EXTENT OF BARBER SERVICE

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Barbershop service includes only the military regulation haircut provided by a qualified barber (member holds a NEC or has completed applicable PQS) during normal business hours.
- 2. <u>ADDITIONAL SERVICES</u>. The Commanding Officer may authorize the use of the barbershop by other crewmembers during underway periods for additional hair care services such as female hair styling, braiding, etc., that are not otherwise available during regular hours. When authorized by the Commanding Officer, the Supply Officer will set the business hours and conditions under which the barbershop may be used. The Navy will not be liable for any services provided during non-business hours; the service will be an agreement between the crewmember and the person providing the barber, beautician, or hair stylist services. The following will remain in effect at all times.
 - a The Supply officer will determine when the barber shop is available for additional hair care services. No tipping or charges for services can take place within the barber shop.
 - b. All services provided must be within Navy regulations and standards. All barbershop rules and Navy grooming regulations must be adhered to at all times. Supply Officer has authority to restrict privileges as deemed appropriate.
 - c. Personnel providing additional hair care, other than a regulation hair cut, must use their own barber/ beautician supplies.
 - d. The Supply Department / Services Division will not be responsible for any issues between service provider and the crewmember for any barber services provided.
 - e.All sanitation instructions, requirements, and practices defined in NAVMED P-5010-2 shall be followed at all times by any persons using the ships barber shop, and must be strictly adhered to, without exception.
 - f. All personnel using the barber shop must be current in PQS and have completed the barber portion of NAVEDTRA 43239 (Personnel Qualification Standard for Ship's Serviceman), sections 103 Barber Fundamentals and 302 Shipboard Barber. Personnel providing services to other crewmembers must be trained in identifying unhealthy conditions of the hair and scalp to prevent spreading contaminants.
 - g. Personnel performing additional hair care services will be able to use their own equipment provided they are properly safety checked and in good working order.
 - h. No privately owned products or equipment may be stored in the

barbershop.

- *i.* All personnel must obtain and maintain a medical food handler's permit certificate and a copy will be displayed on the barber station at all times while the hair care service is being provided.
- *j.* Personnel using the barbershop are responsible for cleaning the area they use.

2401 RECORDS AND OPERATIONS

- RECORDS. A locally prepared barbershop appointment record should be used to schedule appointments for customers on either an individual or division basis.
- 2. <u>OPERATIONS.</u> The barbering instructions in the Ship's Serviceman Training Manual, NAVEDTRA 14314a, Chapter 3, will be followed.

2402 SERVICE ACTIVITY SUPPLIES

Supplies used to operate the barbershop will be requisitioned using OPTAR funds from the supply officer.

2403 SANITATION

A representative of the medical department will inspect barbershops at least quarterly. Every barber must receive a physical examination from the medical officer before assuming duties as a barber and annually thereafter. Rules will be prominently posted in the barbershop. The following rules apply:

- a. Ship's barbers are prohibited from shaving customers and are forbidden to remove ingrown hairs, squeeze pimples or blackheads, or treat any person medically.
- b. The barber's uniform will consist of a clean barber's jacket and clean trousers. The barber's appearance at all times will be neat and tidy.
- c. The barber's hands and fingernails will be clean at all times.
- d. The barber is forbidden to cut the hair of anyone who has any kind of disease or sore on the scalp or the back of the neck within the hairlines. The barber will obtain the name, rate and division of any person who comes in the barbershop who is evidently afflicted with a skin or scalp disease or with sores or boils. This information will be reported to the medical officer.
- e. Barbershop must have hot and cold running water to allow the barber to wash their hands and maintain sanitation.
- f. A fresh tissue neckband must be used for every customer.

g. After use, clippers, scissors and combs must be sanitized. Non-metallic items will be immersed in standard barbicide solution before use on the next customer. This solution must be changed daily. Metallic items will be cleaned and sprayed with a disinfectant spray.

SECTION II – LAUNDRY

2410 EXTENT OF LAUNDRY SERVICE

Laundry facilities will be adequate to process 24 pounds per accommodation per week. Surface ships with more than 100 accommodations (crew plus troops) will be provided laundry facilities capable of satisfying the following requirements as a minimum within a 96-hour laundry operations week:

- a. One change of work clothing, underwear, socks and one towel per day per accommodation
- b. One change of berth linen per accommodation and one change of officer and CPO dining facility linen per week
- Finish press three uniform shirts and trousers per officer and CPO/SNCO (E7 E9) accommodation per week
- d. Finish press one dress uniform shirt and trouser per accommodation per crew (plus troops) per week.
- e. Civilian clothing is the responsibility of each crew member utilizing the ship's self service laundry.

2411 ASSIGNMENT OF SHIP PERSONNEL TO ASSIST IN LAUNDRY OPERATIONS

Personnel will be assigned to the laundry from the ship. The allowance of rated personnel is based on the assumption that an additional number of non-rated personnel is required to operate the laundry efficiently in addition to the ship's servicemen rating. These additional personnel will be classified as strikers for the ship's servicemen rating unless detailed in a manner similar to food service attendants detailed to the general mess. Normally, one person for every 75 to 100 crewmembers will be assigned.

2412 RECORDS AND OPERATIONS

- 1. <u>RECORDS.</u> The records maintained and the procedures used in the operation of the laundry will be consistent with space, equipment, and personnel available. All laundry will be logged in and out. Locally prepared Bulk Work and Press Deck Logs will be maintained for each day that the laundry is operational. Signatures will be obtained for pick-up of completed work. These logs will be kept on file and will be made available to inspecting personnel. The sales officer or LCPO will review the logs weekly and initial them after reviewing.
- 2. <u>LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE LOG.</u> A locally prepared Laundry Equipment Maintenance Log will be maintained with columns for the following:
 - a. Date out of commission

- b. Date placed in commission
- C. Amount of down time in hours
- d. Reason down
- Parts replaced e.
- f. Remarks and comments

A separate log sheet will be kept on each piece of laundry equipment in order to obtain historical repair data.

3. OPERATIONS. Use of Navy approved laundry chemical supplies are mandatory. The approved Navy wash formulas and the instructions for the operation of the laundry in the Ship Store Resource Disk will be followed.

2413 ACCOUNTING FOR LAUNDRY SERVICES

All laundry services performed on board the ship are chargeable to appropriated funds.

2414 SERVICE ACTIVITY SUPPLIES

Supplies used to operate the laundry will be requisitioned using OPTAR funds from the supply officer.

2415 LAUNDRY CLAIMS

Claims for loss of or damaged to personal clothing will be handled under paragraph 8202.

SANITATION AND SAFETY 2416

Laundries will be inspected frequently by the medical department for proper sanitary methods of operation. Sufficient hot water and soap will be used to ensure cleanliness. Laundry from contagious cases will be treated in the sick bay before being sent to the laundry. The laundry procedures prescribed n the Ship's Servicemen Training Manual (NAVEDTRA 14314A) will be followed to render this type of clothing free from health hazards. Safety precautions for operating machinery will be prominently posted next to each machine.

2417 HEAT STRESS PROGRAM

The requirements of the Navy's heat stress program are contained in OPNAVINST 5100.20 series (Shipboard Heat Stress Control and Personnel Protection). A hanging dry-bulb thermometer reading will be taken once every four hours when the laundry is in operation. The readings will be recorded in a locally developed Heat Stress Log. Laundry personnel will notify the sales officer and medical officer when the temperature exceeds 90° F.

2418 PROCUREMENT OF LAUNDRY SERVICES

Laundry services may be procured from Navy exchanges and commercial sources under paragraph 4430-4432 when the ship cannot provide this service.

PART F - EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND SANITATION

2500 MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT

- 1. GENERAL. Arrangements will be made with engineering department for the assignment of maintenance personnel to maintain ship's store machinery and equipment at highest efficiency. Ship's store supervisors should be familiar with the PMS requirements for ship's store equipment. Only qualified maintenance personnel will be permitted to make repairs other than routine adjustments. If it becomes necessary to employ commercial repairs services, the cost of the service plus any parts supplied will be charged to the following:
 - Ship's Store Profits, Navy for minor equipment (Minor equipment are a. those items which do not exceed \$100.00 unit cost). Vending machines are covered in paragraph 4400 and ADP equipment is covered in paragraph 4417.
 - b. Operations and Maintenance, Navy and appropriate TYCOMs subhead for repairs to major equipment and fixtures. (Major equipment and fixtures are those items, which exceed \$100.00 unit cost, and/or those items that are on the ship's Coordinated Shipboard Allowance List (COSAL) vice ship's store equipment). Equipment deficiencies and repair actions should be documented on the Consolidated Ship's Maintenance Plan (CSMP).
- 2. INSPECTION OF MACHINERY. Operators will carefully examine all machinery for loose nuts, bolts, parts, connections, etc., before beginning operations. An inspection each morning is especially important underway when machinery is subject to ship vibrations. A thorough inspection of all machinery will always be made after firing the guns and upon completion of any structural test to which the ship may be subjected.
- 3. <u>LUBRICATION OF MACHINERY.</u> Maintenance personnel should assume independent responsibility for proper lubrication of machinery.
- 4. SPEED OF MACHINERY. Under no circumstances will the speed of machinery be set in excess of that prescribed by the manufacturer.

SANITATION 2501

- 1. SANITARY REGULATIONS. Sanitary regulations approved by the senior member of the medical department will be issued for all sales outlets and service activities (see paragraph 1105). The Commander, Naval Medical Command has established minimum sanitary standards in NAVMED P-5010 (Manual of Preventive Medicine) for:
 - Retail operations and vending machines a.
 - b. Barbershops
 - C. Laundry

2. <u>INSPECTION</u>. The sales officer or designated representative will inspect all sales outlets and service activities at least once each business day to validate that all sanitary regulations are being followed.

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CHAPTER 3 - STOCK AND INVENTORY CONTROL

PART A - CLASSIFICATION OF STOCK

3000 TYPES OF STOCK

- 1. <u>CONTRACT ITEMS</u>. Automated Ship's store Contract Bulletin (ACB) consists of two categories of merchandise:
 - a. Basic, necessity type items, which are required in day-to-day living.
 - b. Semi-luxury and clothing items represented by major vendors, which have been converted, from ASL listings or Special 1155. Descriptions, prices and ordering information are provided on the contracts to assist in making selections of merchandise.

2. CATALOG ITEMS.

- a. Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL) items are semiluxury type items that are mostly of high value, uniform items and basic necessity type items that are not listed in the Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB). Descriptions, prices and ordering information are provided on the catalog to assist in making selections of merchandise.
- b. Items listed in the Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL), which are indicated "Special Order Only" may be special ordered for individual customers. Special order items will be procured in accordance with paragraph 4300-4302.
- c. Any item not included in the ASL may be ordered by the Special Order process in accordance with paragraph 4203.

3. FOREIGN MERCHANDISE

- a. NEXCOM supports ships deployed to the Mediterranean with a range of popular foreign merchandise authorized for stock in ship's stores. In addition the Navy Exchange Naples, Italy has negotiated various concession agreements with vendors in major ports in the Mediterranean.
- b. Pacific Fleet Foreign Merchandise Program. There is no Pacific Fleet Foreign Merchandise Program.

3001 SALE AND USE OF STOCK

Ship's store stock is comprised of line items intended for sale or use in the following:

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- a. Retail stores
- b. Coffee Bars
- c. Vending machines
- d. Consumable materials used in sales outlets and service activities

3002 DEFINITIONS

- CATEGORY. Collection of like items.
- 2. <u>LINE ITEM</u>. A line item consists of EACH different size, brand, and model number. Line items may be further identified by color, size or flavor. For example, the following are each two separate line items:
 - a. Size: ball caps small and ball caps medium
 - b. Brand: Winston I00's and Salem I00's
 - c. Color: billfolds green and billfolds blue
 - d. Model number: Panasonic clock radio, model RC-6050 and Panasonic clock radio, model RC-55
- 3. <u>UNIVERSAL PRODUCT CODE (UPC)</u>. A unique number assigned by the manufacturer to a specific item of merchandise. The UPC is identified by a series of thin and wide vertical stripes, called barcodes, which are electronically read by a scanner and are translated into numbers.

3003 AUTHORIZED STOCK LIMITATIONS

- 1. <u>LINE ITEMS</u>. The maximum numbers of line items as indicated next to each retail department in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) are provided as a guideline in establishing stocking policies.
- 2. <u>PERISHABLE ITEMS</u>. A large percentage of ship's store stock is highly perishable and may have a shorter shelf life than normal, especially in hot and humid climates (such as candy, certain types of cookies, tobacco, and chewing gum). The shelf life of items varies considerably with the climates of different operating areas. Therefore, the sales officer must determine the condition of items currently stocked. When possible, perishable items should be procured in smaller quantities at more frequent interval than nonperishable items. Shelf life policy is contained in chapter 6

3004 REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL STOCK ARTICLES

Requests to add or change the stock listings in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) will be sent to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) with a copy to the TYCOM. The request will include complete justification.

3005 AUTHORIZED STOCK

By public law title 10 7604.352 ship's stores will offer the following broad category of items for sale:

- a. Health, beauty and barber items
- b. Prerecorded music and videos
- c. Photographic batteries and related supplies
- d. Appliances and accessories
- e. Uniform items, emblematic and athletic clothing
- f. Luggage and leather goods
- g. Stationery, magazines, books and supplies
- h. Sundry, games, and souvenirs
- i. Laundry, tailor and cleaning supplies
- j. Beverage and related food and snacks
- k. Tobacco products

See NEXCOM Pub 81 for the list of recommended stock items.

- 2. <u>CONTRACT ITEMS/CATALOG ITEMS.</u> All items listed in the ACB/ASL may be carried as stock, whether or not they listed in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81).
- ARTICLES BEARING IMPRESSION OF UNITED STATES CURRENCY

Articles that bear the impression of United States currency are not authorized and will not be procured for sale or use in ship's stores. If similar to United States currency, such line items may not be lawfully imported and are subject to seizure in the United States.

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3006 ASSIGNMENT OF STOCK NUMBERS

1. <u>STOCK NUMBERS.</u> Stock numbers consist of 10 digits, containing both a 6-digit class number and a 4- digit sequence number. A department code can be determined by the first two digits of the class number as follows:

	01	
Dept	Class Number	
		Description
Code	Beginning	
	Digits	2 ()
	05	Confections
A1	06	&
	07	Snacks
A2	10	Smoking Products
		Ü
A8	25	Movies & Music
B1	37	Camcorders, Cameras, &
	38	Memory Devices
	22	Batteries, Flashlights,
В3	27	Hydration Systems, Nutritional
	21	Products, & Tools
	01	Clocks,
	21	Consumer Electronics,
B6	23	&
	24	Electric Personal Care Products
B8	26	Flowers (Home Delivery) &
	76	Mugs
	22	Bags, CD Cases, ID Holders,
C1	29	&
	30	Wallets
	01	Books, Magazines, Pens,
C2	02	&
	37	Stationery
	01	Games
C6	23	&
	35	Stuffed Animals
S1	88	Snack Bars

Dept Code	Class Number Beginning Digits	Description	
D1	11	Toiletries	
D2	22 24 40 41	Sunglasses & Watches	
D3	12	Sundries	
D5	13	Fragrances (Men & Women)	
E1	53 55	Uniform Items, Devices & Insignias	
E2	16 44 45 53 55	Bath Wraps, Female Under Garments, Socks, Towels, Undershirts, Underwear, & Wash Clothes	
G1	56	Emblematic	
K4	87	Drinks, Energy Drinks, Juices, Sodas, & Water	
МЗ	87	Canned Drinks, Juices, & Sodas	
P1	75	Postal Stamp	
T1	78	Prepaid Card	

- a. Local Class Numbers. Any item not listed in the ACB, ASL, Special Bulletin or Foreign Merchandise Bulletin will be assigned the class of 960000 and placed into the appropriate department.
- Other Department Codes. Department codes may be assigned to increase management attention over items not listed in the ASL/ACB.
 An example of this would be Department F8 for Foreign Merchandise. Department codes not listed may be added as outlined in the ROM User's Guide.

- 2. <u>ASSIGNMENT.</u> Stock numbers for ship's store stock procured from commercial vendors have been assigned for all items listed in the ACB/ASL. Stock numbers for foreign merchandise procured from Navy Exchanges are contained in the Foreign Merchandise Bulletins provided to each ship upon "in-chop" to the area. For any item not included in the ASL/ACB, a stock record card must be created. The ship will assign a local sequence number in the 0000-9999 series within the appropriate Department. For example:
 - a. ABC Candy #123 will be locally assigned 9600000000 and placed in department A1.
 - b. ABC Candy #456 will be locally assigned 9600000001 and placed in department A1.
 - c. XYZ Wallet #789 will be locally assigned 9600000002 and placed in department C1.

PART B - SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR SPECIFIC ITEMS

SECTION I – EMBLEMATIC ITEMS

3100 STOCK CONTROL

- 1. <u>GENERAL INFORMATION</u>. Careful control and management attention must be given to the procurement and sale of emblematic items. The total dollar amount of emblematic items should not exceed 15% of the total ship's store inventory at cost value. The dollar value of current Emblematic Inventory as reported on the Emblematic Inventory Report should be reviewed by the sales officer prior to procurement of additional emblematic inventory. Emblematic items do not have any sales potential outside the individual ship's store. Excesses must be identified on a continuing basis and deep markdowns taken to expedite sales. Upon notification that a ship's store will be disestablished, emblematic items will be marked down heavily or surveyed in order to be disposed of prior to the disestablishment.
- 2. <u>CLASSIFICATION</u>. Ship's ball caps may be classified as either command ball caps or emblematic items. If the ball cap is a command ball cap, it is considered part of the uniform and should be marked up 6% over cost. If the ball cap is emblematic it is marked up 15% over cost and flagged on the stock record card as emblematic. Command ball caps are not considered as part of the 15% limitation on emblematic inventory.
- 3. NON-COMMAND EMBLEMATIC ITEMS. Upon transfer of a senior command onboard a ship, the senior command may have emblematic items, which are transferred to the ship. As these are not command items, the dollar value of these items do not count in the 15% limitation of emblematic items, as the receiving ship has no choice in the quantity or dollar value of the transfer. Sales officers should establish a separate department for these items. They should be advertised aggressively to encourage sales.
- 4. REPORTING.

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- a. The dollar value and percentage of emblematic inventory is reported to the commanding officer on the monthly Ship Store Management Report.
- b. Excessive emblematic inventory is reported to the TYCOMs for appropriate action.

3101 PROCUREMENT OF EMBLEMATIC ITEMS

- SENIOR SUPPLY OFFICER RESPONSIBILITIES. The senior supply officer must sign all DD Form 1155's for purchase of emblematic items.
- 2. <u>CONSIDERATIONS BEFORE APPROVAL</u>. Before approving a purchase order, the senior supply officer will determine if the quantity of emblematic items ordered would cause the emblematic inventory to be in excess of the 15% limitation.

3102 AUTHORIZED ARTICLES AND LINE ITEMS

- 1. <u>REGULAR STOCK</u>. Articles authorized for stock are listed under "Emblematic Items" in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81). These items will be procured only from sources listed in the Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL) and Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB). Emblematic items must be flagged on the stock record card with an "E" to include these items on the emblematic listing report.
- 2. <u>ADDITIONAL STOCK ARTICLES</u>. Requests to stock emblematic items above the maximum line items allowed will be forwarded, along with complete justification, to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) with a copy to the TYCOM. A Special DD Form 1155 will be prepared as outlined in paragraph 4203. The Special DD Form 1155 request will include all pertinent data, including quantity on hand (if any), design, and color scheme, type of material, size, suggested source and estimated unit cost. The ship's stock turn report and current inventory position will be considered before an additional item is approved for stock.

3103 ISSUES OF EMBLEMATIC ITEMS

Issues to Ship's Use of emblematic items will be made under paragraph 7406-2.

3104 SALE OF EMBLEMATIC ITEMS TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC

Upon approval from the commanding officer, emblematic items may be sold to the general public during authorized ship tours, VIP visits and pier side sales. However, per SECNAVINST 5720-47B, enclosure (1) para 3(d)(11): "No materials or services may be advertised for sale or be sold via a command Web site. This includes command memorabilia, ball caps, etc".

3105 HEALTHY ALTERNATIVE SNACKS

Every ship must offer a Healthy alternative snack program for products sold in the retail store and vending machines. These products will be identified as healthier alternatives to commercial snacks as they will be lower in fat, sodium and have no trans fats. NEXCOM ships store program will publish guidelines on how to identify these products.

SECTION II – TAX FREE TOBACCO PRODUCTS

3110 TAX FREE TOBACCO PRODUCTS

Tax-free tobacco products will not be sold, transferred ashore or re-landed within the three-mile limits of the United States.

3111 RELANDING TAX FREE TOBACCO PRODUCTS

The re-landing of tax-free tobacco products within the United States without payment of customs entry and duty is illegal.

3112 PROCUREMENT OF TAX FREE TOBACCO PRODUCTS

- 1. PROCUREMENT IN THE UNITED STATES. Not permitted.
- 2. PROCUREMENT OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES. Ships operating beyond the jurisdiction of the internal revenue laws of the United States may receive tax-free tobacco products from overseas vendors. The tobacco products will be delivered to the ship and sold from the ship's store while the ship is outside the United States. Status of Forces agreements with foreign nations may impose limits on the quantity sold or taken ashore. Ships should check with local sources to determine restrictions if any. Tax-free tobacco products will not be sold or transferred within the United States.

SECTION III -CLOTHING AND UNIFORM ITEMS

3120 SHOULDER SLEEVE UNIT IDENTIFICATION MARKS (UIM)

Procurement, stowage, and issue of UIM's will be performed by the Stock Control Division.

3121 ORGANIZATIONAL CLOTHING

- EMBLEMATIC T-SHIRTS. T-shirts with the ship's identification or ship's patch may be issued to food service personnel as organizational clothing. Emblematic T-shirts will be issued from the bulk storeroom and processed, as an Issue to Ship's Use under paragraph 7406.
- 2. <u>OCCUPATIONAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL CLOTHING</u>. Special occupational and environmental clothing and textile items (including sheets and pillow cases) will not be stocked in ship's stores without written authority from the

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Naval Supply Systems Command. Stocking of these items to encourage voluntary restitution by crewmembers for similar items lost or damaged is not considered adequate justification for granting such authority.

SECTION IV - OTHER STOCK ITEMS

3130 STANDARD STOCK LAUNDRY CHEMICAL SUPPLIES

Use of standard stock laundry chemical supplies is mandatory in ship's laundry. Requisitions for these products will be submitted to the nearest Navy supply support activity following paragraph 4012. OPTAR funding will be used to procure products.

3131 FOOD PRODUCTS

Food products sold in the ship's store will be limited to those items available through the ACB/ASL. The sale of food items such as short orders and prepared sandwiches is prohibited.

3132 SUNGLASSES

The purchase and sale of sunglasses is restricted to tested and approved models having a metal or slow burning plastic frame and glass or plastic lenses free from undesirable optical properties. Sunglasses will not interfere with, or materially change, the vision and will be certified in writing by the manufacturer as meeting these criteria. Sources listed in the ASL meet these requirements.

3133 GUARANTEED SALES ITEMS

- GENERAL. Guaranteed sales items are items, which may be returned to the vendor for credit invoice by using a Credit Memorandum (DD Form 1149).
 Procurement of items on a guaranteed sales basis or under other conditions permitting return for credit will be restricted to items listed as such in the Ship Store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB) or Automated Ship Store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL) such as printed matter, CD's and DVD's.
- 2. <u>ACCOUNTING PROCEDURES</u>. Accounting procedures for returning items for credit invoice are outlined in paragraph 7700 7708.

3134 LITERATURE AND RECORDINGS

- POLICY ON OFFENSIVE LITERATURE AND OFFENSIVE RECORDINGS.
 The sale of magazines, comics, pocket size books, other periodicals or recorded material considered offensive is prohibited. These items and their covers will be screened by the commanding officer or designated representative. Those considered offensive will not be placed on sale, but will be returned to the vendor for full credit.
- 2. <u>SUGGESTED GUIDELINES FOR SCREENING</u>. The guidelines set forth in subparagraphs a f are suggested for screening literature and recordings.

Printed, pictorial and recorded materials not acceptable for sale or circulation within the military establishment are those that:

- a. Are printed or circulated in violation of moral and ethical standards, or civil and military law.
- b. Impede the lawful execution of the mission of the military establishment, or encourage failure or irresponsibility in this regard
- c. Inspire or encourage lust, particularly in the young, by exploiting indecent or undue exposure, exaggerating sexual characteristics of male or female figures, or by showing suggestive or obvious passionate actions or poses, either pictorially or verbally.
- d. Feature illicit acts, whether heterosexual or homosexual, in such a way as to create sympathy of such acts or encourage their practice.
- e. Encourage or tend to promote violence, crime, horror, sadism, masochism, or similar attitudes or acts.
- f. Promote the use of illicit drugs and drug paraphernalia.

3135 BONUS FREE ITEMS

- GENERAL. Some vendors may offer bonus free items in various forms when ship's store items are ordered. For example, 11 tubes of toothpaste ordered, one free tube offered or 1,000 toothbrushes ordered, one free camera or wristwatch offered. In some instances, vendors may donate items to the ship's store.
- ORDERING. Create the purchase order filling out all required fields. Bonus
 Free items will be listed as separate line items. If the bonus free item is the
 same as an ordered item, the user must change the cost price to zero for the
 bonus free items. The ship will ensure that the vendor's invoice shows all
 bonus free items at zero cost.
- 3. <u>ACCOUNTING</u>. Bonus free items will be received using the same procedures as any normal receipt with cost. User will receive ordered items at the stated cost and the bonus free items at zero cost.
 - a. For Identical Items. When the ordered and bonus free item are identical, the total quantity received, including the bonus free item, will be posted to the applicable stock card. The unit cost price will be averaged on the stock record card. The total cost of the ordered items, plus any transportation charges, minus any discounts, will be posted to the Journal of Receipts.
 - b. For Other than Identical Items. To order any item there must be a stock card. If a bonus free item is not currently in stock or listed on the ASL/ACB the user must create the stock record card and link it to the

vendor from which the other items are being ordered. When received the ordered and bonus free items will be posted to their respective stock record cards. If the bonus free item is a new item the cost price shown on the stock record card will be zero.

- c. Although the cost price for the bonus free item is zero, users should base the retail price on the normal unit cost price of the item. The sales officer will establish a selling price for the bonus free item, following the same markup procedures and policies, which are used in establishing selling prices for other retail items. The total money value at cost of only the ordered items, plus any transportation charges minus any discounts, will be posted to the Journal of Receipts. If the bonus free item is not an authorized item to be sold through the ship's store, the sales officer should not accept the item nor list it on purchase order.
- 4. <u>EXPENDITURES AND INVENTORIES</u>. After receipt, a bonus free item will be carried on the records at the average cost and ROM will compute the new selling price. These prices will be used for sale, transfer, issue or survey of the item unit cost. Users should note that the average cost for an item may be zero.

3136 HAZARDOUS MERCHANDISE

The existence of hazardous merchandise will immediately be reported to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). NEXCOM Ship's Store Program, upon receiving notification from an official source, will report by the most expeditious means available with the action to be taken by the ship.

PART C - FOREIGN MERCHANDISE

SECTION I – FOREIGN MERCHANDISE

3200 FOREIGN MERCHANDISE GENERAL INFORMATION

Procurement of authorized line items of foreign merchandise is limited to merchandise that is locally available in the area of the ship's operation. Requirements for items of foreign merchandise will be reviewed carefully to ensure that United States manufactured merchandise is procured to meet the crew's needs, when possible. Foreign merchandise will be sold only to the following:

- a. Authorized customers as outlined in paragraph 2000.
- b. Ships not operating a ship's store, if the ships are operating in the same area. (These sales will be handled in the same manner as in paragraph 2205).
- c. All personnel will be informed that purchasing foreign merchandise from the ship's store for resale or on behalf of persons not entitled to purchase is prohibited.

3201 AUTHORIZED FOREIGN MERCHANDISE STOCK

The stock, cost limitation and maximum number of line items authorized in NEXCOM Pub 81 do not apply to foreign merchandise. In order to ensure quality and value, foreign merchandise stock will be procured as follows:

- a. For ships deployed to the Mediterranean / Persian Gulf, stock will be procured from programs provided by the Navy Exchange Naples.
- b. For areas not covered in item a, procurement of foreign merchandise stock should be coordinated with the local American military representative if possible, and in accordance with the fleet and force commanders' instructions.

3202 PROCUREMENT RESTRICTIONS FOR STOCK ITEMS

Procurement of foreign merchandise for stock is restricted to amounts not to exceed careful estimates of potential sales during the period the ship will be operating in the foreign area. When a ship is operating in a foreign area for more than 90 days, the inventory of foreign merchandise on hand will not exceed 90 days' estimated sales at any time. For example, a ship operating in a foreign area for five months may initially procure stock not to exceed 90 days' estimated sales. After the 90-day period, procurement may be made not to exceed estimated sales for the remaining 60 days. Stock will not be procured if it will arrive on board 30 days or less prior to the ship's departure from the foreign area. For example, a ship operating in a foreign area for 60 days will not procure foreign merchandise to be delivered after thirty days.

3203 FLEET AND FORCE COMMANDER INSTRUCTIONS

Fleet and force commanders will issue instructions as necessary on ordering and receiving foreign merchandise in areas under their jurisdiction. Under no circumstances will foreign merchandise be received within the United States customs jurisdiction (the 50 states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico). Prior to purchasing ship's store foreign merchandise for sale outside the United States customs jurisdiction, the directives promulgated by appropriate fleet and force commander will be consulted.

3204 SHIPMENTS OF FOREIGN MERCHANDISE

Fleet, force and TYCOMs will issue instructions regarding shipments of foreign merchandise by activities in areas under their jurisdiction. Under no circumstances will foreign merchandise be forwarded to the ship in the United States or Puerto Rico. In no event will orders specify shipment via the postal system, as foreign merchandise may be forwarded inadvertently to the United States and compromise existing internal revenue and customs regulations.

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3205 FOREIGN COMMERCIAL FOOD PRODUCTS

Ships should attempt to sell all foreign commercial food products obtained overseas prior to entering the United States. If this is not possible, Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations applies. The regulations state that there is no requirement for ships to declare these products to the U.S. Customs or to provide prior notification to the Federal Drug Administration upon entry into the United States. Ships may continue to sell these items to crewmembers for personal use; however, these items must not be removed from the ship either by bulk sale or transfer to any other ship.

SECTION II – SIXTH FLEET FOREIGN MERCHANDISE

3210 GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. <u>SOURCES OF SUPPLY</u>. NEXCOM supports ships deployed to the Mediterranean with a range of popular foreign merchandise authorized for stock in ship's stores. In addition the Navy Exchange Naples, Italy has negotiated various concession agreements with vendors in major ports in the Mediterranean.
- 2. <u>SELECTION OF ITEMS</u>. There are two programs available in the Mediterranean.
 - a. NEX Stocked Merchandise. Navy Exchange Naples can provide ships with a listing of popular items stocked at the Navy Exchanges, which are available to ships.
 - b. Direct to Ship Program. The Navy Exchange in cooperation with the Ship's Store Program support ships with popular foreign merchandise purchased from Sixth Fleet Concessionaire vendors, which ships may buy and sell in their ship stores.

3211 PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES

CONCESSIONS. Merchandise or services obtained from approved concessionaires are between the individual customer and the concessionaire. Each concessionaire will provide to the ship's store a percentage of the total sales generated each day. Commissions should be handled as a contribution to Ship's store Profits, Navy and reported on Line C04B of the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

2. <u>FOREIGN MERCHANDISE ORDER</u>

- Initial Order. The initial order for procurement of foreign merchandise items will be sent to the Fleet Service Office of NEX Naples as a special order.
- b. Follow-on Orders. Follow-on orders should be submitted to the Fleet Service Office of NEX Naples in sufficient time to allow for delivery and

sale to be made prior to leaving the area. Forwarding via fleet freight will be in accordance with transportation priorities.

3212 PAYMENT PROCEDURES

- <u>CONCESSIONS</u>. All sales are between the concessionaire and the individual customer. Ship's store purchase orders will not be accepted by the concessionaire.
- 2. <u>NEX Stocked MERCHANDISE</u>. Fleet Service Office of NEX Naples will advise the ship of the purchased items and the cost per item.

3213 RECEIPT PROCEDURES

- 1. <u>CONCESSIONS.</u> It is the individual customer's responsibility to inspect any merchandise or services obtained from a concessionaire. The customer should advise the concessionaire of any discrepancy. If this is not possible, the customer should notify the sales officer, who will address the problem to the Fleet Service Office of NEX Naples.
- 2. MERCHANDISE FROM NAVY EXCHANGE. All merchandise will be inspected upon receipt. Any discrepancies between quantity received and quantity billed, or receipt of damaged merchandise, will be reported to the NEX General Manager prior to leaving port. If it is not possible to report discrepancies prior to leaving port, a report should be made as soon as possible to the General Manager with copy to Fleet Service Office Naples. Any loss will be surveyed to the NWCF.
- 3. <u>ACCOUNTING FOR RECEIPTS</u>. Receipts will be handled as per paragraph 5000.

3214 SELLING PRICE

Application of a 15% markup is recommended to determine individual selling prices.

3215 EXCESS STOCK

- 1. <u>DISPOSITION</u>. Unsold/undamaged foreign merchandise obtained from the NEX may be returned for cash refund prior to out chop. If not out chopping at a NEX location the merchandise should be mailed (return receipt requested). If the merchandise cannot be mailed it should be returned to the NEX via the ship's supply department. The following rules apply:
 - a. Merchandise must be in its original packaged containers and undamaged
 - b. The Fleet Service Office and NEX at the out chop location should be notified at least 96 hours in advance. The Fleet Service Office will provide disposition instructions.
 - c. A Cash Refund will be prepared on a Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) listing the items being returned

- d. A copy of the original purchase order should be attached to the DD Form 1149 to identify cost prices paid
- 2. ACCOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS. Cash refunds for foreign merchandise returned to the Navy Exchange will be prepared as outlined in paragraph 7709. If it is not possible to complete the transaction prior to leaving port, action should be completed as soon as possible. The Navy Exchange charges a 10% restocking fee for all items returned. This bulk sale transaction should not be confirmed in ROM until a check is received from the Navy Exchange and prices adjusted as appropriate. In the interim, the value of the returned items will be carried on inventory until the refund check is received. Upon receipt of the check from the Navy Exchange, the DD Form 1149 will be confirmed. If the reimbursement cost is different from the purchase cost, the difference is posted to Line B22 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. The check, along with the original of the DD Form 1149, will be turned over to the disbursing officer for credit to the Navy Working Capital Fund. A copy of the DD Form 1149 will also be forwarded with the monthly transmittal of receipts.
- 3. RETURN OF FOREIGN PRODUCTS TO THE UNITED STATES. Foreign merchandise should not be returned to the United States and Puerto Rico except in the event of unexpected emergency deployment. The commanding officer will be responsible for complying with all customs regulations in the event the ship returns with foreign merchandise.

3220 PACIFIC FLEET FOREIGN MERCHANDISE PROGRAM

There is no foreign merchandise program for the Pacific Fleet operated by the Navy Exchange Yokosuka.

PART D - INVENTORY CONTROL

SECTION I – MONETARY INVENTORY ALLOWANCES AND AUTHORIZED INCREASES 3300 MAXIMUM VALUE OF STOCK FOR SHIP'S STORE

- 1. <u>INVENTORY ON HAND</u>. The maximum value of ship's store stock carried at cost price during any one month is directly related to the ship's ability to sell that material in a timely manner. The objective of any retail store is to provide service to customers by selling the highest quality merchandise with minimal inventory becoming lost due to merchandise becoming outdated or obsolete, which would cause excessive markdowns or surveys.
- 2. AUTHORIIZED LEVELS. Maximum Authorized inventory levels.
 - a. Ships in CONUS. \$102.00 per person.
 - b. Ships Deployed. \$204.00 per person.
 - c. Ships not meeting stock turn goals, shall take action immediately to reduce inventory. Inventory should equal 75% of the total anticipated

cost of sales for the forthcoming accounting period using cost of sales captions listed in paragraph 3301.

3301 STOCK TURN

- GENERAL. Stock turn is the movement of stock through the ship's store. Stock is moved by expending it from the ship's store through sales, transfers, or reduction in selling price of an item, issues and surveys. A minimum stock turn of 4.0 per 12-month period is required. This minimum is established based on the following:
 - a. The accounting period is four months long.
 - b. The maximum inventory allowed is a three-month supply of ship's store stock. Ideally, the inventory should be expended one and one-third times during each accounting period. A stock turn of 1.33 per accounting period will result in four (4.0) stock turns per year.
- <u>COMPUTATION</u>. Stock turn is computed dividing the cost of sales and, the total dollar value of the stock expended by the inventory at the beginning of the accounting period.

Stock turn formula. At the end of the accounting period, stock turn for ship's store stock is computed using the following formula:

Total of NAVCOMPT Form 153 Lines B10 + B12 + B14 + B15 + B19 + B21 + B22 (minus the automated accounting adjustment as reported on the B22 Report) + B23 + B25 + B26 + B27 divided by Line B08 equals stock turn.

- 3. <u>ADJUSTMENTS TO INVENTORY LEVELS</u>. The monetary value established for ship's store stock does not change the requirement to achieve stock turn. During low sales periods, proper stock control is required to reduce inventory levels in anticipation of:
 - a. In-port periods
 - b. Extended yard periods
 - c. Leave period or detachment of large groups of personnel
 - d. Anticipated deactivation
 - e. Drastic changes in operating schedule

Special circumstances may require a ship to request an adjusted stock turn from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) who will consider each request on a case-by-case basis.

SECTION II – STOCK RECORDS

3320 GENERAL INFORMATION

A Stock Record Card for each line item will be maintained in ROM. All transactions are recorded automatically on the stock record card.

3321 MANAGEMENT INFORMATION

Stock record card entries and management information is outlined in the ROM User's Guide.

3322 MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM STOCK LEVELS

The sales officer establishes the desired minimum and maximum days of sales for any item and the required lead-time. Minimum and Maximum limits should be adjusted as necessary for the following reasons:

- a. Increase or decrease in the number of customers
- b. Anticipated operational schedule
- Similar items added or removed from stock
- d. Any other factor affecting sales

3323 OUTSTANDING REQUISITION/PURCHASE ORDER DECISIONS

Prior to placing an order for new material, the sales officer should review:

- a. Number of line items authorized for the ship size.
- b. The Sales Ranking By Dollar and the Sales Ranking By Quantity Reports
- c. Ships schedule to set new order and shipping times if required

SECTION III - SUPPLY DEMAND REVIEW

3330 GENERAL INFORMATION

For most items, the maximum in-stock position is three months' supply. Deployed load items will be stocked to last for the duration of the deployment. Disposition of stock will be taken as prescribed in paragraph 3333 when the monthly review indicates that items exceed three months' supply. The normal selling rate of the item and the ship's anticipated operating schedule will be considered in determining excess stocks. Because of the semi-perishable nature of most items of stock, disposition action will be initiated in time to provide for sale prior to deterioration.

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3331 REPLENISHMENT ACTION OVERSEAS

Ordering and shipping time is a major factor in controlling inventory. The min/max levels will be increased by the quantity of stock required to support the ordering and shipping time (O+ST).

3332 EXCESS INVENTORIES

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. Excess ship's store inventories are a major concern to fleet, TYCOMs and NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) Because they:
 - a. "Tie up" inventory dollars that could be spent on more sellable items.
 - b. Become old, shop worn, obsolete or out of fashion requiring the use of ship's store profits to mark them down in price.
 - c. Hinder the store's ability to make the 4.0 yearly stock turn requirement.
- 2. REDUCTION OF EXCESS. The sales officer is responsible for disposing of excess stock. An excess stock list will be generated and provided to the TYCOM and the Fleet Assistance Team servicing the area. Excess inventory should be made available to military resale activities ashore and an attempt should be made to return the excesses to vendors at mutually agreed upon prices. Markdowns will be taken as necessary to dispose of excess stocks.

3333 DISPOSITION OF UNSALEABLE STOCK

Items of stock, which are obsolete or shopworn, will be marked down to make rapid sales. Items which are damaged or deteriorated and are not saleable will be surveyed as outlined in paragraph 7100.

SECTION IV: SPECIAL MERCHANDISE SOLD IN SHIP'S STORE

3400 SALES OF FOR U.S. POSTAGE STAMPS

The Ships Store program will obtain U.S. Postal Service "Forever" stamps for use by fleet ships. The Forever stamp is a non-denominated, non-expiring stamp issued as a convenience for single-piece retail mailers. The retail price for stamps will be the price established by the U.S. Postal Service. Ships' stores are authorized to sell U. S. Postal Service booklets of stamps in the retail outlets. Sale of single stamps is not authorized. A ship's store may obtain additional U. S Postal Service items for resale with written approval of the Fleet Forces Command and Navy Exchange Service Command, Ship's Store Program.

3401 PROCUREMENT OF STAMPS

Orders will be sent to Ships Store Program headquarters in accordance with paragraph 4203. Prior to purchasing stamps, the sales officer will create a new stock department (P1) for the postal stamps in ROM II. A stock record card will be created for the new article using a ROM system generated stock number. The standard mark-up percentage for department P1 will be 0%. If the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) raises the price of stamps, the ship will increase the retail price to match USPS prices.

3402 RECEIPT AND PROCESSING OF STAMPS

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> The sales officer will follow the procedures outlined in Chapter 5 of the NAVSUP 487 when receiving stamps. Sales officers will purchase and hold no more than a 30-day supply of stamp books based on sales. Until a sales history is established, ships will maintain a stamp book inventory equal to no more than 5% of crew size.
- 2. <u>REFUNDS</u>. There are no refunds for stamps.
- 3. <u>EFFECT ON FINANCIAL OPERATIONS.</u> The U.S. Postal Service charges a minimal handling and processing fee for "special order" stamps that will be absorbed as a cost of operations charge. Each book of stamps will represent around 0 % profit margin because the cost price and retail price are the same unless the USPS raises the price of stamps. When combined with total store sales, the sale of stamps should not measurably affect the overall gross profit of an operation.

3403 SECURITY OF STAMPS

Ship's store operators are responsible to the sales officer for stamp inventory and sales conducted in the ship's store. Operators will exercise care and diligence in all sales transactions. Booklets of stamps will be kept in a secure location, and only the ship's store operator(s) will have access during the ships' stores working hours. As an option, with the approval of the Sales Officer, stamps may be offered for sale through a regular vending machine if equipped with a stamp dispensing vending coil or through an Opal vending machine.

3404 DAMAGED OR DEFECTIVE STAMPS

Damaged or defective stamp booklets may be exchanged with the base or commercial post office for booklets of the same value.

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SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT PROCUREMENT

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CHAPTER 4 – PROCUREMENT

PART A - PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES

SECTION I – GENERAL INFORMATION

4000 METHOD OF PROCUREMENT

- 1. <u>SHIP'S STORE STOCK.</u> Ship's store stock will be procured using the following methods:
 - a. Requisitions from excess stock lists
 - b. Requisitions to other supply officers, including the following:
 - (1) Requisitions to combat logistic officer
 - (2) Requisitions to other sales officers
 - (3) Requisitions to general mess
 - (4) Requisitions to general stores
 - c. Requisitions to the Marine Corps and other government departments
 - d. Purchase orders under the Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL)
 - e. Purchase orders under the Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB)
 - f. Purchases using the simplified purchase procedure (Special DD Form 1155)
 - g. Purchases from Navy Exchanges
 - h Emergency purchases from commercial sources
- 2. <u>STANDARD STOCK LAUNDRY CHEMICALS AND BARBER SUPLLIES.</u> These items will be procured using OPTAR.

4001 REQUISTIONS AND PURCHASE ORDER LOGS

1. <u>SERIAL NUMBERS.</u> ROM automatically assigns the serial numbers 9700-9899 series to purchase orders and 9900-9999 series to requisitions. At the beginning of each fiscal year the assignment of serial numbers will automatically begin with 9700 for purchase orders and 9900 for requisitions.

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SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT PROCUREMENT

- 2. <u>REQUISITION LOG.</u> The following captions are recommended:
 - a. Calendar date
 - b. Requisition number (including Julian Date and serial number)
 - c. Source of supply
 - d. Amount
 - e. Receipt number
 - f. Date material received
- 3. <u>PURCHASE ORDER LOG.</u> The following captions are recommended:
 - a. Calendar date
 - b. Purchase order number (including Julian Date and serial number)
 - c. Source of supply
 - d. Amount
 - e. Receipt number
 - f. Date material received
 - g. Date dealer's bill forwarded for payment (enter FFPA if Fast Pay Procedures Apply)
 - h. Paying activity
 - i. Whether for stock or special order.

SECTION II - REQUISITIONS

4010 REQUISITION GENERAL INFORMATION

Requisitions for ship's store stock will be prepared in the ROM II system. ROM will print a DD Form 1149 for requisitions to other supply officers.

4011 NATIONAL STOCK NUMBERS

- 1. <u>ITEMS WITH NSNs.</u> The following items have national stock numbers (NSNs):
 - a. Standard stock laundry chemicals
 - b. Q-cog ship's store stock. (Q-cog ship's store stock are items carried by combat logistics support force ships)
- 2. <u>SOURCE OF NSNs.</u> National stock numbers are contained in the following:
 - a. Consolidated Afloat Requisitioning Guide Overseas (CARGO) (NAVSUP Pub 4998)
 - b. Afloat Shopping Guide (NAVSUP Pub 4400)

4012 PREPARATION OF DD FORM 1149

The DD Form 1149 will be prepared as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. The requesting ship must create the requisition in ROM. The transferring ship's DD Form 1149 will become the supporting document to the receipt inspector's document.

4013 DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1149

- 1. After initial preparation, the DD Form 1149 will be distributed as follows:
 - a. Original to the transferring ship
 - b. Copy to the Receipt Inspector's File (WF 1)
 - c. Copy to Bulk Custodian File (WF 2)
- 2. The transferring ship's DD Form 1149 will become the accountable document, upon receipt of material and DD Form 1149, distribute as follows:
 - a. Original to the transferring ship
 - b. Receipt Inspector's and Bulk Custodian copies to Receipts File (BO1/BO5)

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SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT PROCUREMENT

SECTION III – PURCHASE ORDERS

4020 GENERAL INFORMATION

Individual stock numbers will be assigned to each item of ship's store stock procured. Assignment of stock numbers is outlined in paragraph 3006.

4021 TRANSPORTATION

- 1. F.O.B.
 - a. <u>F.O.B. Destination:</u> Free On Board (FOB) Destination on a purchase order indicates the vendor will pay all transportation costs for material sent to the ship. All material ordered from the Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB) for CONUS delivery will specify "F.O.B. Destination". Deployed ships will refer to the ACB for ordering procedures.
 - b. <u>F.O.B. Other:</u> F.O.B. Other on a purchase order indicates the ship, or another activity, will pay the transportation costs. Both F.O.B. Origin and F.O.B. Shipping Point means the ship will pay for the transportation costs. For material ordered from the Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL), the listing will specify whether "F.O.B. Destination" or "F.O.B. Other" apply.
- 2. TRANSPORTATION AUTHORIZATION. The following statement will be entered on purchase orders for items procured from the ASL when the listing specifies "F.O.B. Other" applies:
 - Transportation charges are authorized and should be added to the invoice as a separate item. Shipment is to be made by (specify method of shipment)."
- 3. METHOD OF SHIPMENT. When purchasing from vendors located outside the area where the ship is located, the purchase order will specify one of the following methods of shipment:
 - a. Delivery by commercial transportation to the appropriate shore supply support activity for further transfer to the ship.
 - b. Delivery by parcel post via the ship's fleet post office address.

4022 PREPARATION OF DD FORM 1155

- Purchase orders and delivery orders under contract will be placed for authorized items of ship's store stock on an Order for Supplies or Services/Request for Quotations (DD Form 1155).
- 2. ROM creates a stock record card for each item purchased when an order is made on an Order for Supplies or Services/Request for Quotations (DD Form 1155). The ROM User's Guide provides detailed information on the process of creating a purchase order. The following process will be followed regarding signature:

The senior supply officer or sales officer will sign confirmed orders placed under:

- a. The Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB)
- b. The Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL)

The senior supply officer will sign confirmed orders placed under:

- a. All purchase orders for emblematic items (paragraph 3101)
- b. All purchase orders for material, equipment and services ordered from commercial sources not listed in the ACB or ASL (paragraph 4203)
- c. Purchases using Ship's store Profits, Navy (paragraph 4220)

4023 DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1155

1. <u>UNITED STATES MERCHANDISE</u>

<u>Fast Pay Procedures Applicable.</u> All ships store stock ordered from the Ships Store Electronic Catalog (ACB or ASL) will be procured under Fast Pay Procedures using the EDI process. Distribution as follows:

- (a) One copy to the Receipt Inspector's File (WF 1)
- (b) One copy to the Bulk Custodian File (WF 2)

2. <u>FOREIGN MERCHANDISE</u>

<u>Procured from Foreign Vendors.</u> When ordering foreign merchandise direct from foreign vendors, the DD Form 1155 will be distributed as follows:

- (a) Original and one copy retained in the Receipt Inspector File (WF1)
- (b) One signed copy to the vendor

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SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT PROCUREMENT

PART B - REQUISITIONING METHODS AND PROCEDURES

4100 REQUISITIONS FROM EXCESS STOCK LISTS

 GENERAL. Ship's store stock should be requisitioned from another ship's store's excess stock list, if practical, prior to procurement by any other method. The sales officer will process requisitions from excess stock lists as an OSO requisition.

2. EXCESS REPORTED BY OTHER COMMANDS OR OFFICES OF THE NAVY DEPARTMENT. No items declared in excess by other commands or offices of the Navy Department will be transferred to the Navy Working Capital Fund or sold in the ship's store unless specifically authorized by the Naval Supply Systems Command.

4101 REQUISITIONS TO COMBAT LOGISTICS OFFICERS

- General. Ships submit requisitions for items listed in the CARGO (NAVSUP Pub 4998) to the Combat Logistics Officers (CLO) in each area of operation when deployed. The CLO will assign replenishment to either a resupply ship or to a Prime Vendor. The CLO will advise the ship via email of the items assigned to either the combat logistic ship or to a prime vendor.
- 2. Ordering. For requisitions afloat to a resupply ship or possible prime vendor, the ship must assign each line item a requisition number from their requisition log. The ship should enter the requisition into ROM but do not confirm it until the material is received.
- 3. Receipts. Upon receipt of the merchandise the records keeper must ensure that each line item has the same requisition number as shown on the 1348 or issuing activity's documentation. ROM II allows the records keeper to change the Julian Date (and serial number if required). The ROM II function for this is found by selecting "Utilities" from the main screen and then selecting either "Update Julian Date on PO or REQ" or "Update Sequence number on PO or REQ". When the numbers match, the records keeper can proceed with the process of reviewing quantity and price before "confirming" each item by their requisition number.
 - a. Receipt from a CLF resupply ship. The transferring ship will provided a DD From 1348 for each item transferred. Ship will receive the quantity transferred at the standard cost. Any differences in quantity received and quantity on DD 1348 will be surveyed to NWCF.

b. Receipt from Prime Vendor. Receipts from a Prime Vendor are more difficult as the ship may get two different pieces of paper with different costs. The CLO may send a DLA report to the ship that lists each item paid for by CLO (STORES REPORT). The Prime Vendor should include their inventory manifest or invoice with the material. Ships can match line items against the requisition orders and must receive the quantity shown on the vendor invoice. Differences should be surveyed to NWCF. The receipt price or cost should be taken from the CTF STORES report. If it is not available, use the Prime Vendor invoice and increase the cost for each line item by 5% to avoid an unmatched expenditure.

- 4. Reporting. Each requisition/item received must have an individual receiving report.
 - a. Quantity. The receiving report must show the quantity shown on the DD Form 1348 or the Prime Vendor invoice.
 - b. Price from CARGO supplied by CLF ship. The cost for each item will be either the DD form 1348 cost.
 - c. Price from a Prime Vendor. The cost for each item will be either the STORES report cost or the vendor's invoice cost increased by 5% for each item.

4102 REQUISITIONS TO OTHER SALES OFFICERS

Requisitions for authorized items of ship's store stock may be submitted, on a mutually agreed basis, to other sales officers.

4103 REQUISITIONS FOR GENERAL STORES MATERIAL/GENERAL MESS

1. <u>GENERAL STORES.</u> On ships using the Material Financial Control System (MFCS) requisitions for general stores material will be processed and accounted for as a transfer between supply officers. On all other ships, a Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) will be prepared following the ROM User's Guide, except the ship's OPTAR accounting data, as provided by the supply officer, will be entered in block 17.

The following will be typed or handwritten on the DD Form 1149:

Functional Account Credit 13000 Charge 51000

After receiving the requisition, the supply officer will approve the transfer. The DD Form 1149 will not be posted to the Journal of Receipts (B01/B05 Report). The quantity received will be posted to the stock record card. The dollar value will be posted as a credit expenditure to Line B10 on the NAVCOMPT Form 153. A copy will be placed in the B10 (AO) and B10 (RK) File.

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT PROCUREMENT

2. <u>GENERAL MESS.</u> A Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) will be prepared following the ROM User's Guide, except the ship's food service accounting data, as provided by the food service officer, will be entered into block 17. The following will be typed or handwritten on the DD Form 1149:

Functional Account

Credit 73170 Charge 51000

After receiving the requisition, the food service officer will approve the transfer. The DD Form 1149 will not be posted to the Journal of Receipts (B01/B05 Report). The quantity received will be posted to the stock record card. The dollar value will be posted as a credit expenditure to Line B10 on the NAVCOMPT Form 153. A copy will be placed in the B10 (AO) and B10 (RK) File.

PART C - PURCHASING METHODS AND PROCEDURES

SECTION I – NORMAL PURCHASE ORDER PROCEDURES

4200 SHIP'S STORE AUTOMATED CONTRACT BULLETIN (ACB)

NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) issues the Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB) for use within the continental United States (CONUS) and Hawaii. These contract bulletins list local sources of supply and the fixed price for authorized items of ship's store stock. When in CONUS and Hawaii, the ship may place delivery orders in any amount directly with the vendor by using an Order for Supplies or Services/Request for Quotations (DD Form 1155). Fast Pay or Certificate of Conformance Procedures applies to orders placed under the ACB. Authorized items of ship's store stock not listed in the ACB may be obtained under the simplified purchase procedures (Special DD Form 1155).

4201 AUTOMATED SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT CATALOG (ASL)

NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) promulgates the Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL). It contains descriptions and purchase information for authorized items of ship's store stock. The catalog is used to purchase stock for the ship's store. The Order for Supplies or Services/Request for Quotations (DD Form 1155) will be used as a purchase order for procuring items listed in the catalog and will not exceed \$25,000.00 per purchase order. Purchase orders will be issued directly to the vendors listed in the catalog.

4202 UNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE AND PRICE AGREEMENTS

- 1. <u>UNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE.</u> When a contractor does not fulfill all requirements set forth under the terms listed in the ACB or ASL, the ship should submit an Unsatisfactory Performance Report to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). An example of this report can be found on the following page. The Sales and Service Resource CD provides an automated version of this form. One copy of the report will be sent to the ACB/ASL vendor and one copy will be filed in the Correspondence File (WF 3).
- 2. <u>PRICE AGREEMENTS.</u> Prices, terms and conditions or price agreements listed in the ACB or ASL will not be given to vendors, their representatives or other unauthorized persons.

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT **PROCUREMENT**

UNSATISFACTORY ACB/ASL VENDOR PERFORMANCE REPORT

ι	SALES OFFICER JSS FPO			
3	3280 VIRGINIA E	s Store Program) BEACH BLVD H, VA 23552-5724		
CONTR	ACTOR:		CONTRACT NO:	
ASL VE	NDOR:		ASL LISTING:	-
PO NO:			DATE OF ORDER:	_
ORDER	PLACED IN ZO	NE:		
number,		s ordered but not delivere	ertinent information, i.e. name, stock ed; required delivery date and actual date	
		ns were procured from ar and unit price paid).	n alternate source provide supplier's name,	
SUBMIT	TED BY:		DATE:	
Copy To Contrac	-	sales Officer		
((1) MAIL TO 2) NAVAL W	RICAL: (757) 502-7472/74	EXCOM NORFOLK VA//A//	

4203 SIMPLIFIED PURCHASE PROCEDURE (SPECIAL DD FORM 1155)

1. **GENERAL**

Ship's store Stock and Special Order Merchandise. The simplified a. procedure (Special DD Form 1155) will be used to procure ship's store stock and special order merchandise when the sources of supply authorized in paragraph 4200-4201 are not available. A Special DD Form 1155 is not required to be sent to NEXCOM (Ships Store Program); however the ship must create but not confirm the Special DD Form 1155 as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. The ship will contact NEXCOM (Ships Store Program) and provide the information for the merchandise desired and the purchase order number assigned. The purchase order number must not be given to the suggested source of supply until approval of the Special DD Form 1155 is received from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). For special order items, stock numbers will be assigned as specified in paragraph 3006. After processing the Special DD Form 1155, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will forward a copy to the ship. The ship will modify the Special DD Form 1155 in ROM as necessary and confirm the order. The Special DD Form 1155 will be used for receipt purposes and filed like any other DD Form 1155.

Ship's Store Profits, Navy Purchases. Sales Officer do not provide a b. purchase order number to NEXCOM Ships Store Program nor create a DD Form 1155 to make purchases using Ship's Store Profits, Navy. . The sales officer will notify NEXCOM (Ships Store Program) in writing of the item/s or service required and provide a delivery address. NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will assign a tracking number using the ship's UIC, purchase the item(s) and advise the ship via letter with a copy of the purchase order. Upon receipt of items, the shipping invoice/manifest will be held in the Receipt Inspector's File (WF 1) pending receipt of the Abstract Data Report (ADR) from DFAS. Upon receipt of the ADR the user will enter the cost of the items in ROM as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. Copies of the invoice and the ADR will be filed in C13 (AO) and C13 (RK) File for service-related purchases and C18 (AO) and C18 (RK) File for equipment related purchases. For purchases with both equipment and service-related charges, the invoice and ADR will be filed in C13 (AO) and (RK) File.

2. SPECIAL DD FORM 1155 PREPARATION AND DISTRIBUTION

- a. For preparation see ROM II User's Guide
- b. Distribution. After receipt of information from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), file copy of DD Form 1155 as follows:
 - (1) One copy in the Receipt Inspector's File (WF 1)
 - (2) One copy in the Bulk Custodian File (WF 2)

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT PROCUREMENT

4204 PURCHASES FROM NAVY EXCHANGES

 General. Ships Stores may obtain merchandise from the Navy Exchange Service Command (NEXCOM) in a variety of situations depending on the location of the ship.

a. Navy Exchange Stores In the United States. Ships Stores are restricted to procuring merchandise from authorized listed sources unless an emergency exists and the sources of supply prescribed in paragraph 4200-4201 are not available. In those situations, limited quantities of authorized ship's store stock may be procured from Navy Exchange stores. The Navy Exchange store will honor the request when merchandise is available and can be sold without impairing the exchange's inventory position. All purchases from Navy Exchange stores (computers and uniform items excepted) will be made at retail price less 10%. Since most Navy Exchange stores require the use of a credit card, the ship may contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) under the Special DD Form 1155 procedures to process orders from a Navy Exchange. In an emergency situation, the supply officer may authorize the use of a ship's government credit card to purchase items from the Navy Exchange, and then transfer the merchandise to the sales officer.

b. Overseas Locations

- Sixth Fleet. The Navy Exchange European District Office coordinates ordering of S-3 items in the Sixth Fleet AOR. Ships requiring merchandise while in SIXTH Fleet should place requirements with the CTF 63 who will pass the requests to the Navy Exchange Fleet Liaison. The Fleet Liaison will contact the ship to request purchase order numbers to enable the purchase ashore for the ship with the Government procurement card. COMSIXTHFLT policies and procedures apply.
- 2. Seventh Fleet: Japan and Guam NEX Distribution Centers are established as OCONUS ships store vendors enabling ships to place orders directly with these NEX distribution centers using the ROM EDI process. Select merchandise will be available in the ships store Automated Electronic Listing (AEL). Although ships have the authority to obtain up to \$100k in a single purchase order, the ships store ROM system is not capable of being reprogrammed to process orders to NEX distribution centers above \$25K. Accordingly, any order to a NEX distribution center will be limited by the ROM software to \$25K per order. Items not listed in the AEL may be obtained from a Navy Exchange store (computers and uniform items excepted) at retail price less 10% as stated in paragraph 1(a) above.
- 3. OCONUS NEX Locations: Limited quantities of authorized ship's store stock may be procured from Navy Exchange stores when merchandise is available and can be sold without impairing the exchange's inventory position. All purchases from Navy Exchange stores (computers and uniform items excepted) will be made at retail price less 10%. The

Navy Exchange may elect to accept a DD Form 1155 at the store if the ship has the disbursing officer pay the Navy Exchange with a check.

- 2. <u>FOREIGN MERCHANDISE</u>. Purchases of foreign merchandise from Navy Exchanges will be made following paragraphs 3210-3215.
- 3. <u>ACCOUNTING.</u> Purchases from Navy Exchanges will be taken up as receipts from purchases on all applicable records.

4205 REPAIRS TO SHIP'S STORE EQUIPMENT

When ship's store equipment requires repair, commercial repair services may be procured. The cost of repair services will be charged to the individual ship's profits. To procure repair services, the ship will contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program).

4206 MODIFICATION TO PURCHASE ORDERS

There are no Amendments of Solicitation/Modification of Contract (Standard Form 30) created for cost price or quantity errors on purchase orders. Such errors will be corrected following the receipt of items. Changes in cost price and/or quantity ordered or mistakes made during the receipt process will be corrected by doing an accounting adjustment and spot inventory. Detailed instructions for creating accounting adjustments and conducting a spot inventory are outlined in the ROM II User's Guide.

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT PROCUREMENT

SECTION II - OUTSIDE OF USA CONTRACTING

4210 GENERAL INFORMATION

a. General. The basic contracting policy and procedures for shipboard supply officers are contained in NAVSUP Pub 485 and the Department of the Navy Simplified Acquisition Procedures (SAP) (NAVSUPINST 4200.81 series). Authority to procure merchandise from overseas Navy Exchange operations is contained in Title 10 USC Sections 2304(c) (5), 2424 and 2492.

- b. Emergency Contracting Procedures. The senior Supply Corps officer is the only contracting officer authorized to open purchase ship store stock, material, equipment and services, with purchase authority limited to \$100,000.
- c. Purchases from Navy Exchange Distribution Centers in Japan and Guam. Ships Store Officers are authorized to purchase ships store retail items from these NEX Distribution Centers using Ships Store Program Afloat Electronic Listings (AEL). Individual orders may be made up to \$100,000 from Navy Exchanges in Japan and Guam. Note the current systems limitations contained in Paragraph 4204 (1) (b) (2) above.

4211 CONTRACTING RESTRICTIONS

- The senior supply officer is authorized to contract for authorized items of ship's store stock up to \$25,000.00 which are not available from the Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin (ACB) and Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL) or other NEXCOM procurement sources, ONLY under the following conditions:
 - a. There is an emergency requirement for authorized supplies and services and scheduled operations will not permit procurement through shore support contracting activities
 - All contracts are supported by the supply officer's written justification setting forth the facts and circumstances justifying the exercise of such authority. The original determination shall be attached to the sales officer's copy of the contract
 - c. All transactions are made by an approved small purchase method providing for immediate delivery of material purchased

4212 CASH PURCHASES

- 1. CASH PURCHASES OF SHIP'S STORE STOCK ITEMS
 - a. <u>GENERAL</u>. When ship's store stock is required under emergency conditions from a vendor who will not accept a DD Form 1155, procurement may be made using cash funds. The sales officer will prepare the following:
 - (1) A DD Form 1155 will be prepared as outlined in the ROM User's Guide, except the senior supply officer will sign and the disbursing officers address will be placed in block 15
 - (2) A Public Voucher for Purchases and Services Other than Personal (Standard Form 1034) will be prepared and approved by the senior supply officer charging the Navy Working Capital Fund.
 - b. <u>PAYMENT TO VENDOR.</u> The sales officer will give the disbursing officer the following:
 - (1) The original and one copy of the DD Form 1155
 - (2) The original and three copies of the vendors invoice
 - (3) The original and all copies of the SF 1034

The disbursing officer will issue a check for payment of the items. The sales officer will give the check to the vendor. One copy of the vendor's invoice will be filed with the DD Form 1155.

SECTION III – PURCHASES USING SHIP'S STORE PROFITS, NAVY

4220 GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Ship's store Profits, Navy will be used to purchase the following:

<u>Item</u>	Reference
Visual merchandising support services	paragraph 2003
Display aids	paragraph 2004
Moneybags (If not operating Navy Cash)	paragraph 2204
Dollar bill changers	paragraph 4411
Repairs to ship's store equipment	paragraph 4205
Minor equipment for retail outlets (Which cannot be procured from Naval Supply sources)	paragraph 4400
Materials for modernization or improvements to the Ship's store facilities	paragraph 4402
Vending machines	paragraph 4410
Coin changers, coin counters and sorter/wrappers (If not operating Navy Cash)	paragraph 4411
Repairs to vending machines	paragraph 4416
Laundry and dry-cleaning services from Navy Exchanges and commercial sources	paragraph 4430
ADP equipment used for store operations	paragraph 4417

2. These items and services will not be purchased using the Navy Working Capital Fund. Purchases using Ship's store Profits, Navy, will be charged to the individual ship's profits.

4221 PROCUREMENT USING SHIP'S STORE PROFITS, NAVY

- 1. <u>PROCUREMENT.</u> The ship will request procurement of the following through NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program):
 - a. Materials for modernization or improvements to ship's store facilities
 - b. Drink vending machines
 - c. Other vending type machines
 - d. ADP equipment used for retail store operations

Upon receipt of the ship's notification, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will prepare a purchase order. A copy of the purchase order with a Report of Receipt, Non-Receipt, or Nonconformance Card will be forwarded to the ship. Upon receipt of the equipment the Report of Receipt, Non-Receipt, or Nonconformance Card will be completed by the sales officer and returned to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). The ship will enter the cost of the items on the NAVCOMPT Form 153 as outlined in the ROM User's Guide upon receipt of the Abstract Data Report (ADR) from DFAS.

- 2. <u>PROCUREMENT FROM SUPPLIERS.</u> The ship will contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) for procurement of the following:
 - a. Visual merchandising support services
 - b. Minor equipment
 - c. Repairs to vending machines
 - d. Laundry and dry-cleaning services from Navy Exchanges or commercial sources
 - e. Repairs to ADP equipment used for retail store operations

4222 ACCOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

1. PAYMENT IN THE UNITED STATES. In the United States, the Defense Finance and Accounting Service, Cleveland, (DFAS), is the paying activity for all purchases using Ship Store Profits, Navy. Requirements will be forwarded to NEXCOM (Ships Store Program) for processing via Government Purchase Card as a charge to the ship's' profits.

After paying the bill, DFAS will send the ship an Abstract Data Report (ADR). If after two months, an ADR has not been received from DFAS, the sales officer will contact DFAS and request status.

2. <u>PAYMENT OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES.</u> Outside of the United States, purchases using Ship's store Profits, Navy will be paid by the ship's disbursing official, unless payment by another official is required.

3. <u>REPORTING PROCEDURES</u>

- Journal of Receipts (B01/B05 Report): Material and services purchased using Ship's store Profits, Navy will not be reported on the Journal of Receipts B01/B05 Report.
- b. Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153). If the material, services and substantiating documentation (copy of ADR) have not been received from DFAS by the end of the accounting period the cost of the purchase will be reported as a liability assumed on Line C24A of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. The purchase will be carried on Line C24A until material or services and substantiating documentation (ADR) is received. After receipt of the ADR the purchase(s) will be reported on the NAVCOMPT Form 153 on Line C13 or Line C18, as appropriate. The

ADR is required to substantiate the entry on the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

c. Payment by Disbursing Officer or Other Paying Activity. When the ship's disbursing officer or other paying activity makes payment, the payment voucher will be used to substantiate the entry on the NAVCOMPT Form 153. The purchase will be reported as a liability assumed on Line C24A until payment voucher is received.

PART D - SPECIAL ORDER PROCEDURES

4300 GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. The following are authorized for special order:
 - a. Articles listed in paragraph 3005, which are not normally stocked
 - b. Articles not listed in the Automated Ship's store Afloat Catalog Listing (ASL)

Special order requests for articles not listed in item 1 will be submitted to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) for procurement. The minimum value of article(s) requested must be greater than \$50.00. Special orders of foreign merchandise will be processed as per paragraph 3203-d.

4301 STANDARD SPECIAL ORDER PROCEDURE

SPECIAL ORDER

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Special orders will be processed in the same manner as any other purchase of ship's store merchandise except as outlined in subparagraph 2 5. ROM requires each item ordered to have a stock record card.
- 2. <u>PRIOR TO INITIATING SPECIAL ORDER</u>. Prior to initiating a special order, the remaining on board time of the customer placing the order will be determined to ensure against detachment before receipt of merchandise.
- PREPARATION OF THE SPECIAL ORDER. A DD Form 1155 or Special DD Form 1155 will be prepared as outlined in paragraph 4022 or 4203.
 Additionally, the following statement will be hand written on each special order:

Name	Rate/Rank
Division	Transfer
Date/Date Enlistment Expires	

- 4. <u>DISTRIBUTION OF SPECIAL ORDER.</u> The DD Form 1155 will be distributed following paragraph 4203.
- 5. <u>RECEIPT OF MERCHANDISE.</u> Receipts will be handled as receipts from purchase. Upon receipt of the merchandise the customer who placed the order will be notified that the merchandise can be picked up. The price of the special order merchandise will be computed as outlined in paragraph 2100. The customer will pay the retail store operator for the merchandise. The purchase will be scanned at the register and included in the cash collected for the day.

4302 OPTIONAL SPECIAL ORDER PROCEDURE

SPECIAL ORDER

1. <u>GENERAL</u>. If deemed necessary and based on the past experience the commanding officer may direct the sales officer to collect for special orders prior to placing the orders. The special order will be processed in the same manner as any other purchase of ship's store merchandise except as outlined in subparagraph 2 – 6.

- 2. <u>PRIOR TO INITIATING THE ORDER.</u> Prior to initiating a special order, the remaining on board time of the customer placing the order will be determined to ensure against detachment before receipt of merchandise.
- 3. RESPONSIBILITY OF CUSTOMER PLACING THE ORDER. Before a special order is processed, the customer placing the order will pay the retail amount necessary to cover the entire retail value of the merchandise. The price of the special order merchandise will be computed as outlined in paragraph 2100.
- 4. PREPARATION OF THE SPEICAL ORDER. A DD Form 1155 or Special DD Form 1155 will be prepared as outlined in paragraph 4022 and 4203. The following statement will be hand written on each special order.

Name	Ra	ite/Rank _		
Division	Transfer			
Date/Date Enlistme	nt Expires			
In addition, the follo	wing certification	on will be h	nand written on	the order:
"Payment in the am	ount of \$	has bee	en received	(date)
			Retail Store C)nerator

- 5. PROCESSING THE SPECIAL ORDER. Two copies of the DD Form 1155 will be given to the customer, who will pay the retail store operator for the merchandise. The original and remaining copies of the DD Form 1155 will be distributed following paragraph 4023. The retail store operator will process the sale through the cash register and acknowledge receipt of payment by signing and dating the certification. One copy of the purchase order will be given to the customer as a receipt; the other copy will be forwarded to the sales officer.
- 6. <u>RECEIPT OF MERCHANDISE.</u> Upon receipt of the merchandise, the customer who placed the order will be notified that the merchandise can be picked up. The customer will acknowledge receipt of the material by signing the certified copy of the DD Form 1155.

PART E - PROCUREMENT OF ITEMS FOR SHIP'S USE

SECTION I - PROCUREMENT OF EQUIPMENT AND OPERATING SUPPLIES

4400 MINOR EQUIPMENT AND OPERATING SUPPLIES

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Operating supplies are items necessary to operate sales outlets. Supplies for service activities such as standard stock laundry supplies, barber clippers, combs, and disinfecting solutions will be provided by the ship using OPTAR funds. Minor equipment are those items which are under \$100.00 unit cost and are not included in the Ship's Coordinated Shipboard Allowance List (COSAL), such as repair parts for vending machines.

- 2. <u>PROCUREMENT.</u> If practical, these items will be requisitioned from other supply officers or transferred from general stores. If this is impractical, the required items may be purchased using Ship's store Profits, Navy as per paragraph 4221-4222.
- 3. <u>REPAIRS TO MINOR EQUIPMENT.</u> The services of commercial sources to repair minor equipment may be purchased using Ship's store Profits, Navy as per paragraph 4221-4222.

4401 MAJOR EQUIPMENT

- 1. <u>MAJOR EQUIPMENT</u> AND FIXTURES. Those items which exceed \$100.00 unit cost and are categorized as follows:
 - Initial Installed Equipment. Major equipment and fixtures are under the cognizance of the Naval Sea Systems Command and are included in the ship's COSAL. Major equipment includes night depository safes, washers, dryers, and presses.
 - b. Add on Equipment. Major equipment ordered and installed by the ship. Vending machines, vending machine coin changers and coin counters are examples of this equipment. Procedures for the procurement are covered under paragraphs 4410-4416.
 - ADP Equipment. ADP equipment used to support retail operations may or may not be included as part of the ship's initial outfitting.
 Procedures for the procurement are covered under paragraph 4417.
- 2. PROCUREMENT. Items of major equipment, which are not covered in the COSAL will be requisitioned in accordance with NAVSUP Pub 485, Chapter 3. The requisition will be forwarded to the Naval Sea Systems Command via the TYCOM, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) and the Naval Supply Systems Command (Deputy Commander, Plans, Policy and Systems Development). Major equipment will be procured using OPTAR funds and the appropriate TYCOM's subhead. Ship's store profits will not be used to procure equipment and fixtures under the cognizance of the Naval Sea Systems Command.

3. ADDITIONAL OR NEW COSAL EQUIPMENT. If the commanding officer desires an item of major equipment to be added to the COSAL, a letter request containing complete justification will be sent to the Naval Sea Systems Command via the TYCOM, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) and the Naval Supply Systems Command. The Ships Configuration Change Form (OPNAV 4790/CK) will accompany the letter. Forwarding endorsements will indicate whether the item should be added to the COSAL. The request will be considered by the Naval Sea Systems Command in making the final determination. The Naval Sea Systems Command in making the final determination will consider these recommendations. If procurement is authorized, the equipment must meet the existing military specifications for electronic interference elimination, if applicable.

4402 MODERNIZATIONS AND IMPROVEMENT

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Modernization and improvement to ship's store facilities are designed to enhance the habitability and appearance of the spaces. Some examples of improvements include:
 - a. Redesigning the interior layout of the space
 - b. Upgrading security measures (including replacement/installation of rollup or scissors type security gates, alarm systems and security mirrors)
 - c. Replacement of shelving, showcases and storage cabinets
 - d. Replacement/installation of false overheads, false bulkheads and decorative storefronts
 - e. Replacement of barber chairs, sinks and storage cabinets
 - f. Replacement of barbershop waiting chairs, magazine racks and barber poles
- 2. MOVES, EXPANSIONS OR ENLARGEMENTS. Modernization should not be interpreted as permitting any move, expansion or enlargement of existing ship's store spaces. Moves, expansions or enlargements are ship alterations and require the approval of the Naval Sea Systems Command. After approval, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), through the Naval Supply Systems Command, will coordinate with the appropriate ship logistics manager at the Naval Sea Systems Command. This is to ensure that space reservation, utility requirements, weight and other considerations are taken into account as required by NAVSEA/NAVSUP Instruction 9665.1 series (Planning and Outfit of Afloat Supply and Printing Facilities).
- 3. MODERNIZATION REQUESTS. If modernization of a retail store or barbershop is desired, a letter request will be sent to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) with a copy to the TYCOM. It should state the purpose of the request and will include the following enclosures:

a. A rough sketch of the space to be modernized, with exact dimensions including height between decks

- b. Photographs of the area, if possible
- c. Location and size of immovable obstructions within the area

NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will then prepare a recommended layout of the area and provide cost estimates and procurement information to the ship.

- 4. <u>FUNDING.</u> The cost of materials for modernization and improvement may be financed from the ship's OPTAR funds when approved by the TYCOM. If OPTAR funds are not available, the cost of materials may be charged to Ship's store Profits, Navy with written approval of NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). If desired, a loan to cover the cost of modernization may be requested from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) for a maximum period of up to three years.
- 5. PROCUREMENT USING OPTAR FUNDS. When OPTAR funds are used, materials for modernization and improvement will be made under local procurement regulations. All materials must meet the habitability standards in the Naval Sea Systems Command's Habitability Materials List. NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), regardless of funding, will approve modernization plans.

PROCUREMENT USING SSPN

- a. Approval by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). Material for modernization and improvement will not be charged to Ship's store Profits, Navy without written approval of NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). All materials must meet the habitability standards in the Naval Sea System Command's Habitability Materials List.
- b. NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) cost estimate may be used to request authority to charge Ship's store Profits, Navy (SSPN). NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will authorize the charge to SSPN not to exceed a specified amount, provide accounting data, and provide a loan to cover the charge if requested. The layout package along with the funding authorization may then be submitted to the local contracting activity for a contract to be negotiated for the project to be completed by a local contractor.

SECTION II - PROCUREMENT OF VENDING MACHINES AND RELATED ITEMS

4410 BUYING VENDING MACHINES GENERAL INFORMATION

NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) is the control point for the procurement of various type dispensing machines and related items. The cost of machines, maintenance and repairs will be charged to the individual ship's profits. If the ship's profits are not sufficient to absorb the charge, a loan may be requested from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). Forces afloat will accomplish installation of the machines.

4411 AUTHORIZED MACHINES

1. <u>LIST OF AUTHORIZED MACHINES.</u> When authorized for installation afloat, the following list of machines will be operated as part of the ship's store operation:

Type of Machine	Authority Required From
Vending Machines: can drink snack phone card machines	TYCOM TYCOM NEXCOM
Vending Machine Coin Changer	see note 1
Coin Counter and Sorter	see note 1
Coin Counter and Wrapper	see note 1

Note 1: Automatically authorized if two or more vending machines are installed.

- 2. <u>VENDING MACHINES.</u> Vending machines purchases by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), regardless of the type of product vended, will be restricted to only those machines for which the manufacturer can show proof of conformance with the following standards:
 - a. For all vending machines:
 Underwriter's Laboratories Inc.
 - For drink vending machines:
 Underwriter's Laboratories Inc.
 UL541-1970-Vending Machines, Refrigerated

c. For all vending machines for food products (including candy and cookie):

National Sanitation Foundation STD No. 25-Food Vending Machines, or National Automatic Merchandising Association Vending NAMA Machine Evaluation Program

4412 PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES

1. INITIAL PROCUREMENT

- a. Submission of Request. A letter request will be forwarded to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) via the TYCOM for the initial procurement of all types of authorized machines. NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will prepare a purchase order and send the ship a copy.
- b. Information Required. In order to expedite procurement, a letter request for procurement of machines will include the following information:
 - (1) An inventory of all machines presently installed, with location and weight of each unit and the proposed location of the new machine
 - (2) A complete description of the machine desired, including make, model, capacity and size
 - (3) Accessory equipment desired, such as coin changer, repair parts, and other required items
 - (4) Other information necessary to ensure procurement of the equipment desired
 - (5) Date required (allow 21 days prior to the date required)
 - (6) Specific pier side delivery instructions
 - (7) For replacement machines only, a statement of the general condition of the machine being replaced, including date of acquisition and serial number of the equipment
 - (8) For can drink vending machines, intended stowage space to be used for the supply of can drinks, including the capacity of these spaces and the anticipated consumption during periods at sea

2. PROCUREMENT OF ADDITIONAL SNACK MACHINES. A letter request for procuring additional snack machines will be forwarded to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) via the TYCOM. After approval, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will prepare the purchase order and send the ship a copy.

- 3. PROCUREMENT OF OTHER ADDITIONAL MACHINES. A letter request for procuring additional machines not listed in subparagraph 2 will be prepared and submitted in the same manner as a request for initial procurement as outlined in subparagraph 1.
- 4. PROCUREMENT OF COIN CHANGERS AND OTHER RELATED ITEMS.
 Coin changers, coin counters, and sorters/wrappers are automatically authorized for procurement when the ship has two or more vending machines installed. The cost of these items will be charged to the individual ship's profits. Procurement is outlined in paragraph 4220.

4413 ACCOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

The cost of vending machines and related items will be charged to the individual ship's profits. The purchase using Ship's store Profits, Navy will be accounted for as per paragraph 4222.

4414 REPLACEMENT OF MACHINES

- 1. <u>REQUESTS FOR NEW MACHINES</u>. Requests shall be sent to NEXCOM Ships Store Program.
- 2. <u>DISPOSITION OF MACHINES BEING REPLACED.</u> Machines to be replaced will be held pending instructions from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program).

4415 REPAIR PARTS

Repair parts for permanently installed vending machines may be obtained by contacting NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) who will purchase the item(s) for the ship IAW paragraph 4221.

4416 REPAIR SERVICES

The services of a Navy Exchange or commercial source may be procured to repair vending machines and related items. The cost of the service plus any parts furnished in making the repairs will be charged to the individual ship's profits. Ships will contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), who will obtain the repair service for the ship.

4417 ADP EQUIPMENT USED IN SUPPORT OF RETAIL OPERATIONS

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> ROM consists of ADP retail equipment in each of the retail outlets as well as in the ship's store office. This equipment was provided by appropriated funds for ships in the fleet and will be provided for new construction ships as part of the initial load out.

2. <u>EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT.</u> If a ship desires to replace the equipment they should contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) to ensure compatibility with existing equipment.

3. <u>FUNDING.</u> The cost of equipment replacement may be charged to the ship's OPTAR funds when approved by the supply officer. If OPTAR funds are not available, the cost of the replacement equipment may be charged to Ship's store Profits, Navy with written approval from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program).

SECTION III - PROCUREMENT OF LEASED VENDING MACHINES

4420 PERMANENT INSTALLATION OF LEASED VENDING MACHINES

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> The permanent installation of leased vending machines will be limited to the authorized vending machines listed in paragraph 4411.

- 2. MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT PREPARATION. After approval has been obtained for the permanent installation of leased vending machines, a Memorandum of Agreement will be prepared and issued to the vendor. The Sales & Service Resource CD provides an automated version of this form. Vending machines being installed will be completely described including make, model, capacity and serial number, if any. No installation or rental charge will be paid and no security deposit will be authorized. The Memorandum of Agreement will contain a provision stating that there is no requirement that only the vendor's product will be dispensed. The senior supply officer will sign the completed memorandum.
 - a. The following statements should appear in the Memorandum:
 - (1) The U.S. Government assumes no supplies/services liability or loss/damage liability for leased vending machines.
 - (2) The vendor agrees to the terms that there is no charge for the machine or installation services.
 - (3) The vendor agrees to the terms and conditions stated in this Memorandum of Agreement.
 - b. The vendor will sign the Memorandum of Agreement
 - c. Enter name, rank and signature of the senior supply officer.
 - d. A copy of the memorandum will be filed in the Correspondence File (WF 3)

4421 TEMPORARY ACQUISITION OF VENDING SERVICES

- 1. GENERAL. Temporary acquisition of vending services is authorized when:
 - a. The ship is undergoing overhaul or repair
 - b. The vending machines onboard cannot be operated
 - c. At other times when determined necessary by the commanding officer
- 2. <u>APPROVAL.</u> Before placing a purchase order, the following conditions must be met:
 - a. At U.S. Navy installations, written approval of the commanding officer of the Activity where the ship is located is required. The activity's

- commanding officer may require the ship to utilize vending machine service from the local Navy Exchange as outlined in paragraph 3.
- b. At civilian installations, written approval of the supervisor of ships or U.S. Navy representative is required. If the local Navy Exchange is not used, and the ship desires to authorize a full contract type service, the ship must contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) who will arrange the service.

3. <u>NAVY EXCHANGE VENDING SERVICE</u>

- a. Most Navy Exchanges can provide vending machines on a temporary basis. Since this is an extension of Navy Exchange services and not a part of the ship's store operation, the procedure specified in paragraph 4421 is not required. This service would include multi-line-vending service. Normally, candy, coffee, milk, snacks, hot and cold food, ice cream, microwave ovens, and bill changers are available. The supply officer or sales officer should contact the local Navy Exchange General Manager to arrange for the type and number of machines required. A 30-day lead-time is recommended to ensure prompt placement. NEXCOM Ships Store Program can contact the Navy Exchange to arrange for the services, if desired.
- b. The reimbursement rate is based on sales. For sales up to \$50,000, the ship will receive 5% of total sales. There will be a 1% increase for every \$10,000 in sales and the reimbursement rate is capped at 20%.
- c. The reimbursement received will be accounted for as a contribution to Ship's Store Profits and reported on Line C04B of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. .

SECTION IV - PROCUREMENT OF LAUNDRY AND DRY-CLEANING SERVICES

4430 AUTHORIZATION FOR PROCUREMENT OF SERVICES

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Laundry and/or dry-cleaning services may be procured from Navy Exchanges or commercial sources, when the ship cannot provide these services due to:

- a. Overhaul or repair of the ship
- b. Personnel or space limitations
- 2. <u>Procurement Instructions.</u> The primary funding source for procured laundry services will be appropriated funds. If sufficient appropriated funds are not available, the following policy shall be followed:
 - a. Personal uniform and clothing items may be charged to Ship's store Profits, Navy upon commanding officer approval. Procurement and accounting will be done as outlined in paragraph 4221 4222
 - b. Sheets, bedspreads, mattress covers, linens, and uniforms for food service personnel, organizational clothing and other similar non-personal items are chargeable to OPTAR funds.

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CHAPTER 5 – RECEIPT AND INSPECTIONS

PART A - RECEIPT DOCUMENTS

5000 GENERAL

Material received aboard ship will require manually entering information on a variety of receipt papers depending upon the manner in which the material was requested, the issuing activity, and the modes of transportation used in delivery. Certain certifications are common to all manual receipt documents. Receiving personnel must:

- a. Date the document upon receipt
- b. Circle the quantity accepted
- Sign the document to indicate receipt C.

RECEIPTS FROM OTHER SUPPLY OFFICERS 5001

- 1. EXPENDITURE DOCUMENTS The expenditure document issued by a transferring activity in response to a requisitions to other supply officers will be one of the following:
 - Issue Release/Receipt Document (DD Form 1348-1A) a.
 - b. Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149)

2. ISSUING ACITIVITIES.

- a. Combat Logistics force (CLF) ships
- Other Sales Officers (OSO) b.
- General stores/General Mess C.
- d. Marine Corps and other government departments
- REQUISITIONED MATERIAL RECEIVED WITHOUT AN EXPENDITURE DOCUMENT. If material is received without the issuing ship's expenditure document, the receiving ship will immediately contact the issuing ship to request merchandise quantity and cost prices. Until the information is received, the receiving ship will be unable to process the receipt. The material will be physically received but the requisition will not be confirmed in ROM until quantity of items and cost prices are matched against the issuing ship's expenditure document. ROM requires an expenditure number to process the receipt. If no expenditure number is provided by the issuing ship, the receiving ship will use its requisition number in its place

5002 RECEIPTS FROM COMMERCIAL SOURCES

A commercial vendor will normally provide a shipping invoice with the material they are providing. If the material arrives without a shipping invoice, the ship may use their receipt document to receive the items.

PART B - RECEIPT AND INSPECTION PROCEDURE

5100 RECEIPT ON BOARD

The sales officer is responsible for the receipt, identification and inspection of all incoming stock. However, the sales officer may delegate an officer or enlisted assistant as receipt inspector, provided the sales officer has noted in his division officer's notebook that the person is in process or has completed the JQR for Receipt Inspector. When stock is received on board, it will be assembled on the deck and checked. The sales officer will ensure that responsible personnel are posted in suitable locations to safeguard the stock until it is secured in a locked space.

5101 INSPECTION ON RECEIPT, ACCEPTANCE BY RECEIPT INSPECTOR

1. GENERAL. For all receipts the receipt inspector is checking the quantity received against an expenditure document or shipping invoice. For all receipts, other than transfers from CLF ships the actual quantity will be recorded on the receipt inspector's document. Receipt will be done by case count if the inspector can validate that cases counted equal the number shown on the shipping invoice. As all items are ordered as "each" the quantity of the items received should be the same as the quantity on the expenditure document. The quantity indicated on the outside of a container must be checked if the container has been opened.

2. RECEIPTS FROM PURCHASE.

- a. <u>General.</u> Receipts will be by case count or quantity based on shipping invoice. If a shipping invoice is not available, the receipt inspector will use the copy of the purchase order. The receipt inspector will inspect the quantity and quality of all material received from commercial vendors. Material will be accepted only if the receipt inspector is satisfied that:
 - (1) Cases counted equal the number shown on the shipping invoice or the quantity of the items received is the same as the quantity on the DD Form 1155.
 - (2) The quality of the items received is satisfactory (only material, which is received in a satisfactory condition, will be accepted). The liability of the Government of the material received will be governed by the terms of the purchase order.
- b. <u>Acceptance.</u> If the quality of material received from a vendor is satisfactory, the quantity may be accepted by the receipt inspector. If

the quantity of items received is the same as the quantity ordered on the DD Form 1155, the receipt inspector will:

- (1) Circle the quantity received or if it is not the same, write in the actual quantity received
- Sign name and grade and date of receipt on the shipping (2) invoice
- (3)Forward invoice to recordskeeper

If the quality or quantity of the material is not satisfactory, the vendor should be immediately notified. If the quantity of items received is not the same as the quantity of items ordered, the receipt inspector may accept the lesser quantity. ROM will not allow the ship to receive from a commercial vendor more than what was ordered.

RECEIPT FROM CLF SHIP. The transferring ship will provided a DD From 1348-1 for each item transferred. Ship will receive the quantity transferred at the standard cost. Any differences in quantity received and quantity on DD 1348 will be surveyed to NWCF.

4. RECEIPT FROM PRIME VENDOR.

- a. General. Normally prior to ordering, the Combat Logistics Officer/CTF sends each ship a Prime Vendor catalog with item pricing which is used to create orders. In addition, the CLO /CTF also sends a DLA report to the ship that lists each item paid for by the CTF (STORES REPORT). The Prime Vendor delivery should include an inventory manifest or invoice with the material. Ships will match line items received onboard against the quantity shown on the vendor invoice and DLA report (shipping invoice and DLA items/quantities should be the same) and confirm the requisitions in the ROM system. Differences between the shipping invoice/DLA report and actual receipt by the ship should be surveyed to NWCF). Differences greater than \$100 should be reported to the CLO for review. The receipt price or cost should be taken from the catalog or CTF (STORES report). If it is not available, use the Prime Vendor's invoice and increase the cost for each line item by the DLA surcharge to avoid an unmatched expenditure. Ships should not create new stock record card for like items. ROM will adjust the cost of the item to reflect any new pricing.
- Reporting, Each requisition/item received must have an individual receiving report. The receiving report should show the quantity on the DD Form 1348 or Prime Vendor invoice. The cost will be either the DD form 1348 cost or (if from a Prime Vendor); the STORES report cost or the invoice cost increased by the DLA surcharge.
- 5. RECEIPTS FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS. Receipts from other Government departments will be inspected for quantity and quality as prescribed above.

RECEIPT AND INSPECTIONS SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT

5102 RECEIPTS OF PARTIAL SHIPMENTS

ROM automatically assigns a receiving number and posts partial receipts entered in the ROM Receipts function to the Journal of Receipts. This process will be repeated until final shipment has been received for all items listed on the requisition or purchase order.

5103 RECEIPTS OF MATERIAL ORDERED UNDER FAST PAY PROCEDURES

Under Fast Pay Procedures, the vendor assumes responsibility and risk for supplies not received, damaged supplies, or supplies not in conformance with the Order for Supplies or Services/Request for Quotations (DD Form 1155). Replacement, repair or correction will be at the vendor's expense provided the vendor is advised within 90 days from date of delivery to a post office or common carrier (or shipment by other means to the point of first receipt by the Government) (180 days for overseas shipments). The vendor will be notified immediately of supplies that are not received, damaged, and/or not in conformance with the DD Form 1155 requirements. A copy of the DD Form 1155 should be included for identification purposes. Ship's store items received under Fast Pay or Certificate of Conformance Procedures will be processed in the same manner as other receipts.

5104 RECEIPT BY THE RESPONSIBLE CUSTODIANS

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. ROM does not allow receipts into sales outlets. All receipts must be received in the bulk storeroom. The bulk storeroom custodian will receive all material by quantity, not case count. The following procedures apply:
 - a. Circle the quantity of items received
 - b. Check the "Inspected", "Received" and (if quantity differences exist) the "Accepted, and conforms to the contract except as noted" blocks in block 26 of the DD Form 1155
 - c. Sign name and grade in block 26 of the DD Form 1155

5105 CERTIFICATION OF ACCEPTANCE

- When the receipt inspector and bulk storeroom custodian sign their names to receiving documents, their signature certifies that they acknowledge receipt of items listed of which they hold themselves responsible to the U.S. Government.
- 2. The receipt inspector's copy is the accountable document for receipt. Any discrepancy between the counts recorded by the receipt inspector and bulk storeroom custodian will be investigated. Any loss will be accounted for by a formal survey process as outline in Chapter 7 and supported by the discrepancy report.
- 3. Any merchandise found after the receipt is confirmed will be corrected by doing a spot inventory and accounting adjustment.

5106 ERRORS IN RECEIPT FROM OTHER SUPPLY OFFICERS

- 1. QUANTITY. A quantity error occurs when there is a difference between the quantity physically received and the quantity shown on the receipt document. When an overage or shortage occurs, the receipt inspector and bulk storeroom custodian will indicate on the receipt document the actual quantity physically received. ROM uses an average to compute the cost of an item, i.e. the number and cost of stock on hand is averaged with the number and cost of the item being received. Care must be taken to determine the dollar amount of any shortage so that both the ship and customer is protected.
 - a. <u>Shortages.</u> A shortage occurs when the quantity physically received is less than the quantity on the receipt document, regardless of the quantity on the original requisition.
 - (1) Shortages from CLF ships. The total quantity at the value shown on the DD From 1348-1A will be received and taken up on the stock record cards. The quantity that was shorted will be expended by survey as a charge to the Navy Working Capital Fund. The requisition number, date received and source of supply will be entered in block 9 of the Report of Survey (DD Form 200). An information copy of the DD Form 200 will be forwarded to the issuing activity.
 - (2) Shortages from OSO transfers when the material is not in a "face to face" situation. The total quantity at the value shown on DD form 1149 documents will be taken up on the stock record cards. The quantity that was shorted will be expended by survey as a charge to the Navy Working Capital Fund. The receiving ship will notify the transferring ship of the shortage. The requisition number, date received and source of supply will be entered in block 9 of the Report of Survey (DD Form 200). An information copy of the DD Form 200 will be forwarded to the issuing activity
 - (3) Shortages from OSO transfers when the transfer of material is "face to face". There should be no shortages when both transferring ship and receiving ship are able to both validate the items and prices being transferred and received. All differences must be resolved before any transfer is confirmed.
 - (4) Shortages from Prime Vendor. The Prime Vendor delivery should include an inventory manifest or invoice with the material. Ships will match line items against the CLO/DLA report sent to the Supply Officer and receive the quantity shown on the vendor invoice and confirm the requisitions in the ROM system. Differences should be surveyed to NWCF.
 - b. <u>Overages.</u> An overage occurs when the quantity physically received exceeds the quantity stated on the receipt document regardless of the quantity on the original requisition. The receiving ship has the option of either returning the excess material or keeping it. If the ship elects

to keep the material and is not charged for it the receiving ship will treat the items as a "bonus free item". The requisition must be modified prior to receipt to add the item to the requisition with the quantity of overage and changing the cost to \$0.00. The receipt document will show ordered amount as stated cost and the extra amount as "zero" cost. As an alternative, the ship may do a spot inventory to bring the items into inventory.

5107 ERRORS IN RECEIPTS FROM PURCHASES

- 1. <u>QUANTITY.</u> ROM allows only the quantity ordered or less to be received and posted. Payment will be made only for the quantity posted. Quantity errors for orders under Fast Pay Procedures will be processed as per paragraph 5101.
- 2. <u>QUALTIY.</u> A quality error occurs when the condition of the material received is not satisfactory. Unsatisfactory material will not be accepted and material will be returned to the vendor.

PART C - DISTRIBUTION OF RECEIPT DOCUMENTS

5200 DISTRIBUTION OF RECEIPTS FROM OTHER SUPPLY OFFICERS

RECEIPTS FROM OSO (CARGO). The distribution will be as follows:

- a. DD Form 1348-1A. When a DD Form 1348-1A is used as a receipt document, the distribution will be as follows:
 - (1) The original, signed by the receipt inspector and returned to the issuing ship (if required by issuing ship)
 - (2) Copy of the DD Form 1348-1A and copy of the Receiving Report will be filed in the B05 (AO) File until the monthly transmittal to DFAS. This document should be transmitted electronically if possible
 - (3) Receipt inspector's copy, bulk storeroom custodian copy and copy of the Receiving Report will be filed in B05 (RK) File
- b. DD Form 1149. When a DD Form 1149 is used as a receipt document, the distribution will be as follows:
 - (1) Original copy from issuing ship will be dated, signed and quantities circled and returned to the issuing activity
 - (2) Copy of the DD Form 1149 and copy of the Receiving Report will be filed in the B05 (AO) File until the monthly transmittal to DFAS. This document should be transmitted electronically if possible
 - (3) Receipt inspector's copy, bulk storeroom custodian copy and copy of the Receiving Report will be filed in B05 (RK) File.

5201 **DISTRIBUTION OF RECEIPTS FROM PURCHASES**

<u>UNITED STATES MERCHANDISE.</u> Fast Pay Procedures Applicable. For United States merchandise, the DD Form 1155 will be distributed as follows:

- (1) Copy of Receiving Report will be filed in B01 (AO) File until the monthly transmittal to DFAS. This document should be transmitted electronically if possible.
- (2) Receipt inspector's copy, bulk storeroom custodian copy and copy of the Receiving Report will be filed in B01 (RK) File

PART D - POSTING AND PROCESSING RECEIPT DOCUMENTS

5300 ENTRIES ON RECEIPT DOCUMENTS

- 1. <u>RECEIVING NUMBER.</u> ROM assigns a receiving number to each receipt entered and extends the receipt at cost price.
- CHANGE TO THE COST. A change to the cost of an item is possible only at the time of receipt, before the receipt information is posted in ROM. Upon posting of the receipt of the merchandise, no change of the cost price is possible
- TOTAL COST VALUE. All receipt data including transportation charges will be entered in ROM as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. ROM computes the total cost value of each receipt based on the data entered. The total dollar value of the receipt with cost of transportation will be posted to the Journal of Receipts.

For example:

Quantity	Unit Cost	Extended Cost
Received	Price	Total Price
2 ea	\$29.75	\$59.50
4 pk	\$ 5.00	\$20.00
•		\$79.50
ue of the receipt		\$79.50
tation charges		<u>+ 4.00</u>
alue of receipt		\$83.50
	Received 2 ea	Received Price 2 ea \$29.75 4 pk \$5.00

The total dollar value of the receipt is \$83.50 and this amount will be posted to the Journal of Receipts.

5301 POSTING DIFFERENT TYPE OF RECEIPTS

- GENERAL. Receipt documents for all material will be posted to the applicable stock record cards, as the material must be physically routed through the bulk storeroom. The stock record card is the key data element in documenting ship's store transactions.
- 2. <u>RECEIPTS DIRECTLY INTO A BULK STOREROOM.</u> ROM will not allow receipts into sales or service outlet. All receipts must be received into the bulk storeroom.
- 3. <u>RECEIPTS FROM OTHER APPROPRIATIONS.</u> For material received from other appropriations (such as the general mess or general stores), the receipt will be processed following subparagraph 2. The amount of the credit expenditure will be subtracted from the amount reported on Line B10 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM will post receipts from other appropriations to all applicable records.

5302 POSTING RECEIPTS ON THE JOURNAL OF RECEIPTS

Each receipt recorded on the B01/B05 Report will be assigned a receiving number from a continuous series of numbers beginning each accounting period with the number one (1). ROM automatically assigns a receiving number to each receipt entered and posts the cost value of the receipt to the B01/B05 Report. Corrections to receipts posted in ROM will be made following procedures in paragraph 5304. At the end of the accounting period, ROM will total all receipts entered and posts the applicable sections to the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

5303 TRANSMITTAL OF RECEIPTS AND CREDIT MEMORANDUM DOCUMENTS TO DFAS

- FORWARDING RECEIPTS/CREDIT MEMORANDUMS. Each month the sales officer will forward a summary letter, receiving reports for receipts from purchase, receipts form OSO, accounting adjustments and credit memos to DFAS Cleveland, OH. This transmittal should be sent electronically if possible.
 - a. Paper. The sales officer will forward a floppy diskette containing receipt information for the month. For complete mailing address see paragraph 9203-3. Documents must be submitted to DFAS Cleveland, OH not later than seven calendar days after the end of the month. (This includes the last month of the accounting period. Receipt and credit memorandum documents will be forwarded to DFAS separately from the returns.)
 - b. Electronically. The preferred method of sending documents is electronically. Whenever possible, use the ship's scanner to scan all hard copy documents into a PDF file (DFAS systems cannot accept other formats such as TIF or JPEG etc.), save it to a floppy discs with the normal end of month disc information and send it to:

 shipstores@dfas.mil
 If a scanner is not available the ship should convert ROM files to Microsoft Word documents. Any ROM report can be converted to a MS word document and saved to the floppy disc. For credit memos, the ship must scan the vendor invoice or have the vendor send a scanned copy to the ship of the vendor's invoice, as ROM does not have the means to make a MS word document from paperwork received from a vendor.
 - c. Transmission of electronic documents to DFAS
 - 1. Save all the documents to a floppy disc for sending via email
 - 2. Download the monthly text file to a floppy disc as normal
 - 3. Send an email to DFAS and attach all files. In the subject line of the email, give ships name, UIC and month. If sending more than one email, number the emails.
- 2. <u>SEPARATING RECEIPTS INTO GROUPS.</u> Receipt documents will be separated into two groups as follows:

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- a. Receipts from purchases (including original credit memorandum documents)
- b. Receipts from other supply officers of ship's store stock

A copy of the transmittal cover letter and copy of the itemized list of receipt documents will be filed with the retained returns. ROM will separate receipts into groups automatically. ROM will produce the cover letter, itemized list of receipt documents and the floppy diskette as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. The sales officer will compare the actual documents with the itemized list of receipt documents to verify that the total cost value posted in ROM equals the actual cost value of merchandise received.

- 3. <u>NEGATIVE REPORTS.</u> Negative reports are required. If there are no receipts during a month, a negative letter report must be provided to DFAS for that month. ROM will produce a Negative Report letter for submission to DFAS.
- 4. MAILING PAPER RECEIPT DOCUMENTS. Receipt documents will be mailed not later than seven calendar days after the end of the month. Documents should be securely packaged in envelopes or boxes. The following will be written in the upper left corner of each package:

UIC, Name and FPO Address of s	ship		
"Receipt documents numbers	through	for the month of	,

If two or more packages are used, the number of the package and the total number of packages sent will be included on the outside of the each package.

5304 ADJUSTMENT TO RECEIPT DOCUMENTS

Differences in the value of a receipt document will be corrected by an Accounting Adjustment, only if the difference is in excess of \$10.00. No Accounting Adjustment is necessary for differences of less than \$10.00. Differences less than \$10.00 should not have a significant impact on the ship's store operation. An Accounting Adjustment will be prepared for the differences between the amount of the receipt originally transmitted and the actual value. The difference, the original document number and the month transmitted will be included on the Accounting Adjustment. ROM will automatically assign the next available receiving number to each Accounting Adjustment. The value will show on Line B01 and on Line B22 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. The value of the debit or credit will be reported on the Journal of Receipts for the current accounting period. This value will also be included in the monthly transmittal to DFAS. The DD Form 1149 will be distributed as follows:

- a. Receipts from Purchases
 - (1) Original will be filed in B01 (AO) File
 - (2) Copy will be filed in B01 (RK) File

- b. Receipts from Other Supply Officers
 - (1) Original will be filed in B05 (AO) File
 - (2) Copy will be filed in B05 (RK) File

5305 SHIP'S STORE UNMATCHED EXPENDITURE LISTING

- 1. THE SHIP'S STORE UNMATCHED EXPENDITURE LISTING This lists all unmatched expenditures (payments and OSO summaries) that have not matched with the corresponding receipt document. It is furnished to each ship on monthly basis and the sales officer must reconcile the listing and return it to DFAS within 30 days after receipt.
- 2. <u>DOLLAR AMOUNTS</u>. The listing contains expenditure differences for a one-month period. A cumulative listing is generated at the end of each four-month reporting cycle. Differences of less than \$10.00 do not appear when the expenditure is a payment made by DFAS or a disbursing officer. OSO Summary differences of less than \$10.00 appear for information purposes only on the listing and remain there until aged six months. OSO Summary differences of less than \$10.00 do not require adjustments.
- 3. <u>SHIPS LISTING.</u> An Excel spreadsheet of the Unmatched Expenditure Listing is forwarded to each ship. Upon receipt, the listing will be reconciled in conjunction with the ships retained returns, purchase order log and requisition log. Enter the applicable action codes (with information required to fill in the blanks) onto the listing and return the original to DFAS within 30 days and file the copy in WF 3.
- 4. SHIPS ACTION CODES:

CODE	EXPLANATION
1	Material not received or shipments partially received. Vendor has or will be contacted.
2	Material received. Receiver's number in the amount of \$ forwarded in transmittal of receipts.
3	Cannot identify transaction. If valid charge, furnish copy of paid OSO Summary/Voucher Invoice.
4	Discrepancy due to quantity difference. Copy of signed delivery ticket attached. Request DFAS recoup overpayment.
5	Discrepancy due to deduction of Credit Memo in the amount of \$ from receipt but not from payment. Copy of credit memo attached. Request DFAS take appropriate action on credit memo.

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5.

6	numb transr	date/serial number appears to be incorrect. Receiver's er in the amount of \$ forwarded in the nittal under Order number Request DFAS rch and advise.
7		s action codeinformation previously furnished on tched listing for
8	Other	(Specify details)
		nitions used by DFAS on the Unmatched Expenditure penditure types.
a.	RECEIPT TY	PES
	PURREC	Purchase Receipt
	OSOREC	Other Supply Officer Receipt

b. <u>EXPENDITURE TYPES</u>

PAYEXP	Payment made to commercial vendor
DLAEXP	Payment of merchandise procured from Defense Logistics Agencies (DLA). (Prime Vendor payments)
COREXP	Correction on payment made to vendor
COLEXP	Collection voucher (credit memos and checks for refunds, offsets, etc)
162EXP	Requisitions summarized by Other Supply Officers

PART E - PROCESSING DEALER'S BILLS FOR PAYMENT

5400 PROMPT PAYMENT ACT

Under the provisions of the Prompt Payment Act (Public Law 97-177), federal agencies are required to pay interest penalties for late payment of a proper dealer's invoice. In the interest of better business relationships with vendors, improved efficiency of the bill paying functions and reduced cost of goods and service, all activities with procurement authority are required to certify and forward proper invoices promptly to the paying activity specified in the purchase order. For most purchases, payment is due within 30 days of the date of acceptance of material/services or receipt of invoice; whichever is later, unless another date is specified in the contract. In order for the paying activity to comply with the above time frames, all ships are required to submit invoices for payment within five working days following certification and acceptance of the goods or services.

5401 DEALER'S BILLS FOR UNITED STATES MERCHANDISE

1. <u>FAST PAY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE</u>

- a. Payment to Vendor. The Fast Pay and Certificate of Conformance Procedures are designed to expedite payment to the vendor. Under these procedures, a dealer's bill is paid when the vendor can certify delivery of the material to a post office or common carrier (or shipment via other means to the point of first receipt by the Government). The vendor agrees to replace, repair or correct supplies not received at the destination, damaged in transit, or not conforming to purchase requirements provided the vendor is advised within 90 days from date of delivery (180 days for overseas shipments). Payment for material and the cost of transportation will be made upon the submission by the vendor to the paying activity of the following:
- b. Checking Dealer's Bills. Upon receipt, the copy of a dealer's bill will be checked by the sales officer against the certified copy of the purchase order in the B01 (RK) File. The dealer's bill will be checked to ensure that:
 - (1) Items listed on dealer's bill are the same items received on purchase order
 - (2) Quantities billed are the same as the quantity of items received
 - (3) The prices listed on the dealer's bill are the same as the cost prices on the purchase order

Discrepancies in quantities or incorrect prices billed by vendor will be reported to the vendor to request corrective action.

c. <u>Document Distribution.</u> After the copy of the dealer's bill has been checked, it will be filed with the retained copy of the DD Form 1155 in the B01 (RK) File.

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5402 DEALER'S BILLS FOR FOREIGN MERCHANDISE

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Payment of dealer's bills for foreign merchandise will be made under the terms of current contracts and following fleet and force commanders' instructions covering foreign purchases.
- 2. <u>FAST PAY PROCEDURES APPLICABLE.</u> When foreign merchandise is ordered from Navy Exchanges, Fast Pay Procedures are applicable. The bill from a Navy Exchange will be processed in the same manner outlined in paragraph 5401-1.

3. FAST PAY PROCEDURES NOT APPLICABLE

<u>Disbursing Officer Makes Payment.</u> When a dealer's bill is received from a foreign vendor, it will be paid by the ship's disbursing officer unless payment by another official is required. To support payments by the ship's disbursing officer, the sales officer will provide the following documents:

- (1) The original and one certified copy of the confirmed purchase order
- (2) The original and three copies of the dealer's bill
- (3) The original and all copies of the Public Voucher for Purchases and Service Other Than Personal (SF 1034).

<u>Paying Activity Makes Payment.</u> If payment cannot be made by the disbursing officer, the following will be forwarded under a letter of transmittal to the activity designated to pay the bill:

- (1) The original and certified copy of the confirmed purchase order
- (2) The original and three copies of the dealer's bill

5403 FOLLOW-UP ON DEALER'S BILLS

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> When purchased material has been received without a dealer's bill, the sales officer will take action to ensure that a dealer's bill is received.

2. <u>UNITED STATES MERCHANDISE</u>

- a. <u>Fast Pay Procedures Applicable.</u> The sales officer will contact the vendor if a copy of the dealer's bill has not been received by the time material is received on board.
- b. <u>Fast Pay Procedures Not Applicable.</u> The sales officer will contact the vendor if the dealer's bill does not accompany material with it is received onboard.

3. FOREIGN MERCHANDISE

- a. <u>Fast Pay Procedures Applicable</u>. The sales officer will contact the Navy Exchange Officer if a copy of the dealer's bill has not been received by the time the material is delivered onboard.
- b. <u>Fast Pay Procedures Not Applicable.</u> The sales officer will contact the vendor to ensure the dealer's bill is received onboard before the ship's departure from the area. If this cannot be accomplished, arrangements for payment will be made with a shore activity, local naval attachment, naval observer or consular officer. Arrangements will be made as follows:
 - (1) The local naval attachment or naval observer must be designated as a special disbursing agent.
 - (2) If there is no naval attachment or naval observer, or if there is no disbursing officer available in the area, arrangements may be made with the consular officer. The sales officer must submit a prepared Public Voucher for Purchases and Services Other Than Personal (SF 1034) with the original and certified copy of the confirmed purchase order to the consular office. If no arrangements can be made, the vendor will be informed that payment of the bill will be delayed due to ship movement and payment will be made promptly upon receipt of the bill in the mail.

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CHAPTER 6 – STOWAGE, BREAKOUTS AND INTRA-STORE TRANSFER

PART A - STOWAGE

6000 BULK STOREROOM STOWAGE

- 1. <u>SPACES.</u> Bulk storerooms are Group III spaces and will be secured as per paragraph 1201-2. Ship's store will not be stowed in the same storeroom with other articles, which are not in the custody of the bulk storeroom custodian. In emergencies and when locked and separate spaces are not available, the commanding officer may authorize in writing other types of stowage. After the emergency has passed, the stock will be properly stowed again in a separate space.
- 2. <u>MARKING.</u> Each box or container will be clearly marked as follows:
 - a. Month and year of receipt for all items of ship's store stock with special emphasis on confections, food products, tobacco products, and can drinks.
 - b. Each box may have the stock number or a ROM generated barcode on the outside of the box to assist in the inventory of all items in the location. The ROM system will print labels showing the barcode for each item in stock.
- 3. ARRANGEMENT AND PRESERVATION. Bulk storeroom stock will be arranged in a neat and orderly fashion. Stock should be stowed by item, brand name, barcode and date or receipt to facilitate breakouts, inventories and proper rotation of stock. Case lots should be stowed on grating and not placed directly on the deck. Open space will be provided between individual cases and structural obstructions (such as steam pipes) to permit maximum ventilation. Stagnant air is detrimental to perishable items. Bulk storerooms will be ventilated at least once a week, if practical.
- 4. <u>ISSUING AND ROTATION.</u> The oldest stock on hand in the bulk storeroom should be issued first. Generally, it's "first in, first out". However, when deployed overseas, stock may be received from Fleet Industrial Supply Centers and mobile logistics support force ships, which was manufactured before the stock loaded in the United States during load out. In this instance, the "new" stock received is actually older than the stock already in the bulk storeroom and should be issued first.

6001 STOWAGE OF CLOTHING

Clothing will not be stowed against bulkheads because of the possibility of bulkhead sweating. Loose clothing will be wrapped in plastic/paper to ensure it remains clean and saleable. Special care will be taken to keep white clothing clean and attractive. Grating will be used to keep shoe containers off the deck. Storerooms will be kept dry at all times and frequently inspected by the sales officer.

6002 STOWAGE OF FOOD PRODUCTS

Food products should be stored at 70°F. Cookies and crackers will be stored in a well-ventilated area. These items are subject to rapid deterioration and humidity greater than 75% and become stale and musty.

6003 STOWAGE OF CONFECTIONS

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Confections keep reasonable well when stored in dry places. Cartons of candy should not be stacked higher than eight feet as the pressure and weight on the bottom cartons can damage the product. Other ship's store stock should not be stowed near confections. Dry goods protected with camphor, detergents or other products will spoil candy. Confectionery stock should be stowed so air can freely circulate. Hot spots can develop and cause these products to deteriorate.

2. TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY CONTROL

- a. <u>General.</u> Temperature and humidity effect confections. Severe fluctuations in temperature or humidity can damage confections. Proper stock rotation will ensure the freshness of confections.
- b. <u>Chocolate.</u> Chocolate should be stored and sold at 60°F to 65°F with a relative humidity of 50%. At temperatures above 70°F, the coca butter will melt and rise to the surface causing a white "bloom". Although edible, such chocolate is a poor sales item. When chocolate with nuts is stored at temperatures above 70°F for long periods, the oil in the nuts will become rancid.
- c. Other Candy. Non-chocolate candies are not affected by temperature as much as they are by high or low humidity. Humidity will adversely affect the appearance and taste of non-chocolate candy. Marshmallows, nougat and fudge dry out when the relative humidity is fewer than 40%. Jellies, caramels and hard candies will sweat and become sticky when the relative humidity is over 63%.

6004 STOWAGE OF CAN DRINKS

Can drinks can be stored for a relatively long time with the exception of diet drinks. Proper rotation is essential to preserve the subtle characteristics of the drink. The sales officer will periodically inspect for damaged cans or cases to ensure limited damage and sanitary conditions.

6005 STOWAGE OF TOBACCO PRODUCTS

Tobacco products will be stored in a dry, well-ventilated space. Cigarettes should be stored in a cool place at 70°F to 75°F with relative humidity of 60%. Cigars and tobacco require dry storage of approximately 60°F.

6006 STOWAGE OF LAUNDRY SUPPLIES

Laundry supplies should be stored in accordance with the manufacturer's instruction if possible.

6007 STOWAGE OF FLAMMABLE SHIP'S STORE STOCK

- GENERAL. The flash point of a liquid is the lowest temperature at which its vapor forms an ignitable mixture with the air. The flash point measures the risk of combustion when the liquid escapes its packaging. The flash point is not the same as the combustion temperature, which is when the liquid will actually burn.
- 2. Based on this criterion, the following authorized items of ship's store stock have been identified as flammable stock:

Fluid, lighter
Lotion, suntan
Lotion, after-shave
Mouthwash, antiseptic
Deodorant
Lotion, hair
Spray, hair
Perfumes / cologne
Polish, shoe, paste
Polish, metal
Spray spotter
Remover, grease
Spray sizing, aerosol

- 3. <u>REQUIRED PRECAUTIONS.</u> The following precautions will be taken to minimize the hazards of flammable ship's store stock:
 - a. Carefully estimate needs to prevent overstocking of flammable items. Limit retail store quantities to three days anticipated sales
 - b. Upon receipt, check flammable merchandise for condition, correct identification and proper marking/labeling
 - c. Do not concentrate flammable items in the retail store. Stow bulk Stocks in a paint and flammable liquid storeroom or NAVSEA approved flammable locker to provide containment upon potential spontaneous combustion.

- d. Post a copy of flammable listing in the storeroom adjacent to designated flammable area or on flammable item locker.
- e. Periodically examine flammable stock in the store and in storeroom for leakage.
- f. Ensure good housekeeping practices are strictly enforced in areas containing flammable stock.

PART B - BREAKOUTS, BREAKBACKS

6100 GENERAL INFORMATION

- GENERAL. Breakouts and break backs involve the movement of stock between bulk storerooms and sales outlets. This includes items sold to customers and items consumed directly in the performance of a service for customers.
- 2. <u>RETAIL ITEMS.</u> The term "retail items" is defined as any item of stock carried for sale in a sales outlet.
- 3. TRANSFERING CUSTODIAN. The accountable custodian is responsible for the picking, packing and delivery of stock from that location.
- 4. <u>RECEIVING CUSTODIAN.</u> The accountable custodian is responsible for the accurate receiving of stock at that location.
- 5. <u>NON-EPOS COST OF SALES.</u> To obtain the cost of sales for any Non-EPOS outlet the on hand merchandise is counted and on hand inventory entered into ROM. The difference between the inventory broken out to the site and the on hand will be counted as the cost of sales.

6101 NUMBER CONTROL

The ROM system automatically assigns the next available number for each breakout or breakback. The series of numbers will restart at the beginning of each new accounting period.

6102 INTRA-STORE TRANSFER DATA

- 1. NAVSUP FORM 973. The records keeper will select the items to be transferred and print out a NAVSUP Form 973 used by the transferring custodian to pick, pack and move the material to the location specified. The NAVSUP Form 973 will list each item being transferred, the retail price of the item, and have an area in which the transferring custodian will circle requested quantity if the requested quantity was the quantity delivered or write in the quantity delivered in the quantity sent block. The receiving custodian will verify receipt of goods by writing in the quantity of each item received in the "quantity received" block. Both transferring and receiving custodians will sign the NAVSUP Form 973 to certify material sent and received. After confirmation of the receipt of merchandise, the records keeper will confirm the transfer; print a confirmed NAVSUP Form 973 and file in the RR 1 File.
- 2. <u>ROM BREAKOUT FUNCTION.</u> This function allows the records keeper to create, modify, print and confirm transfers as well as view past transfers.

6103 BREAKOUT/BREAKBACK PROCEDURES

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> All breakouts/breakbacks of material to EPOS and Non-EPOS locations will be handled by the same procedure.
- 2. <u>SELECTION OF ITEMS TO BE TRANSFERRED.</u> The records keeper will generate a NAVSUP Form 973 of items to be transferred. The records keeper will sign each NAVSUP Form 973.
- 3. <u>BREAKOUT OF STOCK.</u> After preparation and signature, the records keeper will give the NAVSUP Form 973 to the transferring custodian, who will pick, pack and move the material. The transferring custodian is responsible for:
 - a. Locating and staging items listed on the NAVSUP Form 973.
 - If quantity requested is the quantity transferred, the transferring custodian will circle the quantity requested. If the quantity is different, the transferring custodian will write the quantity transferred next to the item.
 - c. Signing the NAVSUP Form 973 to certify the accuracy of the delivery
 - d. Ensuring the NAVSUP Form 973 goes with the material to the receiving location.
 - e. Moving the stock to the receiving location
- 4. <u>RECEIPT OF STOCK.</u> Upon delivery of items, the receiving custodian is responsible for:
 - a. Recording the quantities received next to each item listed
 - b. Resolving any discrepancy in quantities at time of delivery, if possible
 - c. Signing the NAVSUP Form 973 to certify the accuracy of receipt
 - d. Ensuring the NAVSUP Form 973 is returned to the records keeper

5. BREAKOUT COMPLETE

Upon receipt of the NAVSUP Form 973 from the receiving custodian, the records keeper is responsible for:

- a. Ensuring there were no discrepancies in quantities delivered and received between the transferring and receiving custodians.
- b. Ensuring both transferring and receiving custodians have signed the NAVSUP Form 973

- c. Editing the quantities delivered (if required) and confirming the breakout/breakback. Printing a confirmed NAVSUP Form 973 and filing both the original and confirmed copies in the RR 1 File.
- 6. UNRESOLVED DISCREPANCIES. If a discrepancy exists between the quantities transferred and received, an immediate inventory of the item concerned will be taken in the bulk storeroom before confirming the breakout. The result of this inventory will be compared with the quantities shown on the stock record card, the sales officer will initial the change on the NAVSUP Form 973 and increase or decrease the quantity listed to match bulk and confirm the transfer. To record any loss and to bring book inventories in line with actual inventories the sales officer will direct that a spot inventory for those items be taken at all locations. Should recurring discrepancies be discovered, more training will be given and more attention placed on functions and procedures in completing documents properly.

6104 USE OF PERSONAL DATA TERMINAL (PDT)

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> PDTs are used to conduct UPC Maintenance or record stock numbers and quantities for breakouts/break backs and inventories.
- 2. <u>UPC MAINTENANCE.</u> The PDT must be loaded with stock number and UPC data from the ROM system. This information is used by the PDT to scan and verify that the UPC is linked to a stock number. If a UPC is not linked to a stock number, the PDT will prompt the user to enter the stock number. Procedures for UPC Maintenance are contained in the ROM User's Guide.
- 3. MOVEMENT OF STOCK. There are several methods to determine breakout requirements for outlets and generate the breakout document. The outlet operator can provide a list to the records keeper. The record keeper can refer to the Breakout Recommendation Report and create a breakout document, or the outlet operator can use the PDT to generate a breakout request.
 - a. PDT Breakout
 - (1) Store operator uses a PDT to scan item(s) and enter quantities requested and return PDT to records keeper.
 - (2) PDT data is imported into ROM
 - (3) Records keeper creates new breakout document and imports PDT information to the document
 - (4) Normal process for movement of stock is followed

6105 COMMERCIAL SHELF LIFE CODING

<u>General.</u> Commercial manufacturers have changed how they code shelf life on products. The following are the most common shelf life terms. Food inspectors should use these guidelines with regard to shelf life extension.

- a. Package has a stated "Sell by" Date. This date tells the store how long to display the product for sale. If the date is reached, the product should be pulled from sale if at a store, or held at distribution points pending review by designated food inspection personnel. They may upon inspection extend the shelf life for up to 30 additional days.
- b. Package has a stated "Best if used by, (or Before)" or "Guarantee Fresh" dates. This date shows the date recommended for best flavor or quality. It is not a purchase or safety date. If no manufacture extension of shelf life guidance has been provided by NEXCOM and if the date is reached, the product should be referred to designated food inspection personnel. They may upon inspection extend the product for up to 30 days with additional reviews available. If NEXCOM provides guidance, that information will be used to compute the extended shelf life and to establish a "sell by date".
- c. Package has a stated "Use By" date. The last date recommended for the use of a product while at peak quality. The manufacturer of the product has determined the date. If the date is reached, the product should be pulled from sale if at a store, or held at distribution points pending review by designated food inspection personnel. They may upon inspection extend the product for up to 30 days with additional reviews available
- d. Coded Dated Product. If the product only has a date on the package, it should be considered a "Sell By" date unless NEXCOM has provided additional shelf life guidance on the product. Inspectors will use the date on the package or the NEXCOM guidance; whichever is the later date, to determine the stated shelf life of the product. If the date is coded and inspectors cannot determine a date, contact Navy Exchange Service Command for information on how to read the product's code.

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CHAPTER 7 – EXPENDITURES

PART A - GENERAL INFORMATION

7000 EXPENDITURE DOCUMENTS

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> There are six ways to expend material from your operation.
 - A. <u>Transfer to Other Supply Officers.</u> Expenditure of material within the same Navy ship's store financial account. The transferring ship will prepare an expenditure document (DD Form 1149) to transfer the material to another ship.
 - b. <u>Transfer to Other Appropriation.</u> Expenditure of material outside of the ship store financial account. The transfer may be to another DOD activity, the ship, or other government activity.
 - c. <u>Bulk Sales/Cash Refunds.</u> Expenditure of material to commercial vendors, the Navy Exchange, or the Commanding Officer for official functions.
 - d. <u>Cost of Operations.</u> Expenditure of material to the ship's store's own use.
 - e. <u>Survey.</u> Expenditure of material from the ship's financial records, ultimately to de destroyed or disposed.
 - f. Credit Memorandum. Expenditure of material to a commercial vendor.
- 2. <u>FORMS.</u> The following forms will be used for expenditure transactions, as appropriate:
 - a. Report of Survey (DD Form 200)
 - b. Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149)

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PART B - SURVEYS

7100 SHIP'S STORE STOCK REQUIRING REPORT OF SURVEY

1. <u>SURVEYS CHARGED TO NAVY WORKING CAPITAL FUND</u> A survey will be made immediately under the following conditions as a charge to the Navy Working Capital Fund (NWCF):

- a. Loss of stock in shipment.
- b. Stock damaged in shipment.
- c Loss of stock because of damage by water, oil, fire or other similar causes.
- d Receipt of merchandise with expired shelf life during underway replenishment. Items must have expired shelf life upon receipt or be out of date within 30 days of receipt.
- e. Loss or shortage of merchandise, which occurs between receipt on pier (when receipt is by box count) and receipt by unit or issue by bulk storeroom custodian.
- f. When directed by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program).

Ships will use a Report of Survey (DD Form 200) to survey the material as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. The approval of NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) in not required for surveys charged to the Navy Working Capital Fund under the above conditions. The total money value of the survey will be included on Line B15 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM assigns an expenditure number, expends the surveyed items from the stock record cards and posts the survey to the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

- 2. <u>SURVEYS CHARGED TO SHIP'S STORE PROFITS OF INDIVIDUAL SHIP.</u> A survey for ship's store stock charging SSPN will be prepared on a Report of Survey (DD Form 200) for the following circumstances:
 - a. Evident theft
 - b. Items that are shopworn or that have no resale value due to damage or deterioration regardless of dollar value
 - c. Food or beverage items with expired shelf life. Items may continue to be sold if the item has been inspected by Medical personnel / Army Vet and its shelf life extended.

7101 GENERAL SURVEY PROCEDURES

1. GENERAL. Surveys provide a report for administrative review of the following:

- a. The loss or damage of material
- b. The cause of the loss or damage
- c. The responsibility for the loss or damage

A survey also provides authority to expend the material from records. A Report of Survey (DD Form 200) is required when surveying ship's store stock. All items are expended using average cost price.

- 2. <u>APPROVING OFFICIAL.</u> The commanding officer has full responsibility for surveys. He may delegate, in writing, approving officer responsibility as follows:
 - a. <u>Large Value Surveys; To</u> the supply officer for survey of ship's store stock valued at less than \$10,000.00 provided the supply officer is not also the sales officer
 - b. <u>Small Value Surveys</u>; To the sales officer for survey of ship's store stock with a total value of less than \$500.
- 3. <u>SURVEY OFFICER</u>. The approving officer appoints the survey officer in writing. Individuals who are accountable or responsible will not be appointed as survey officers (for example, the sales officer). The survey officer must be a commissioned officer, warrant officer, or enlisted member in the grade E7 or above. A survey officer is not required for surveys to SSPN under the following circumstances:
 - a. Items that are shopworn or that have no resale value due to damage or deterioration regardless of dollar value
 - b. Food or beverage items with expired shelf life.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DUTIES

- a. <u>Sales Officer.</u> The sales officer will create a new Report of Survey (DD Form 200) in ROM, completing at least the following blocks:
 - (1) Survey Type
 - (2) Reason
 - (3) Item(s) to be surveyed

The DD Form 200 will be printed, signed by the sales officer and forwarded to the surveying officer. The surveying officer will use the printed DD Form 200 as a worksheet and return it to the sale officer prior to forwarding for approval. The DD Form 200 shall not be confirmed until the survey is approved.

b. <u>Surveying Officer.</u> The surveying officer will conduct a review of the circumstances and items listed on the survey.

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5. <u>FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.</u> The surveying officer will record the findings and recommendations of the review in block 14 of the DD Form 200. Along with the findings, the surveying officer will make recommendations for the disposition of the survey based on a personal evaluation of the findings and sign block 15. The surveying officer will:

- Ensure the findings and recommendations do not contain any unsubstantiated opinions or stereotype phrases (the surveying officer's own words should be used to explain how the loss or damage occurred and to give recommendations.).
- b. Ensure findings substantiate or refute the statements made in block 9 of the DD Form 200. (The findings should be complete enough so others reviewing the report can readily determine responsibility without referring the report back to the surveying officer for further investigation or information). For surveys as a result of receipt of items with expired shelf life, the survey officer must make a statement that they have verified that they have examined the products and the shelf life is expired upon receipt or within 30 days of expiration.
- c. For SSPN surveys not requiring a Survey Officer (7101-3) the Sales Officer will type the following statement: in block 14 when preparing the survey "I have seen the above merchandise and ordered it destroyed". Either the sales officer or supply officer will sign block 15 depending on delegated authority from the commanding officer.
- 6. APPROVAL. After the surveying officer completes the Report of Survey (DD Form 200), it will be returned to the sales officer, who will forward the survey document to the approving officer. The approving officer will review the DD Form 200 and ensure the loss or damage is sufficiently explained. The approving officer may approve, modify or disapprove the recommendations of the surveying officer. If the approving officer does not approve the surveying officer's recommendations, the approving officer will take actions required to meet the surveying officer's requirements and resubmit. The approving officer will sign block 18 on the survey document when they approve.
- 7. <u>ACCOUNTING FOR SURVEYS.</u> After approval, the sale officer will review and confirm the survey in ROM. The dollar value will post automatically on the Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153) as follows:
 - a. Line B15 for surveys to NWCF of ship's store stock
 - b. Line B23 for surveys to SSPN, Retail
 - c. Line B27 for surveys to SSPN, Vending

7102 DISTRIBUTION OF SURVEY

1. <u>DISTRIBUTION.</u> After approval and confirmation of the DD Form 200 the signed and confirmed copies will be attached and filed as follows:

- a. For surveys to NWCF:
 - (1) Original file in B15 (AO) File
 - (2) Copy filed in B15 (RK) File
- b. For surveys to SSPN:
 - (1) Original filed in B23 (AO) File for SSPN, Retail or B27 (AO) File for SSPN, Vending
 - (2) Copy filed in B23 (RK) File for SSPN, Retail or B27 (RK) File for SSPN, Vending

7103 DISPOSITION OF SURVEYED MATERIAL

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Ship's store stock, which has been surveyed, will be destroyed or disposed.
- 2. <u>SCRAP.</u> Items of clothing, which are surveyed, may be used aboard ship for wiping cloths or as considered appropriate, when in a sanitary condition.
- 3. <u>DISPOSAL BY BURNING.</u> The Report of Survey (DD Form 200) will contain a statement that a medical officer has determined that the clothing items are a menace to health and must be destroyed immediately.

7104 SURVEYED MATERIAL SUBSEQUENTLY RECEIVED

Ship's store stock previously surveyed as missing in shipment may be received by spot inventory. The value of the merchandise will be posted to Line B14 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 as a Gain by Inventory.

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PART C - TRANSFER TO OTHER SUPPLY OFFICERS

7200 TRANSFER TO OTHER SUPPLY OFFICERS (OSO)

1. <u>GENERAL</u>. Before the ship may transfer any merchandise, it will receive a requisition number and list of items desired from the requesting ship. The request should be on a DD Form 1149 signed by the Sales Officer. Upon receipt of the requisition, the sales officer of the transferring ship will approve the transfer and direct the records keeper to create an expenditure DD Form 1149 as outlined in the ROM User's Guide and the bulk custodian to prepare the transfer. To ensure accountability of the merchandise the requesting ship will have paperwork signed by their bulk custodian and receipt inspector and a copy of the transferring ship's document with signatures of the Sales Officer and their bulk custodian. The transferring ship will have the original requisition document and signed receipt from the receiving ship.

2. TRANSFER PROCEDURES Process Flow

- a. The Requesting ship records keeper:
 - Creates a requisition order (DD Form 1149) and sends it to the transferring ship
 - 2. Provides copies of the requisition to the receipt inspector and bulk custodian
- b. Transferring ship records keeper:
 - 1. Obtains approval from the Sales officer to transfer the material
 - 2. Creates an expenditure document (DD Form 1149)
 - 3. Types or hand writes a line to the bottom of the expenditure document as follows: "I certify that the material has been expended from bulk".
 - 4. Sales Officer signs the expenditure document approving the transfer
 - 5. The Bulk Custodian signs the handwritten statement certifying that they have transferred the material out of the bulk after they have validated the quantities to be transferred and circled the amount on the document. If the bulk custodian is not able to expend the quantities listed they must notify the records keeper who will modify the transfer document with the correct quantities.
 - 6. Ship sends material and expenditure document to requesting ship. If possible the ship will send a PDF copy of the transfer document to the requesting ship.
- c. Requesting Ship upon receipt of the material and documents
 - Receipt inspector will receive the material on their receipt document. They
 will also sign the expenditure document in the received by block at the bottom
 of the DD Form 1149 documents and forward both documents to the records
 keeper. If the receipt inspector notes quantity differences they should resolve
 the difference at the pier if possible. If that is not possible, they will note the
 correct quantity on their receipt paperwork.
 - 2. Bulk custodian will receive the items into bulk, sign paperwork and send to records keeper.
 - 3. Records keeper will compare expenditure document with receipt and bulk custodian paperwork. If quantities and prices match, the records keeper will post the receipt. If they do not match, the receipt will remain unconfirmed until the issue is resolved between both ships.

3. <u>DOCUMENT DISTRIBUTION</u>

- a. Transferring ship
 - 1. Original filed in B19 (RK) File
 - 2. One copy filed in B19 (AO) File
- b. Requesting ship
 - 1. Original request to Transferring ship
 - 2. Receipt inspector copy and Bulk copy filed B05 file

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PART D - TRANSFER TO OTHER APPROPRIATIONS

7300 OTHER TRANSFERS

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Except in cases of extreme emergency, requests for ship's store stock from another government department or a foreign government will not be honored if the request is not an official requisition containing the following:

- a. The specific accounting data of the department, which will pay the cost
- b. The signature of the fiscal officer of the other government department or the agency of the foreign government from whom reimbursement is to be obtained.
- 2. OTHER GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENTS AND SHIPS OPERATED UNDER THE MILITARY SEALIFT COMMAND. Every effort will be made to sell rather than transfer ship's store stock to other government departments (including the Army and Air Force) and to ships operated under the Military Sealift Command. If conditions prohibit local collection, the sales officer will contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) for further guidance.
- 3. <u>FOREIGN GOVERNMENT AND FOREIGN VESSELS OF WAR.</u> Ship's store stock will not be transferred to foreign governments without the specific approval of the Naval Supply Systems Command. Ship's store stock will be sold at current retail price and cash will be collected at the time of sale. The transaction will be handled as a cash sale. Questions on procedures should be directed to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program).

PART E - ISSUES TREATED AS TRANSFER TO OTHER APPROPRIATIONS

7400 TYPES OF ISSUES

- 1. GENERAL. Issues will be limited to the following:
 - a. For health and comfort
 - b. To the general mess
 - c. To ship's use (OPTAR)
 - d. To Marine Corps personnel
 - e. To survivors of marine and aircraft disasters
 - f. To merchant ships in distress
 - g. For burial of the dead
- 2. <u>ISSUE PRICE.</u> Issues of ship's store stock will be made at cost price, except Issues of health and comfort items will be made at retail price from the retail store.

7401 HEALTH AND COMFORT ISSUES AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

Health and comfort issues are authorized by NAVREGS. The purpose of these issues is to provide toilet goods, tobacco, clothing items and other necessities required for the health and well being of personnel without sufficient funds to purchase them. Health and comfort issues may be made to personnel of the Navy, Marine Corps, Army, Air Force and Coast Guard and their respective reserve components.

7402 HEALTH AND COMFORT ISSUES TO PERSONNEL IN A PAY STATUS

- GENERAL. These procedures apply only to personnel in a pay status who are not being paid on a regular basis. Personnel receiving bimonthly paychecks are not eligible for issues of health and comfort items and uniform issues via pay account deduction. Personnel in a non-pay status are covered under paragraph 7403.
- 2. <u>ELIGIBLE PERSONNEL.</u> Issues may be made to the following personnel in a pay status of the Navy, Marine Corps, Army, Air Force, Coast Guard and their respective reserve components:
 - a. Returned deserters or absentees
 - b. Personnel on first enlistment or first reporting for active duty prior to receiving clothing allowance

c. Personnel subject to the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S. Code 801-940) and confined in naval confinement activity.

Issues to personnel in confinement will be in accordance with the Corrections Manual (SECNAVINST 1640.9 series).

- 3. <u>APPROVAL FOR ISSUES.</u> The commanding officer, or delegated representative, will approve all health and comfort issues by signing the original and two copies of the Request and Receipt for Health and Comfort Supplies (DD Form 504) for issues of ship's store stock. Prior to approval, the member's name and pay status will be verified. In some cases, the member may have a temporary ID card.
- 4. <u>AMOUNTS THAT MAY BE ISSUED.</u> Issues of ship's store and clothing items to personnel without funds will be charged on the pay account of these individuals. Issues of ship's store stock items, other than clothing, will not exceed \$50.00 per month at retail price for any one individual.
- 5. ACCOUNTING FOR ISSUES. Prior to creation of the DD 504, the cognizant division of the person in a non-pay status will gather the information for the items, their costs and total from the ship's store. Upon creation of the DD 504, it will be presented to the Disbursing Officer. The Disbursing Officer will transfer the value of the issue to a Navy Cash card in accordance with PAYPERS Manual for subsequent purchase in the ship's store. The purchase of the health and comfort items will be processed as a regular sale in the ship's store using the Navy Cash card.

7403 HEALTH AND COMFORT ISSUES TO NAVAL PERSONNEL IN A NON-PAY STATUS

- GENERAL. Issues to naval personnel in confinement will be made in accordance with the Corrections Manual (SECNAVINST 1640.9 series). A person in a non-pay status is not being credited with any pay or allowances. Persons are considered to be in a non-pay status when they are:
 - a. Sentenced to forfeit all pay and allowances as a result of general courts martial conviction (see Department of Defense Military Pay and Allowances Entitlements Manual (DODPM))
 - b. Confined by U.S. military authorities awaiting trial by a foreign court (see DODPM)
 - Confined by U.S. military authorities or still serving a sentence in a confinement activity after discharge or expiration of enlistment or obligated active service (see DODPM).
 - d. Awaiting determination of separation because of fraudulent enlistment (see DODPM).
- 2. <u>APPROVAL OF ISSUES.</u> The commanding officer or delegated representative will approve all health and comfort issues by signing the original and five copies of the Request and Receipt for Health and Comfort

Supplies (DD Form 504) for issues of ship's store stock. Prior to approval, the member's name and pay status will be verified. In some cases, the member may have a temporary ID card.

3. <u>AMOUNTS THAT MAY BE ISSUED.</u> There is no specific limitation to the value of clothing items that may be issued for health and comfort. Issues of items, other than clothing, will not exceed \$50.00 per month at retail price for any one individual.

4. <u>ISSUES CHARGEABLE TO CONFINEMENT ACTIVITY'S OPTAR</u>

- Issues of clothing items issued to a prisoner will be expended from the Navy Working Capital Fund as a charge to the confinement activity's OPTAR.
- b. Other items authorized by the commanding officer for health and comfort of a prisoner in a non-pay status are chargeable to the confinement activity's OPTAR.
- c. Services (barber, laundry, tailor, etc) furnished to a prisoner are chargeable to the confinement activity's OPTAR.
- 5. <u>PRISONER UNDERGOING HOSPITAL TREATMENT.</u> A prisoner undergoing treatment aboard a hospital ship may be issued the following:
 - Clothing items required
 - b. Health and comfort items that have been approved by the ward medical officer

The ward medical officer will determine whether or not the prisoner is able to receive the health and comfort items. The request, along with the certificate of the ward medical officer, must be approved by the commanding officer. The value of items issued will not exceed \$50.00 per month at retail price for any one individual. Issues will be charged to the hospital ship's OPTAR.

6. ACCOUNTING FOR ISSUES

- a. Processing Procedures. The retail store operator will verify the information on the DD Form 504. The operator will then package the items on the DD Form 504 and give to the person receiving the issue.
 The operator will take the DD Form 504 and give a copy to the person receiving the issue. Detailed procedures for conducting a health and comfort sale in the ship's store is outlined in the ROM User's Guide
- b. Reporting Issues. For each issue, the sales officer will prepare a NAVSUP Form 973 to breakback the merchandise to bulk, based on the DD Form 504, this breakback will be paperwork only. Once the breakback is confirmed, the sales officer will prepare an Issue to Ship's Use (DD Form 1149) to expend

the merchandise. The sales officer will ensure that the requesting form has an accounting line of data to enter on the DD Form 1149. The DD Form 1149 and DD Form 504 will be distributed as follows:

DD Form 1149	DD Form 504	<u>Distribution</u>
Original	Сору	B10 (AO) File
Сору	Сору	B10 (RK) File
Сору	Original	To the supply officer
	Сору	To person receiving issue

The records keeper will enter the issue as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. ROM will assign an expenditure number and post the issue to the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

c. Monthly List of Issues. A list will be prepared monthly by the sales officer and submitted to the commanding officer showing the name and the value of the articles furnished each individual.

7404 HEALTH AND COMFORT ISSUES TO NON-NAVAL PERSONNEL IN NON-PAY STATUS

- 1. <u>ISSUES TO MARINE CORPS PERSONNEL.</u> Issues to Marine Corps personnel in a non-pay status will be charged in the same manner as issues to naval personnel.
- 2. <u>ISSUES TO PRISONERS OF OTHER SERVICES.</u> Issues of health and comfort items to members of the Army, Air Force and Coast Guard who are held in temporary custody for return to their parent service may be made when considered essential to the health and well-being of the individual. To minimize issues, the individual will be transferred to their parent service in the clothing worn at time of return to military jurisdiction, if feasible. The cost of the issues will be charged to the ship's OPTAR. A detailed statement of the purpose for the issue will be included on an itemized DD Form 1149 and will be forwarded with other expenditure documents to DFAS, with the returns for each accounting period.
- 3. ISSUES TO CIVILIANS EMPLOYED BY OR ACCOMPANYING NAVAL UNITS AT TIME OF CONVICTION. Civilians employed by or accompanying naval units at the time of conviction and who are under confinement at naval activities as a result of conviction under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (10 U.S. Code 801-940) will be provided with all non-distinctive clothing items considered necessary by the commanding officer. In addition to the clothing items, a civilian prisoner will be allowed health and comfort items not to exceed \$50.00 per month at retail price. Issues will be approved by the commanding officer or delegated representative. The cost of maintaining civilian prisoners will be charged to the ship's OPTAR.
- 4. <u>ACCOUNTING FOR ISSUES.</u> Issues to non-naval personnel will be processed in the same manner outlined in paragraph 7407.

7405 ISSUES TO GENERAL MESS

1. <u>AUTHORIZED ISSUES.</u> Only beverages and individuals size servings of food items, when required for special meals may be issued to the general mess.

2. PREPARATION OF TRANSFER TO OTHER APPROPRIATIONS. Issues to the general mess will be expended at cost price from the bulk storeroom. The food service officer will provide the sales officer with a requisition citing the appropriation data, requisition number and items required. The sales officer will approve the expenditure and direct the records keeper to prepare the expenditure Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. In addition to the accounting data the sales officer will type or hand write the following on the DD Form 1149.

Functional Account

Credit 51000 Charge 73170

- 3. <u>DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1149</u> The DD Form 1149 will be distributed as follows:
 - a. Original and one copy to B10 (AO) File
 - b. One copy to B10 (RK) File
 - c. One copy to food service officer
- 4. ACCOUNTING FOR ISSUES Upon completing and confirming of the Issue to General Mess the amount of the issue will be posted to Line B10 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM will assign an expenditure number when the DD Form 1149 is created and post the data to the stock record card(s) and NAVCOMPT Form 153 when the DD Form 1149 is confirmed.

7406 ISSUES TO SHIP'S USE (OPTAR)

1. <u>SHIP'S STORE STOCK.</u> Other than emergent requirements when an alternative source of supply is not available, ship's store stock may be issued to ship's use. These items will normally be limited to flashlights, batteries, padlocks, and soap. Issues to Ship's Use are charged to OPTAR funds. However, on ships using the Material Financial Control System (MFCS), Issues to Ship's Use will be processed as a transfer to other supply officers as per paragraph 7200, for ultimate charge to ship's OPTAR by the supply officer.

2. EMBLEMATIC ITEM STOCK

 a. General Policy. The use of OPTAR funds to procure emblematic items is limited by SECNAVINST 3590.4 series (Award Trophies and Similar Items in Recognition of Accomplishments) and fleet and TYCOM instructions. Authorized emblematic item stock (listed in paragraph

3102) will not be issued to ship's use for any reason other than those in sub-paragraph b-c.

b. Emblematic T-Shirts. T-Shirts bearing the ships identification may be issued to food service personnel as organizational clothing. The following statement will be typed or hand written on the Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149):

"Organizational clothing items issued for use in the general mess"

c. Plaques. Ship's plaques will be procured for stock only after approval from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) as per paragraph 3102-2. If they are stocked, plaques may be issued for ship's use as provided for in SECNAVINST 3590.4 series and fleet and TYCOM instructions.

3. INSIGNIA

a. Issues to ship's use of shoulder sleeve unit identification marks (UIM) will be made following in accordance with paragraph 3120. Issues of all other items of insignia will be made following fleet and TYCOM instructions.

4. ACCOUNTING FOR ISSUES

a. Preparation of DD Form 1149. On ships using the Material Financial Control System (MFCS), Issues to Ship's Use will be processed and accounted for as transfers to other supply officer as per paragraph 7200. On all other ships, issues to ship's use will be expended from bulk on a Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149). The supply officer will provide the OPTAR accounting data to the sales officer. Additionally, the following two entries must be typed or handwritten on the DD Form 1149:

"This issue meets the criteria	of SECNAVINST	3590.4 series	and is to
be used specifically for			"
, ,	(Fill in as app	ropriate)	

Functional Account

Credit 51000 Charge 13000

The sales officer will approve the issue and process the transaction.

- b. Distribution of DD Form 1149 The DD Form 1149 will be distributed as follows:
 - (1) Original to B10 (AO) File
 - (2) One copy to B10 (RK) File
 - (3) One copy to the supply officer

c. Accounting Procedures. Upon completion and confirmation of the Issue to Ship's Use, the amount of the issue will be posted to Line B10 of the Ship's store Balance and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153). ROM will assign an expenditure number when the DD Form 1149 is created and post the data to the stock record card(s) and NAVCOMPT Form 153 when the DD Form 1149 is confirmed.

d. Special Command Representation Funds. The TYCOM may grant special command representation funds to the commanding officer during deployments. These funds may be used to procure emblematic items under the instructions provided by the TYCOM. The same procedures for processing issues to ship's use will be followed. However, the supply officer will provide the accounting data for the special fund to the sales officer.

7407 ISSUES TO MARINE CORPS

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. Articles required for use by a Marine Corps detachment, which will become the property of the Marine Corps, may be issued on the written request of the officer in command of the detachment. Clothing items will not be issued to Marine Corps personnel unless accompanied by a signed order from the individual's commanding officer, except the health and comfort issues. A Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) will cover all issues to the Marine Corps. The issues will be expended as follows:
 - a. For issues involving field allotments, the expenditure form will cite the Marine Corps appropriation, operating budget and functional account.
 - b. For issues involving an operating budget accounted for by Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps, the headquarters commitment authorization number will be abbreviated as "HCA No." and show with other applicable accounting data. (When more than one headquarters commitment authorization number is cited on the same voucher, the amount applicable to each number will be shown.) Issues to the Marine Corps will be reported on Line B10 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153.
- 2. <u>DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1149.</u> When issuing material to a Marine Corps detachment, the original and three copies of the non-confirmed DD Form 1149 will be forwarded to the officer in command of the detachment. The Marine Corps officer in command will sign for receipt and return the original and two copies of the DD Form 1149 to the sales officer. The sales officer will modify the DD Form 1149 (if necessary) and confirm the expenditure. The DD Form 1149 will be distributed as follows:
 - a. Original to the B10 (AO) File
 - b. One copy to the B10 (RK) File
- 3. <u>ACCOUNTING FOR ISSUES.</u> Upon completion and confirming of the issue to the Marine Corps, the amount of the issue will automatically post to Line

B10 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM will assign an expenditure number when the DD Form 1149 is created and post the data to the stock record card(s) and NAVCOMPT Form 153 when the DD Form 1149 is confirmed.

7408 ISSUES TO SURVIVORS OF MARINE AND AIRCRAFT DISASTERS

- <u>CASH PAYMENT.</u> Ship's store items may be sold for cash to survivors of marine and aircraft disasters if they have personal funds in their possession. The sale of clothing items to survivors who are non-naval personnel will be restricted to non-distinctive items. If the survivor is without personal funds, emergency issues may be made under subparagraph 2.
- 2. EMERGENCY ISSUES. Upon written order of the commanding officer, emergency issues may be made to a survivor who is without personal funds. Emergency issues will be restricted to the minimum items and quantities required for the immediate needs of health and comfort. Clothing items issued to survivors who are non-naval personnel will be restricted to non-distinctive items. Each survivor will sign a DD Form 504 acknowledging receipt of the items. A copy of the DD Form 504 will be forwarded by the rescuing ship to the commanding officer of the ship or station to which the survivors are transferred. This copy will be attached to a copy of the transfer orders of the survivor for consideration in adjudicating the claim of the survivor for reimbursement for personal property lost. An itemized DD Form 1149 covering the issues will be prepared. The DD Form 1149 will contain a detailed statement of the circumstances involved in the issue of the items and the date the items were issued. In the case of merchant ships, the name and address of the owner of the merchant ship will be included in the statement. Reimbursement to the Navy Working Capital Fund will be made by one of the following procedures, as appropriate:
 - Issues made to U.S. military personnel and U.S. civilians employed by the Department of Defense will be expended locally as a charge to the appropriate claims, Department of Defense
 - b. Issues made to other survivors will be expended locally as a charge to the ship's OPTAR.

7409 ISSUES TO MERCHANT SHIPS IN DISTRESS

- 1. <u>AUTHORITY</u>. In accordance with NAVREGS, Art 1144, when authorized by the senior officer present and upon written order of the commanding officer, merchant ships in distress may be issued items of ship's store stock including non-distinctive clothing. The order must set forth the pertinent circumstances.
- 2. CASH SALE. When practical, items will be sold for cash at retail price.
- 3. <u>NON CASH ISSUE.</u> When it is impossible to sell merchandise for cash, the items will be issued as upon receipt of a line of accounting data from the Supply Officer. Ships may contact NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) for policy and guidance.

7410 ISSUES FOR BURIAL OF THE DEAD

Articles of clothing for burial of the dead will be issued on request of the commanding officer or medical officer. These issues will be expended directly from the Navy Working Capital Fund and charged to the appropriate OPTAR or Naval Medical Command subhead.

7411 CLAIMS FOR REIMBURSEMENT FOR PERSONAL PROPERTY (ISSUES IN KIND)

- 1. <u>AUTHORITY</u>. The authority for reimbursement for personal property lost, destroyed, damaged, captured or abandoned as a result of military service is contained in Military Personnel and Civilian Employees' Claims Act of 1996, as amended (31 U.S.C., 3721). Repairs/replacement of clothing articles being worn while on a military installation or in the performance of official duty may be paid by the government if loss is caused by fire, flood, hurricane, theft, or vandalism or other "unusual" occurrence. JAG INST 5890.1 (enclosure 5) further defines "unusual" occurrence. Common examples that are not considered "unusual" include tears, rips, snags, and stains on clothing or uniforms that result during the performance of duties.
- SUBMISSION AND AJUDICATION OF CLAIMS. The regulations governing the submission and adjudication of claims for reimbursement for personal property are published in the JAG INST 5890.1. Claims will be submitted to the nearest claims office serving the installation where the claimant is stationed or the nearest to the point where the loss or damage occurred.

PART F - COST OF OPERATIONS RETAIL

7500 COST OF OPERATIONS ELEMENTS

1. <u>LINE B 22.</u> The following elements all contribute to the total amount shown on Line B22 on the Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153).

- a. Any differences caused by the averaging of line item costs
- b. Products used in coffee / snack bars
- c. Any transportation charge
- d. Any difference between the stated average cost of an item and the amount of money received for that item when it was expended
- e. The dollar value of all accounting adjustments
- f. Automated Accounting Adjustments generated by ROM to keep the receipt and expenditure sides of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 in balance. Significant increases in AAA numbers can usually be traced to the following causes:
 - (1) Change in opening inventory dollar value
 - (2) Item conversion errors
 - (3) Continuous offsets against cost of sales retail figures when cost prices change.
- 2. The sales officer will review the B22 Report at least weekly to monitor the differences. Any significant change not able to be explained should be reported to the local NEXCOM Fleet Assist Team. The B22 report will be printed and filed in the B22 (RK) File.

PART G - MARKDOWNS OF SHIP'S STORE STOCK

7600 GENERAL INFORMATION

A markdown is a reduction in a previously established retail price of an item of merchandise. Markdowns are a necessary expense of retail operations and a very important procedure in turning the inventory of slow moving items or to create interest in the store. Markdowns will be taken as indicated in paragraph 7602 and 7603 and at other times when the merchandise will not sell at its present retail price. All markdowns will be prominently displayed so customers can easily see the markdown prices. To avoid large markdowns on any one item, markdowns will not be delayed or set aside. Merchandise that cannot be sold due to deterioration, damage or any other reason should be surveyed.

7601 AMOUNT OF MARKDOWNS

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. All markdowns will be made in an amount sufficient to promote sale of the merchandise. The initial markdown will be sufficient to create customer interest and be a fair value in return. The practice of taking markdowns progressively each week will tend to reduce profits since customers will wait until the item is marked down to practically nothing. Initial markdowns of 25% to 50% are not uncommon in the retail trade and should be taken when necessary to stimulate sale of the item. Slight interest is created when a \$10.00 item is marked down to \$9.00, however the same item marked down to \$7.50 may attract immediate sale.
- 2. <u>EFFECT OF MARKDOWNS.</u> Each item held in inventory has an average cost price, which does not change as a result of a retail price change. If the retail price is above the average cost price, the ship will make a profit on each item sold. If the retail price is below the average cost price, the ship will lose profits on each item sold. The gain or loss occurs at the time of sale. Accordingly, the sales officer may increase or decrease the retail price to reflect the ship's markdown policy and need to sell the merchandise. It is important to note that decreasing the retail price below the average cost has no effect on the ship's profit until the item is sold and the total loss will depend on the number of items sold below the average cost.

7602 BASIC MARKDOWN POLICY

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> Every effort should be made to sell every item at full retail price. If markdowns are required, different type of ship's store merchandise should be marked down at different times. For markdowns, ship's store stock is categorized by groups. Merchandise in any group that cannot be sold due to deterioration, damage or for any other reason should be marked down to zero. The cost of the markdown is chargeable to the individual ship's profits.

2. MARKDOWN GROUPS:

a. Group I

- (1) Categories: Appliances, Athletic Supplies, Hobby Items, Jewelry, Photographic Supplies, Luggage and Leather Goods
- (2) Markdown Policy: Deep markdowns should be taken when the merchandise becomes obsolete or shopworn. Most merchandise in Group I begins to become obsolete after 6 months and has been replaced by new models by the end of 12 months. Therefore, markdowns on Group I merchandise should be taken when the merchandise becomes 6 months old. The markdown should be deep enough to ensure sale or transfer.

b. Group II

- (1) Categories: Confections and food products, Tobacco products, Stationery, Sundries, Toiletries
- (2) Markdown Policy: For the most part, Group II merchandise will only be marked down to expedite sales when there is an excess of an item on board or when the merchandise is approaching expiration date. Perishable items (such as food products, confections and tobacco products), that have deteriorated with age and cannot be sold at any price, will be surveyed. Stationery products may also deteriorate beyond a saleable condition.

c. Group III

- (1) Categories: Uniform accessories
- (2) Markdown Policy: Group III merchandise should not require any markdown, except when excesses occur.

7603 SEASONAL MERCHANDISE

- Seasonal merchandise should be marked down well before the end of the seasonal period. For example, Christmas cards remaining in stock at the end of November should be marked down to expedite sales. On the other hand, sunglasses and suntan lotions should not be marked down at the end of the summer season if the ship is scheduled to deploy to a hot weather climate and the items will be in demand. A markdown plan should be established to ensure markdowns are taken during peak selling periods. The following can minimize the number of markdowns taken during an accounting period:
 - a. Proper maintenance and use of stock records
 - b. Limiting the number of brands and price lines carried

- c. Carrying only the best sellers
- d. Taking markdowns as necessary without delay

7604 RETAIL PRICE CHANGE PROCEDURES

1. <u>EPOS OUTLETS.</u> To increase or decrease the retail price of an item in an EPOS outlet, the sales officer will change the retail price of the item to the new retail price on the stock record card. Sales officers may increase or decrease the price of an item at any time to reflect the appropriate retail circumstances. The cumulative effect of those price changes will be reflected on the Profitability Report.

- 2. <u>NON-EPOS OUTLETS</u>. To increase or decrease the retail price of an item in a Non-EPOS outlet, the following steps must be completed.
 - a. Count the items in the Non-EPOS outlet
 - b. Generate and confirm a breakback to bulk
 - c. Change the retail price of the item on the stock record card
 - d. Generate and confirm a breakout of the same items listed in item (1) above to the Non-EPOS outlet
- 3. SPECIAL SALES OUTLETS (HANGER BAY/PIER SALES). In many circumstances it may be necessary to increase or decrease the retail price of items for special sales outlets but not in any other retail outlet. To change the retail price in a special sales outlet without affecting the retail price in any other outlet, the following steps must be completed. After the below steps have been completed, the sales officer can issue any tills or generate any breakouts to Non-EPOS outlets as necessary.
 - a. Change the retail price on the stock record card
 - b. Generate and confirm a breakout to the special sales outlet
 - c. Change the retail price back to its original retail price

7605 RETAIL MARKDOWNS

A retail markdown is a voluntary reduction in the retail price of an item to a price equal or below its average cost price. This reduction in retail price will reduce the gross profit of that item. If the retail price is below the average cost price, the item will generate a negative gross profit. Only the retail price of an item will be changed by the markdown. The cost price will not be changed.

7606 MARKDOWNS BELOW COST

A markdown below cost is a voluntary reduction in the retail price of an item below its average cost price.

PART H - CREDIT MEMORANDUM OR CASH REFUND

7700 GENERAL INFORMATION

1. For items received and then returned to vendor. Ship's store items may be returned to a vendor for credit invoice or cash refund. Cash refund is the preferred method to return ship's store stock to a vendor. Before returning the items, the vendor must be willing to accept returns for ship's store stock; the vendor will be notified of the type of return that will be used. All merchandise returned to vendors will be returned from the bulk storeroom. The quantity returned will be expended from the stock record card(s) when the expenditure is confirmed.

For items not received but for which the vendor was paid by DFAS. If the ship
has an unmatched expenditure as a result of a short shipment by a vendor, the
vendor may provide a credit memo for the difference. If the ship did not receive
the missing merchandise, the ship should take no action other than sending the
credit memo to DFAS.

7701 PREPARATION OF EXPENDITURE FORM

- 1. A Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) will be prepared for items returned to the vendor.
- 2. The DD Form 1149 will be prepared as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. The price provided by the vendor may be different than the original cost. The records keeper must enter the price given by the vendor. Any dollar difference will be charged to the ship as a cost of operations. In addition the following statement will be typed or handwritten on the DD Form 1149:

"I acknowledge receipt of the above item	ns returned for credit invoice/cr	edit
refund."		

Vendor Name / Date	

7702 ACCEPTANCE OF ITEMS BY VENDOR

The vendor, or authorized representative, will sign for receipt of the returned merchandise on the DD Form 1149. If arrangements are made with the vendor to return the merchandise via mail, the items will be sent by registered mail with two copies of the non-confirmed DD Form 1149 included with the merchandise. In this case, the registered receipt from the post office will be attached to the original non-confirmed DD Form 1149 pending return of one signed copy from the vendor.

7703 LIQUIDATION OF CREDIT MEMORANDUMS/CREDIT REFUNDS

 TIMING OF LIQUIDATION. Sound business practice dictates that all credit memorandums and cash refunds should be liquidated promptly. If after 60 days, the refund check or vendor's credit invoice has not been received and difficulties are encountered, assistance from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program)

should be requested. Copies of all correspondence with the vendor should be included with the request.

2. <u>NO EXCHANGES.</u> There are no provisions for exchange of merchandise for lesser, greater or equal value. If a new item is desired, the ship will issue a purchase order for the item.

7704 ACTION AT THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD

At the end of the accounting period, if a refund check or credit memorandum has not been received for material returned to the vendor; the merchandise will be carried as part of the inventory. The sales officer will ensure that the quantity of the items listed on the credit memorandum and/or cash refunds have been included on the closing inventory.

7705 USE OF CREDIT INVOICES

Credit invoices provided to ships from vendors will be included in the monthly transmittal of receipts to DFAS. A copy of the DD Form 1149 associated with the credit invoice will be attached to the credit memorandum. The preferred method is to send scanned documents to DFAS. If the ship does not have a scanner, request the vendor send a scanned copy to the ship for re-transmittal to DFAS in the monthly submission.

7706 PREPARATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1149 CREDIT MEMORANDUM

1.	PREPARATION. When merchandise is returned for credit invoice, a
	Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) will be prepared
	as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. Additionally, the following statement wil
	be typed or handwritten on the DD Form 1149:
	••

Credit Invoice #	 dated	in the amount of	
received on			

Upon receipt of the credit invoice, the number, date and total money value of the credit invoice will be entered in the applicable spaces on the DD Form 1149.

- 2. <u>DISTRIBUTION.</u> After the vendor has signed the DD Form 1149 it will be distributed as follows:
 - a. Original and all copies to WF 4 File until credit invoice is received
 - b. One copy to vendor

7707 CREDIT MEMORANDUM LIQUIDATION

- 1. Upon receipt of the credit invoice from the vendor, the DD Form 1149 will be confirmed and distributed as follows:
 - a. Original DD Form 1149 and original credit invoice to B01 (AO) File
 - b. One copy of the DD Form 1149 and one copy of the credit invoice to B01 (RK) File

7708 ACTION AT THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD

At the end of the accounting period, if a credit memorandum has not been received, the merchandise will be carried as part of the bulk inventory. The sales officer will ensure that the merchandise listed on the credit memorandum is added to the closing inventory.

7709 PREPARATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1149 FOR CASH REFUNDS

1.	Requis	ARATION. When merchandise is returned for cash refund, a sition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) will be prepared lined in the ROM User's Guide. Additionally, the following statement will ed or handwritten on the DD Form 1149:
		refund check payable to the Treasurer of the United States, and mail to les Officer, USS FPO"
2.		RIBUTION. After the vendor has signed the DD Form 1149 it will be uted as follows:
	a.	Original and all copies to WF 4 File until refund check is received
	b.	One copy to the vendor
RECE	IPT OF	REFUND CHECK

7710

Upon receipt of the refund check from the vendor, the DD Form 1149 will be confirmed. The records keeper will enter the following information on the DD Form 1149:

Check #	dated	in the	amount of \$	received and
deposited with t	he disbursing of	ficer on _	Disbursing o	fficer's
collection vouch	ner #	applies.		

The refund check will then be turned over to the disbursing officer for credit to NWCF along with the original and one copy of the DD Form 1149 from the WF 4 File. The disbursing officer will assign a collection voucher number and return the copy of the DD Form 1149 to the sales officer.

7711 POSTING

Upon confirmation of the refund, ROM will post the cash refund to the Cash Sales Invoice as a bulk sale and Line B12 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. One copy of the DD Form 1149 will be filed in B12 (AO) File and one copy will be filed in B12 (RK) File.

7712 ACTION AT THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD

Every attempt should be made to get a refund check before the end of the accounting period. At the end of the accounting period, if a refund check has not been received from the vendor, the merchandise will be carried as part of the bulk inventory. The

sales officer will ensure that the merchandise listed on the cash refund is added into the ending inventory.

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CHAPTER 8 – SHIP'S STORE PROFITS

PART A - DESCRIPTION AND AUTHORIZATION

8000 SHIP'S STORE PROFITS, NAVY

Ship's Store Profits, Navy is a trust fund carried on the books of the Treasury Department. Monies in this account accrue from sales in ship's stores. The appropriation for Ship's store Profits, Navy is 17X8723.2301.

8001 SHIP'S STORE PROFITS, NAVY GENERAL FUND

Ship's Store Profits Navy, General Fund is maintained by the Naval Supply Systems Command. Monies for the General Fund accrue from the following sources:

- a. Assessment on cash received from retail sales by individual stores as outlined in paragraph 8201
- b. Balance of ship's store profits remaining after the loss or decommissioning of a ship

8002 ALLOTMENTS UNDER SHIP'S STORES PROFITS, NAVY

- 1. <u>OPEN ALLOTMENT.</u> An open allotment under Ship's Store Profits, Navy has been assigned for the following:
 - a. Authorized expenses of ship's stores
 - b. A reserve for markdowns and surveys incurred in the normal course of business
 - c. Payment of ship's store profits to the commanding officer for the recreation of the crew
- GENERAL FUND. The Naval Supply Systems Command has authorized NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) to charge Ship's Store Profits, Navy General Fund for the following:
 - a. Purchases of vending machines and associated accessories
 - b. Markdowns if the profits of the individual ship's store are not adequate to absorb the cost of the material marked down
 - c. Loans and Non-reimbursable grants
 - d. Improvements to ship's store facilities
 - e. Disbursement to the Commander Navy Installations Command for the recreation of naval personnel in accordance with the provisions of 10 U.S. Code 7604

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f. Reimbursement to Navy exchanges for losses suffered in transactions in which Navy exchanges have purchased merchandise from ship's stores upon disestablishment of the ship's store, such as losses due to deterioration, hidden damage, or short pack (each case will be decided on its own merit).

- g. Travel and miscellaneous expenditures for NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), Fleet Assistance Team and fleet personnel to support ship's store personnel.
- h. Cost for electronic media, catalogs, printing and display materials/assistance utilized by ship's store afloat in the conduct of business.
- i. ADP equipment and supplies used in support of retail operations.

8003 PROFITS ALLOWED

- 1. <u>ALLOWED GROSS PROFIT.</u> Gross profit after subtracting the cost of goods, shall be limited to:
 - a. Retail Store(s): A maximum of 20%
 - b. Drink Vending Machine(s): A maximum of 55%
- 2. <u>EXTERNAL SOURCES OF PROFITS.</u> Profits obtained from the following operations are authorized:
 - Exchange Catalog rebates
 - b. Navy Exchange Concession operations rebates
 - c. Contributions to ship's store profits
 - d. Other commission or rebate operations as approved by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program)
- 3. <u>GROSS PROFIT COMPUTATION.</u> The following formulas will be used to determine gross profit. All captions will be obtained from the Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153)
 - a. Retail Store: Retail Sales (Line C02) minus Cost of Retail Sales (Line B21), divided by Retail Sales (Line C02) equals percent of gross profit
 - Drink Vending Machine: Drink Vending Machine Sales (Line C03)
 minus Cost of Vending Sales (Line B25) divided by Drink Vending
 Machine Sales (Line C03) equals percent of gross profit from drink
 vending sales

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PART B - PROCUREMENT OF FUNDS

8100 SHIP'S STORE PROFITS

The profits from sales in the ship store are the basic source of funds available to the commanding officer for the ship's recreation fund. Recreation funds are available for expenditures for specific purposes under the regulations prescribed in the Operation of Morale, Welfare and Recreation (MWR) Programs Instruction (BUPERINST 1710.11 series). Profits generated by the ship during an accounting period will be transferred under paragraph 8300-8305.

8101 CONTRIBUTIONS

Contributions are not operating profits and will not be included in the amount taken up as cash received from sales in the ship's store. Contributions will be added to the individual ship's profits as outlined in the ROM User's Guide.

8102 LOANS AND NONREIMBURSABLE GRANTS

1. LOANS

- a. A ship's store may request a loan to cover the cost of the following:
 - (1) Equipment (such as vending machines)
 - (2) Modernization and improvement of ship's store facilities
 - (3) Operating losses

An official letter request will be submitted to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) stating the purpose of the loan. After approval, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will charge the amount of the loan to Ship's store Profits, Navy General Fund. To reimburse the General Fund, the individual ship store will make payments from local profits. NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will provide repayment instructions. Normally, a ship is required to repay a loan in three accounting periods. Ships having a complement of less than 350 may request authority to repay a loan in five installments. Loans to cover the cost of modernization may be requested for a period of up to a maximum of three years.

b. Accounting. When a loan is approved, the amount of the loan will be entered as a one-time entry on Line C05 on the NAVCOMPT Form 153 for the accounting period in which the loan is received. The NEXCOM letter authorizing the loan will be filed in the C05 (RK) File. Loan repayments will be reported on Line C20 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. When a purchase using ship's store profits has not been reported on a previous NAVCOMPT Form 153 as a liability assumed, the amount of any loan received during the current accounting period to cover the costs of a purchase will be reported as a liability assumed (Line C24A) until the purchase is reported on Lines C13 or C18 as per paragraph 4222. Instructions on entering loan information are

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contained in the ROM User's Guide.

c. Repayment of Loans. Loans received from the General Fund will be repaid out of the profits. The amounts repaid for each accounting period will follow the instructions furnished by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) in the letter authorizing the loan.

2. GRANTS.

- a. General. All ships may request a non-reimbursable grant when alternative financial assistance is not suitable. Instructions on entering grant information is contained in the ROM User's Guide.
- b. New Construction. New construction ships are authorized a non-reimbursable grant to cover the cost of equipment (such as vending machines). An official letter request is not required to be submitted to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will charge the General Fund for the cost of the initial outfitting equipment. NEXCOM (Ships Store Program) will purchase the equipment, for new construction ships, charging the NEXCOM portion of Ships Store Profits, Navy, General Fund and advise the ship, by letter, that the items have been purchased and request that the ship acknowledge receipt of the items.

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PART C - CHARGES AGAINST SHIP'S STORE PROFITS

8200 GENERAL INFORMATION

Ship's store profits will not be obligated unless funds are available to cover the expenditure. This includes all purchases made using Ship's store Profits, Navy as listed in paragraph 4220. The charges authorized in paragraph 8201-8204 will be applied against ship's store profits before any profits are transferred to the recreation fund. The charges in paragraph 8201-8203 will be applied first followed by those in paragraph 8204.

8201 GENERAL FUND ASSESSMENT

- COMPUTATION. The General Fund Assessment for a ship is computed as a
 percentage of all cash received from retail sales. The General Fund
 Assessment is computed on the NAVCOMPT Form 153 by multiplying Line
 C02 by the applicable rate of assessment in subparagraph 3. Using the rate
 of assessment, ROM will automatically compute and post the GF Assessment
 Local to Line C14A and compute and post the GF Assessment Bupers to Line
 C14B.
- 2. <u>ITEMS NOT INCLUDED IN COMPUTATION.</u> The following are not included in the General Fund Assessment:
 - a. Cash from drink vending machine sales
 - b. Rebates from exchange catalog sales
 - c. Contributions to ship's store profits
- 3. <u>RATE OF ASSESSMENT.</u> The General Fund Assessment is derived from an assessment of the cash received from retail sales from individual ship's stores in accordance with the following tables:

BUPERS Percentage	NEXCOM Percentage
5.00%	.5%
4.50%	.5%
0.00%	.5%
	4.50%

Of the total assessment received from all ships, an amount equal to ½ of 1% (.05%) of retail sales is allocated to Ship's store Profits, Navy General Fund Line C14A of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. The balance is disbursed to the Chief of Naval Personnel for the recreation of naval personnel, Line C14B of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. Billets authorized should be taken from the manpower authorization document OPNAV 1000/2 for enlisted and officers. The sales officer should check to ensure that the correct crew size figure is entered in ROM, as this will affect the figures on Lines C14A and C14B of the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

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8202 LOSS OR DAMAGE OF PERSONAL UNIFORM CLOTHING

- 1. <u>AUTHORITY FOR REIMBURSEMENT.</u>
 - a. When losses of or damage to personal uniform clothing occur through the operation of the laundry a claim for reimbursement may be submitted to the commanding officer or his designated representative via the sales officer.
 - b. For lost or damage of clothing other than laundry refer to paragraph 7411.
- 2. <u>AMOUNTS TO BE PAID.</u> The amounts to be paid as reimbursement for loss or damage to personal uniform clothing will be determined by the commanding officer or his designated representative. The amount certified for payment will be based on the following factors:
 - a. Acquisition cost
 - b. Length of time the item has been in use
 - c. Whether or not the item is repairable, if damaged
 - d. Claims for loss of civilian clothing are not authorized
- 3. <u>CALCULATION OF REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNT.</u> Reimbursement will be based on a depreciation scale of 30% for the first year and 10% for each succeeding year up to a maximum of 70%.
- 4. PROCEDURES FOR HANDLING CLAIMS. The commanding officer has the authority to approve claims or may delegate this authority to the supply officer or sales officer. A locally prepared Claim for Loss or Damaged of Personal Clothing (also available on the Sales & Service Resource CD) will be used to process claims. An example is provided on the following page. An original and two copies of the claim form will be prepared by the claimant and forwarded to the approving official via the sales officer. After approval, the claimant will present all copies of the claim form to the disbursing officer for payment. For cash payments, the disbursing officer will obtain the payee's signature on the claim form under the space headed "Paid by Cash". The disbursing officer will prepare a Voucher for Purchases and Service Other Than Personal (SF 1034) to pay the claim. After paying the claim, the disbursing officer will furnish the sales officer with one copy of the claim form and two copies of the SF 1034. The sales officer will distribute the forms as follows:
 - a. One copy of the SF 1034 filed in C13 (AO) File
 - One copy of the SF 1034 and copy of the claim form filed in C13 (RK) File

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT SHIP'S STORE PROFITS

CLAIM FOR LOSS OR DAMAGE OF PERSONAL UNIFORM CLOTHING

USS			D	ATE:
I, (FULL NAI certify that the follo	ME) owing articles of	,(RANK/	, US GRADE) were lost or damaged (
			per NAVSUP Pub 487	
Description of Articles	Quantity	Original Purchase Cost	Number of months in Use	Claim Value
			TOTAL CLAIME	D
It is a violation of t	he UCMJ to file	false claims and d	isciplinary action may b	e taken
Signature of Claim	nant			
Reimbursement in	the amount of		nage has/has not been mmended. This expens	
Signature of Sales	Officer			
The expenditure o	f Ship's store Pi		aimant in the amount of zed is considered nece ommand.	
Signature of Appro	oving Official			
Paid in cash \$		on	Signature	e of Claimant
Distribution: Original – disbursi Copy – disbursing Copy – ship's stor	files	ns		

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6. <u>ACCOUNTING FOR CLAIMS.</u> At the end of the accounting period, the amount of laundry claims will be entered on Line C13 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

8203 TRANSFER TO/FROM THE RECREATION FUND

- TRANSFERS TO RECREATION FUND. Ship's store profits remaining after the expenditures authorized in paragraph 8201 – 8203 have been made, will be transferred to the recreation fund following paragraphs 8300 – 8305.
- 2. TRANSFERS FROM RECREATION FUND. The U.S. Government has first "claim" on any profits transferred to the ships recreation fund in error. When notified by the TYCOM, the ships recreation fund will issue a check to the sales officer made payable to U.S. Treasurer. The sales officer will deposit the check with the disbursing officer and account for the check as a contribution to profits.

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT SHIP'S STORE PROFITS

PART D – TRANSFER OF SHIP'S STORE PROFITS TO THE RECREATION FUND 8300 LIABILITIES ASSUMED, ANTICIPATED EXPENSES AND PAYMENT OF PROFITS

- <u>LIABILITIES ASSUMED.</u> All liabilities assumed by the ship's store will be applied against ship's store profits before any profits are transferred to the recreation fund. Liabilities assumed will be entered on Line C24A of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. Liabilities assumed include:
 - a. All purchases using ship's store profits for which materials or services or substantiating documents (Abstract Data Report) have not been received (see paragraph 4222).
 - b. When a loan has been received to cover the cost of purchase using ship's store profits and the purchase has not been previously reported on the NAVCOMPT Form 153, the amount of the loan only will be reported on Line C05 and as a liability assumed (Line C24A) until the materials, services and substantiating documents (Abstract Data Report) have been received (see paragraph 8102-1)
- ANTICIPATED EXPENSES. Anticipated expenses by the ship's store will be applied against ship's store profits before any profits are transferred to the recreation fund. Anticipated expenses include markdowns, markdowns below cost, surveys and other operating losses. When such expenses are anticipated during the next accounting period, the amount will be entered on Line C24A of the NAVCOMPT Form 153.
- 3. <u>PAYMENT OF PROFITS.</u> Payment of the entire amount of the net profit to the recreation fund is not mandatory. Full payment will not be made when funds are required to cover anticipated expenses and liabilities assumed. Only the amount reported on Line C24B of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 will be paid to the recreation fund. This payment will be disbursed to the recreation fund within 15 days following submission of the returns.

8301 PREPARATION AND DISTRIBUTION OF STANDARD FORM 1034

1. <u>PREPARATION.</u> The sales officer will prepare a Public Voucher for Purchase and Services Other Than Personal (SF 1034) covering the amount of ship's store profits to be transferred to the recreation fund. The SF 1034 will be prepared as follows:

Data Block and Caption	Instructions for Entry
Voucher Number	Assigned by the disbursing officer
U.S. Department, Bureau of	Enter the UIC, name, hull number and FPO address of ship
Date Voucher Prepared	Enter the date SF 1034 is prepared
Paid By	Disbursing officer symbol and date

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Payee's Name and Address Enter "Recreation Fund" and the name,

hull number and FPO address of ship

Articles or Services Enter "Disbursement of Ship's store

Profits to Recreation Fund" and the

amount to be transferred

Then enter "The expenditure authorized here is considered necessary (or desirable) for the recreation and amusement of the personnel under my command."

Commanding Officer's Signature

Data Block and Caption (cont)	Instructions for Entry (cont)
Payment	Check Final Block
Approved By	Enter name, rank and signature of the sales officer
Accounting Data Appropriation	17X8723
Subhead	2301
Object Class	026
Bureau Control No.	10001
Sub-Allot	0
Auth. Acct. Act.	065872
Trans. Type	21
Prop. Acct. Act.	Enter the ship' service designator and UIC
Cost Code	12 digits consisting of one 0, service designator "V or R", UIC, 754000 (Example 0V1234575400)
Authorized Certifying Officer	Enter name, rank and signature of the individual appointed by the Commanding Officer(Reference DoD Vol. 5 para 330502 and 330504

2. <u>PROCESSING SF 1034.</u> The SF 1034 will be forwarded to the commanding officer with a copy of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. The SF 1034 will be signed

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by the commanding officer and then forwarded to the disbursing officer for payment.

- 3. <u>DISTRIBUTION OF SF 1034.</u> After the disbursing officer has issued a check payment of the ship's store profits to the recreation fund, the sales officer will obtain two copies of the completed SF 1034. The SF-1034 is distributed by the sales officer as follows:
 - a. One copy to the C22 (AO) File
 - b. One copy to the C22 (RK) File

8302 WHEN THE SALES OFFICER IS ALSO THE DISBURSING OFFICER

When the sales officer is also the disbursing officer, the sales officer will prepare and process the SF 1034 following paragraph 8301. The SF-1034 will then be paid by the disbursing officer who is also the sales officer.

8303 WHEN THE SALES OFFICER IN NOT ALSO THE DISBURSING OFFICER

When the sales officer is not also the disbursing officer, the sales officer will prepare the SF 1034. The sales officer will then forward the SF-1034 to the commanding officer for approval and then to the disbursing officer for payment. In no case will the sales officer, who is not also the disbursing officer, make disbursement of funds to the recreation fund.

8304 TRANSFER OF SHIP'S STORE PROFITS BEFORE THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING PERIOD

During an accounting period, if it is necessary to transfer ship's store profits to the recreation fund the sale officer must submit a letter or email request to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) with a copy to the TYCOM and DFAS. If possible the ship should send a PDF copy of the current NC 153. If this is not possible, the letter or email should show both current profit generated (the amount of profit shown on Line C25 and on C26) and profit brought forward (Line C01 minus Line C22). NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will respond with either approval or disapproval of the request and will copy the TYCOM and DFAS. If the request is approved, the sales officer will enter the amount transferred in ROM (as outlined in the ROM User's Guide) and process the transfer.

8305 RECREATION FUND

After ship's store profits have been transferred, these monies become part of the ship's recreation fund. The commanding officer is responsible for the administration of the recreation fund.

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CHAPTER 9 – RETURNS

PART A - INVENTORY PROCEDURES

9000 GENERAL INFORMATION

1. <u>DEFINITION AND PURPOSE</u>. A physical inventory is a process of identifying, counting and evaluating all stock on hand at a specified time. In a ship's store, a physical inventory is taken for the following purposes:

- a. To determine the quantity of the stock on hand so the required financial reports can be prepared.
- b. To check the accuracy of stock records and to adjust any differences that may exist between the stock records and the stock on hand.
- c. To determine the dollar value of stock shortage due to pilferage or other losses not reflected on stock records.
- d. To identify stock shortages and overages and to determine financial liability.
- e. To serve as a management tool for stock control.
- 2. <u>APPLICABILITY</u>. The procedures in this chapter apply to all ship's stores. All items of ship's store stock will be included on the inventory. Cost of operations items on hand in activities other than the bulk storeroom will be excluded. (These include consumable supplies for the retail store and repair parts for vending machines.)
- 3. <u>WHEN TAKEN.</u> An itemized physical inventory will be taken as follows:
 - a. At the end of each accounting period sometime during the last week of business.
 - b. Upon relief of the sales officer.
 - c. Upon relief or rotation of the responsible custodian(s) in that specific location.
 - d. Upon evidence of an unauthorized entry into a Group III space, to determine if theft has occurred.
 - e. For ships with financial differences as set forth in paragraph 9102-3.
 - f. At any other time when directed by the TYCOM, NEXCOM (Ship Store Program), commanding officer, supply officer or sales officer.

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9001 SPOT INVENTORIES

1. <u>WHEN TAKEN.</u> The sales officer will conduct spot inventories in the bulk storeroom and the retail outlets at unannounced times. Mandatory each week 5% of stock (when feasible, spot inventories will be taken after each breakout or issue.) In addition, spot inventories must be taken for each bulk storeroom issue refusal or quantity difference.

2. RECORDSKEEPING.

- a. Gains or losses discovered will be investigated prior to confirming the inventory. Adjustments to the stock record cards as a result of spot inventories are made automatically when the inventory is confirmed. The Inventory Discrepancy Report listing all gains or losses resulting from a spot inventory will be filed with the corresponding Inventory Count Sheet and/or Inventory Count Report. The Inventory Discrepancy Report will be signed and dated by the sales officer and will be filed in B28 (RK) File.
- b. Accounting for Gains or Losses. Gains or losses are posted to the NAVCOMPT Form 153 Line B14 upon confirmation of the inventory.

9002 ASSIGNMENTS OF PERSONNEL TO INVENTORY TEAMS

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> The sales officer is responsible for a complete and accurate inventory. In order to conduct an inventory, a Portable Data Terminal (PDT) or Inventory Count Sheet when a PDT is not available will be used to count all ship's store stock in the space. A Consolidated Stock Record Listing (B28) Report must be printed and accompany the inventory teams when a PDT is used for inventory. When scanning a UPC, if the UPC is not found, the Consolidated Stock Record Listing is used to input the stock number. All inventory teams will have two persons assigned; one person must be an E5 or above. The records keeper will not be assigned to an inventory team at any time; however the responsible custodian should be present during the inventory.

2. RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE INVENTORY TEAM:

- a. Counter. The person assigned to count the items will:
 - (1) Verify the ROM generated barcode label (if used) on the box matches the description of the contents.
 - (2) Ensure each open case is counted individually. Manufacturer sealed cases count is acceptable.
- b. <u>SCANNER.</u> The person assigned to scan will:
 - (1) Scan the UPC or ROM generated barcode label on each item or case if unopened. If the UPC is not found, the scanner will enter the stock number into the PDT either manually using the

- stock record listing or by scanning the ROM generated barcode label.
- (2) Record the quantity provided by the counter

(3) Provide quality control over the counter to ensure the best "first count" is made.

9003 MULTIPLE INVENTORY TEAMS

- 1. <u>MULTIPLE OUTLETS.</u> When a ship's store has numerous sales outlets and bulk storerooms, an inventory may be taken by multiple teams. The number of teams will be determined by the sales officer. The sales officer will be the inventory supervisor. Each inventory team will be made up of one enlisted person in a supply rating E5 or above and one other enlisted person.
- 2. <u>SINGLE OUTLETS.</u> The sales officer normally will assign one inventory team (counter and recorder) to an accountable space. To expedite the counting of material, the sales officer may assign more than one team. Care must be taken to ensure the teams do not count the same areas.

9004 PRELIMINARY PREPARATIONS

- 1. <u>LAYOUT SKETCH.</u> To ensure accurate and expeditious inventories in sales outlets and bulk storerooms, layout sketches are helpful to show each fixture, bin shelf, showcase, etc.
- 2. <u>INVENTORY PATTERN.</u> Inventory patterns should be planned before the actual inventory count. For example, an inventory of a space should start on the left and work to the right, top to bottom of each section of the space. The layout sketches will help in establishing an inventory pattern.
- 3. <u>ENTRIES ON RECORDS.</u> Before the inventory, the sales officer must verify that all receipt and expenditure documents and breakouts/breakbacks have been confirmed if necessary.

4. STOCK.

- Arrangement. Merchandise in each retail store and bulk storeroom will be sorted and be labeled (if necessary) with a ROM generated barcode label to facilitate scanning and counting.
- b. Empty Cartons. Empty cartons will be removed from the retail store and storerooms, so they will not be accidentally included in the inventory
- c. Open Cases. The contents of cases, boxes and containers from which items have been removed will always be counted individually. Under no circumstances will markings on the outside of previously opened containers be accepted in place of an individual unit count.

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d. Non-EPOS Activities. All snack vending, canned drink vending and other outlets which do not use a POS register must be prepared for an actual inventory to determine sales/cost of sales.

e. End of Accounting Period. No breakout will be made to any outlet until the NAVCOMPT Form 153 is complete and the system is closed-out.

9005 INVENTORY COUNT SHEET

<u>GENERAL</u>. The PDT (Portable Data Terminal) will be used to record inventories. In the event that the PDT is damaged or not available, the Inventory Count Sheets will be used to conduct inventories. The Inventory Counts Sheets when printed are in stock number order not stock arranged order.

- a. PDT Procedures. Prior to conducting an inventory, it is necessary to generate an Inventory Count Sheet. ROM requires this process to facilitate the downloading of inventory data from the PDT to the appropriate outlet Inventory Count Sheet. No Inventory Count Sheet should ever be created for any Non-EPOS outlet. Procedures for creating an Inventory Count Sheet are outlined in the ROM II Users Guide.
- b. Manual Procedures (without a PDT). There is no pre-list function in ROM. The list is printed out by location. Procedures for creating an inventory are contained in the ROM User's Guide.

9006 COUNTING AND RECORDING

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. Each sales outlet operator and bulk storeroom custodian should be present when their space is inventoried. Stock will not be moved from one space to another before completing the inventory. During the inventory, when the actual counts are not in progress, the sales officer will secure the spaces by replacing the locks and attaching a numbered car seal in the presence of the responsible custodian. The car seal number will be recorded in the Car Seal Number Log.
 - a. PDT Procedures. During the inventory, one person will count and one will record the quantities via the PDT using the method described in paragraph 9002 and 9004. Over-count errors entered on the PDT can only be corrected after the inventory counts have been imported to the applicable inventory count sheet (i.e. quantity physically in the space is 24 cases, but 240 cases was entered into the PDT. After the inventory is imported, the records keeper must correct the over-count on the Inventory Count Sheet). Under-count errors can be corrected by rescanning the item and adding the missed (undercounted) quantity to the PDT. An example would be if the quantity physically in the space is 24 cases, but 2 cases were entered into the PDT, the user would rescan and enter 22 cases on the PDT to give a total count of 24 cases). Care should be taken when entering quantities into the PDT to prevent over-count errors.

b. Manual Procedures (Without PDT). Inventory Count Sheet(s) are printed. One person will count and one person will record quantities on the Inventory Count Sheet(s) using the method described in paragraph 9002 and 9004. All corrections will be made in ink with both individuals initialing the correction. Once the inventory has been completed, the records keeper will enter the quantities on the applicable Inventory Count Sheet in ROM.

2. INVENTORYING OUTSTANDING MATERIAL RETURNED TO VENDORS FOR CREDIT MEMORANDUMS AND CASH REFUNDS. All credit memorandums and cash refunds that are outstanding will be inventoried as part of the bulk storeroom inventory. Copies of all outstanding credit memorandums and cash refunds are contained in WF 4 and will assist the sales officer in adding the merchandise to the inventory.

9007 ACTIONS AFTER THE INVENTORY

Upon completion of the inventory the physical counts will be either entered into the applicable Inventory Count Sheet or imported from the PDT. Only personnel designated by the sales officer will perform this function. After the Inventory Count Sheet has been updated with the inventory, the Inventory Discrepancy Report will be printed. The inventory will remain unconfirmed until the sales officer validates all discrepancies from the Inventory Discrepancy Report. The sales officer will assign a team to verify items reported on the Inventory Discrepancy Report. Any corrections will be made to the applicable Inventory Count Sheet. A final Inventory Discrepancy Report will be generated after all corrections are made to inventory counts. This process will continue until the sales officer is confident that an accurate inventory count has been taken. Upon confirming the inventory, the stock record cards are adjusted and losses or gains are reported on Line B14 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. The B14 report will be printed and filed in the B14 (RK) file.

9008 DISTRIBUTION OF INVENTORY COUNT SHEETS

After the inventory, the Inventory Count Report will be printed for each outlet inventoried. The sales officer and all members of the inventory count team will sign the Inventory Count Report. The signed Inventory Count Report and the Inventory Discrepancy Report will be filed in B28 (RK) File. Additional copies can be provided to accountable custodian if requested.

9009 BALANCING AN EPOS OUTLET

To obtain an accurate balance of an EPOS outlet, the financial difference must be determined. The financial difference is reported on the Back of 153 Report after the inventory is confirmed and all cash is posted. If differences exceed \$1,500.00 and 1% of Sales at Cost, the sales officer will follow instructions in paragraph 9102.

9010 BALANCING A NON-EPOS OUTLET

- a. Merchandise sold from a snack or vending machine. At the end of the month, the ship will conduct an inventory and post the on hand balance. ROM II will report the sales (as recorded daily), compute the cost of sales and report any financial difference.
- b. All merchandise located in a Non-EPOS outlet, other than snack or vending, will be broken back to the bulk storeroom and all cash collection posted in ROM. The financial difference is reported on the Back of 153 Report after the breakback is confirmed and the cash is posted.
- c. Differences. If differences exceed \$1,500.00 and 1% of Sales at Cost the sales officer will follow instructions in paragraph 9102.

9011 BALANCING THE ENTIRE OPERATION

Once all inventories have been confirmed and all cash is posted, ROM automatically adjusts the new counts on the stock record cards and updates the Back of 153 Report that shows the financial difference (gain or loss) by dollar amount and percentage. Any gains or losses are reported on Line B14 and ultimately absorbed as an operating expense on Line C12 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. If the amount of the difference exceeds \$1,500.00 and 1% of Sales at Cost, the sales officer will follow instructions in paragraph 9102.

PART B - CLOSEOUT OF RECORDS

9100 CLOSEOUT OF STOCK RECORD CARDS

Stock record cards quantities are adjusted upon confirmation of an inventory. Upon closeout of the current accounting period, the ending inventory becomes the opening inventory for the new accounting period. Any gains/losses during the accounting period are reported on Line B14 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 and will be examined by the sales officer. Inventory Discrepancy Reports are produced for each inventory conducted to aid the sales officer in identifying discrepancies.

9101 PROFITABILITY REPORTS

ROM will automatically compute the amount of the gross profit generated for each item and by each location based on sales. To determine the actual gross profit the report compares the dollar value of merchandise sold against the dollar value of cash collections.

9102 FINANCIAL DIFFERENCES

1. <u>GENERAL</u>. Financial differences are identified by reviewing the net difference column on the Back of 153 Report after confirming an inventory for EPOS and Non-EPOS outlets. A financial difference may be caused by a difference in inventory and/or cash. An inventory difference is a difference between the "book" inventory and the actual inventory, and a cash difference is a monetary difference between the Sales at Retail Figure on the Back of the 153 Report and the actual cash collected. The amount of the difference determines whether adequate controls are in place, and what further action is required.

2. LEVELS OF RESPONSE TO FINANCIAL DIFFERENCES

- a. General. Financial differences are divided into three levels based upon monetary amount and actions to be taken by the ship.
- b. Levels.
 - (1) Level 1 Difference (Concern). Any difference below one percent of sales at cost and \$1,500.00 is a matter of concern to the supply officer and sales officer.
 - (2) Level 2 Difference (Caution). Any difference above one percent of sales at cost and \$1,500.00 is an indication that procedures require managerial review to determine the cause of the difference and action if the ship is unable to resolve the difference.
 - (3) Level 3 Difference (Adverse). Any difference above three percent of sales at cost and \$3,000.00 is considered an adverse difference which mandates review and examination by the supply officer and or the commanding officer depending on the circumstances.

3. ACTION

a. Level 1 Difference (Concern). A Level 1 Difference for any outlet requires review by the sales officer to determine if procedures are being followed. Action should be taken to remedy and improve operations. If the supply officer and sales officer are satisfied with their examination of the issues, no further action is required. If they are not satisfied with the results of their review, they may contact the local Fleet Assistance Team for assistance.

- b. Level 2 Difference (Caution). If a Level 2 Difference exists for an individual sales outlet or bulk storeroom, the entire ship's store operation will be inventoried and balanced to determine if a Level 2 Difference exists for the entire operation. If the difference in the individual outlets does not cause an overall Level 2 Difference, then the ship will conduct an internal review of procedures and no further action is required. If the entire operation has a Level 2 Difference the ship must do the following:
 - (1) Notify the supply officer of the difference
 - (2) Verify all columns on the Back of the 153 Report for all outlets
 - (3) Conduct a re-inventory and secure spaces
 - (4) Reopen spaces when the supply officer is sure that an accurate inventory has been taken.
 - (5) The ship has five workdays to resolve the difference. If they are unable to resolve the difference, the ship must contact the local Fleet Assistance Team for assistance.
 - (6) The Fleet Assistance Team has ten days to examine the difference. A report with recommendations will be provided to the ship.
 - (7) If the Fleet Assistance Team is not able to determine the cause of the difference, the supply officer will notify the commanding officer immediately concerning the difference and the final recommendations provided to the ship. The commanding officer may:
 - (a) Direct informal examinations of the loss, if theft or fraud is discovered during the examination, follow procedures listed in paragraph 1205.
 - (b) Notify the TYCOM if recommendations indicate a higher level involvement

- (c) Take any other disciplinary action IAW UCMJ if appropriate
- c. Level 3 Difference (Adverse). If a Level 3 difference exists for any individual sales outlet or bulk storeroom, the entire ship's store operation will be inventoried and balanced to determine if a Level 3 Difference exists for the entire operation. If after re-inventory, the difference in the individual outlet does not cause an overall Level 3 Difference, but does cause a Level 1 or Level 2 Difference, then follow the procedures listed above for that difference. If the entire operation has a Level 3 Difference the ship must do the following:
 - (1) Notify the supply officer of the difference
 - (2) Verify all columns on the Back of 153 Report
 - (3) Secure spaces and conduct a re-inventory
 - (4) The ship has five work days to resolve the difference or must contact the TYCOM or Fleet Assistance Team for assistance. If the assistance does not resolve the difference or an assistance visit is unable to be performed within a reasonable period of time, the ship should do the following:
 - (a) Establish a formal fact finding body in accordance with JAG Manual Chapter 2.
 - (b) Relieve the responsible individual when culpability on his/her part is indicated
 - (c) In the event of relief of the accountable officer, records will be closed out and the relieved officer will submit returns
 - (d) Reopen spaces after inventory and cash collections are verified by the supply officer and upon receipt of concurrence and recommendations from TYCOM or Fleet Assistance Team.
 - (5) For a Level 3 Difference, a letter must be submitted to the TYCOM with a copy to DFAS. The letter will explain the possible causes and corrective action taken to prevent the differences in the future. Submit any additional reports required by TYCOM.

PART C - RETURNS REQUIRED

9200 PURPOSE OF RETURNS

Ship's store returns serve the following purposes:

- a. Establish accountability
- b. Furnish operational information to the NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) / TYCOM
- c. Establish the basis for the analysis, segregation and presentation of appropriation and cost accounting charges

9201 TYPES OF RETURNS

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. The sales officer will render returns on the Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153) within 15 days following the end of the accounting period. Returns will be submitted to DFAS with substantiating documents. Prior to rendering returns, the sales officer will ensure that all signed receipt and expenditure documents are reflected in the original returns and are balanced with the applicable lines of the NAVCOMPT Form 153. Non-receipt of documents that are required to support the returns should not delay submission of the returns (see paragraph 9204). Early submission of returns will assist DFAS in meeting schedules.
- 2. <u>FOUR MONTH RETURNS.</u> The sales officer will submit ship's store returns for four month periods ending 31 January, 31 May and 30 September or upon relief of the sales officer.
- 3. <u>MERGED RETURNS.</u> Returns may be merged, if the total of the normal accounting period and the merged period does not exceed five consecutive months. Returns for a fractional period may be merged with the returns for the previous or subsequent accounting period (except for the 30 September accounting period) upon written authorization from the commanding officer. When returns are merged ships will notify the following activities by E-mail:
 - a. The TYCOM
 - b. DFAS
 - c. NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program)

The original letter will be included with the merged returns submitted to DFAS. Returns may not be merged for the accounting period ending 30 September, without approval from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program).

4. <u>CORRECTIONS TO RETURNS.</u> ROM does not allow any corrections to financial documents after the information has been "confirmed". No corrected returns will be submitted to DFAS. Any corrections will be made to existing records in the current accounting period. DFAS, after reconciling the returns,

will direct the sales officer on how to correct the current NAVCOMPT Form 153.

9202 DELAY AND DELINQUENCY IN SUBMITTING RETURNS

When returns cannot be submitted on or before the date required, the ship must notify via email, salts or naval message to DFAS, NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) and TYCOM explaining the reasons for the delay and the anticipated mailing date.

9203 INSTRUCTIONS FOR FORWARDING RETURNS

- 1. <u>PACKING INSTRUCTION</u>. Returns will be packed unfolded and flat. If returns are no larger than an ordinary letter, heavy envelopes may be used.
- 2. <u>ADDRESSING.</u> In all cases, the following will be shown in the upper left corner of each package:

Sales Officer's Name
UIC, Name and Hull Number of Ship
"Ship's store returns for the period ending ________.

If two or more packages are used, the number of the package and a brief description of the contents will also be shown.

3. <u>SHIPMENT METHOD.</u> Returns will be forwarded by first class mail for packages weighing 13 ounces or less, or Military Official Mail (MOM) for those weighing over 13 ounces to:

Service designator "V" and "R" ships:

Defense Finance and Accounting Service ATTN: Accounts Payable, Ships Stores Code JAQBDA, Room 2799 1240 E. 9th Street Cleveland, OH 44199

9204 DOCUMENTS FORWARDED AFTER RETURNS HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED

Documents received after returns have been submitted to DFAS will be forwarded as prescribed in paragraph 9203 under a letter of transmittal. The documents will be labeled to indicate the accounting period to which they are applicable.

9205 COPY OF RETURNS FOR NAVY SUPPLY CORPS SCHOOL

In order to provide current training aids for students preparing for shipboard duty, one copy of the Ship's Store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153) and the Back of 153 Report for the accounting period ending 30 September will be mailed to the following address:

Navy Supply Corps School Code N71

55 PORTER AVE NEWPORT, R.I. 02841

Or a scanned .pdf copy emailed to NSCS_NWPT_AFLOAT@NAVY.MIL

PART D – SHIP'S STORE BALANCE SHEET AND PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT SECTION I – GENERAL INFORMATION

9300 GENERAL

An original and three copies of the Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153) will be prepared at the end of each accounting period, paragraph 9331 applies. ROM will generate the NAVCOMPT Form 153 upon request based on data entered for each transaction. Information reported on the NAVCOMPT Form 153 is verified by reports and supporting documentation.

9301 AUTHORIZED INVENTORY

The Authorized Inventory is computed by multiplying the authorized billets (as reported on the manpower authorization document OPNAV 1000/2 for enlisted and officers) times \$102.00. For deployed ships, the Authorized Inventory is doubled.

Example:

Non-deployed ship: 500 (crew size) X \$102.00 = \$51,000.00

Deployed ship: $$51,000.00 \times 2 = $102,000.00$

SECTION II – BALANCE SHEET

9310 RECEIPTS SECTION

 LINE B01 – RECEIPTS FROM PURCHASE. The total value of receipt from purchases as reported and itemized on the Journal of Receipts (B01/B05 Report). This figure should match the sum of the monthly transmittals of receipt documents. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

- Merchandise received and reported as a receipt in the current accounting period. This includes the dollar value of credit memorandums forwarded to DFAS.
- b. Adjustments made to receipts that occurred in the current accounting period.
- 2. <u>LINE B05 RECEIPTS FROM OSO.</u> The total value of receipts from other supply officers (OSO) as reported and itemized on the Journal of Receipts (B01/B05 Report). This figure should match the sum of the monthly transmittals of receipt documents. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
 - a. Merchandise received and reported as a receipt in the current accounting period
 - b. Adjustments made to receipts that occurred in the current accounting period
- 3. <u>LINE B08 OPENING INVENTORY.</u> The total value of all ship's store stock at the beginning of the accounting period will be reported on Line B08. The amount will equal Line B28 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 submitted for the previous accounting period. The sales officer will verify the figure entered automatically by ROM is equal to Line B28 of the previous NAVCOMPT Form 153. The sales officer may modify the opening inventory if necessary as outlined in the ROM User's Guide.
- 4. <u>LINE B09 TOTAL RECEIPTS</u>. The sum of the amounts reported on Line B01 through B08 will be reported on Line B09. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

9311 EXPENDITURES SECTION

- 1. <u>LINE B10 ISSUES TO USE.</u> The total value of Issues to Use as reported and itemized on the Issues to Use (B10) Report.
 - Dollar value of all issues listed in paragraph 7300, except cost of operations issues and issues for health and comfort to personnel in a pay status.
 - b. Transfers to other appropriations (such as the general mess and general stores)

- c. Receipts from other appropriations
- LINE B12 BULK SALES. The total value of all bulk sales and cash refunds as reported and itemized on the Bulk Sale / Cash Refund (B12) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 3. <u>LINE B14 LOSS/GAIN BY INVENTORY.</u> The total value of Gain/Loss by Inventory as reported and itemized on the Gain/Loss By Inventory (B14) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 4. <u>LINE B15 SURVEYS TO NWCF.</u> The total value of ship's store stock surveyed to the Navy Working Capital Fund as reported and itemized on the Surveys to NWCF (B15) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 5. <u>LINE B19 TRANSFERS TO OSO.</u> The total value of ship's store stock transferred to other supply officers as reported and itemized on the Transfer to OSO (B19) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 6. <u>LINE B21 COST OF RETAIL SALES.</u> The total value of ship's store stock sold at cost price as reported and itemized by retail location on the Cost of Retail Sales (B21) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 7. <u>LINE B22 COST OF OPS, RETAIL.</u> The total value of Cost of Operations, Retail as reported and itemized on the Cost of Operations (B22) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 8. <u>LINE B23 SURVEYS TO SSPN, RETAIL.</u> The total value of surveys charged to profits (except surveys of drink vending machine merchandise) as reported and itemized on the Survey to SSPN, Retail (B23) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- LINE B25 COST OF VENDING SALES. The total value of Cost of Vending Sales as reported and itemized on the Canned Vending Profitability (B25) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- LINE B26 COST OF OPS, VENDING. The total value of Cost of Operations, Vending as reported and itemized on the Cost of Ops, Vending (B26) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 11. <u>LINE B27 SURVEYS TO SSPN, VENDING.</u> The total value of surveys of can vending machine merchandise charged to profits as reported and itemized on the Surveys to SSPN Vending (B27) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 12. <u>LINE B28 CLOSING INVENTORY.</u> The total value of all ship's store stock as reported and itemized on the Consolidated Stock Record (B28) Listing. This sales officer will compare the closing Inventory Count Reports against the B28 Listing to ensure both figures match. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

13. <u>LINE B30 – TOTAL EXPENDITURES.</u> The sum of the amounts reported on Lines B10 through B29. The amount on Line B30 must equal the amount on Line B09. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

SECTION II - PROFIT AND LOSS STATMENT

9320 RECEIPT SECTION

LINE C01 – FUNDS BROUGHT FORWARD. The amount as reported on Line C24 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 for the previous accounting period. The sales officer will verify that the figure entered by ROM is equal to Line C24 of the previous NAVCOMPT Form 153. The sales officer may modify the Funds Brought Forward if necessary as outlined in the ROM User's Guide. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

- 2. <u>LINE C02 RETAIL SALES.</u> The total cash received from sales in retail stores and all Non-EPOS outlets except canned vending machines as reported and itemized on the Retail Cash Collection (C02) Report. The sales officer will compare cash totals against the monthly Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposit of Cash with the Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149) to ensure both figures match. The sales officer will also ensure monthly totals in the Navy Cash Monthly Merchant Report match each monthly Cash Sales Invoice (DD Form 1149). ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 3. <u>LINE C03 VENDING SALES.</u> The total cash received from can drink vending machines as reported and itemized on the Drink Vending Collection (C03) Report. This figure will be compared by the sales officer against the monthly Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposits of Cash with the Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149) to ensure both figures match. The sales officer will also ensure monthly totals in the Navy Cash Monthly Merchant Report match each monthly Cash Sales Invoice (DD Form 1149). ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 4. <u>LINE C04A REBATES.</u> The total value of rebates as reported and itemized on the Rebates (C04A) Report as authorized by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). This figure will be compared by the sales officer against the monthly Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposits with the Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149) to ensure both figures match. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 5. <u>LINE C04B CONTRIBUTIONS.</u> The total value of all other contributions, regardless of source, as reported and itemized on the Contributions to Ship's store Profits (C04B) Report. This also includes monies collected as service charges. This figure will be compared by the sales officer against the monthly Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposit with the Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149) to ensure both figures match. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 6. <u>LINE C05 LOANS.</u> The total value of loans received as reported and itemized on the Loans Received (C05) and Loan Payments (C20) Report. Loans will be authorized by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) as per paragraph 8102-1. The amount of a loan received will be reported on Line C05 as a one-time entry at the end of the accounting period in which the loan is received. The NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) letter authorizing the loan

will be referenced in the authorization block. The sales officer will enter the total amount of each loan authorized as outlined in the ROM User's Guide.

- 7. <u>LINE C06 GRANTS.</u> The total value of grants received as reported and itemized on the Grants Received (C06) Report. Non-reimbursable grants will be authorized by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) as per paragraph 8102-2. The amount of a grant received will be reported on Line C06 at the end of the accounting period in which the grant is received. The NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) letter authorizing the grant will be referenced in the authorization block. The sales officer will enter the total amount of each grant authorized as outlined in the ROM User's Guide.
- 8. <u>LINE C09 TOTAL RECEIPTS</u>. The sum of the amounts reported on lines C01 through C06. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

9321 EXPENDITURE SECTION

- LINE C10 COST OF RETAIL SALES. The Cost of Retail Sales as reported on Line B21 of the current NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- LINE C12 OPERATING EXPENSES. The total value as reported on Lines B22, B23 and B14 of the current NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- LINE C13 LAUNDRY CLAIMS. The total value as reported and itemized on the Laundry Claims/Service Charges (C13) Report. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
 - a. Reimbursement Vouchers (Standard Form 1034) for settling claims for loss or damage of personal clothing in the ship's store service activities (see paragraph 8202-5).
 - b. The Abstract Data Reports covering repairs to vending machines, repairs to ship's store stock and laundry service charges (see paragraph 4222).
- 4. <u>LINE C14A GF ASSESSMENT, LOCAL.</u> The General Fund Assessment reported on Line C14A will be automatically entered by ROM as a percentage of sales in accordance with paragraph 8201.
- 5. <u>LINE C14B GF ASSESSMENT, BUPERS.</u> The General Fund Assessment reported on Line C14B will be automatically entered by ROM as a percentage of sales in accordance with paragraph 8201.
- 6. <u>LINE C15 COST OF VENDING SALES.</u> The Cost of Vending Sales as reported on Line B25 of the current NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

7. <u>LINE C16 – COST OF OPS VENDING.</u> The total value as reported on Lines B26 and B27 of the current NAVCOMPT Form 153. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

- 8. <u>LINE C18 EQUIPMENT PURCHASES.</u> The total value as reported and itemized on the Equipment Purchase (C18) Report. The sales officer will enter the value of each Abstract Data Report received for the current accounting period as outlined in paragraph 4222-3. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- LINE C20 LOAN REPAYMENTS. The total value as prescribed by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) reported and itemized on the Loans Received (C05) and Loan Payments (C20) Report.
- 10. <u>LINE C21 BEGINNING LOAN BALANCE.</u> The balance of the loan at the beginning of the accounting period as reported on Line C21A of the previous NAVCOMPT Form 153 or if repayment of the loan will begin in the same accounting period as the loan was received the value will be zero. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- LINE C21A ENDING LOAN BALANCE. The balance of the loan at the end of the accounting period after payments reported on Line C20 have been deducted. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 12. <u>LINE C22 FUNDS TRANSFERRED TO THE RECREATION FUND.</u> The total value of all Standard Form 1034 covering funds transferred to the recreation fund.
- 13. <u>LINE C23 TOTAL EXPENDITURES.</u> The sum of the amounts reported on Lines C10 through C20 and C22. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 14. <u>LINE C24 FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR TRANSFER TO THE RECREATION</u>
 <u>FUND.</u> The amount reported on Line C09 minus the amount reported on Line C23. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 15. LINE 24A LIABILITIES ASSUMED AND ANTICIPATED OPERATING

 EXPENSES. The total amount of liabilities assumed and anticipated operating expenses as outlined in paragraph 8300. The sales officer will enter the liabilities assumed and anticipated operating expenses as outlined in the ROM User's Guide.
- 16. <u>LINE C24B NET FUNDS AVAILABLE FOR TRANSFER TO RECREATION</u>
 <u>FUND.</u> The amount reported on Line C24 minus the amount reported on Line C24A. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

9322 PROFIT COMPUTATION

1. <u>LINE C25 – OPERATING PROFIT.</u> The amount reported on Line C02 minus the amounts reported on Lines C10 through C14B. ROM will automatically enter this figure.

- LINE C26 SOFT DRINK VENDING MACHINE PROFIT. The amount reported on Line C03 minus the amounts reported on Lines C15 and C16. ROM will automatically enter this figure.
- 3. <u>SIGNATURE.</u> The sales officer will sign and date the NAVCOMPT Form 153 and all copies.

SECTION IV - COMPLETING NAVCOMPT FORM 153

9330 INFORMATION TO BE ATTACHED TO NAVCOMPT FORM 153

- a. Back of 153 Report
- b. Emblematic Listing Report

9331 DISTRIBUTION

- 1. <u>DFAS VERSION</u>. The NAVCOMPT Form 153 (DFAS Version) will be distributed as Original and one copy to DFAS with substantiating documents as indicated in Appendix B.
- 2. <u>SHIPS VERSION.</u> The NAVCOMPT Form 153 (Ship's Version) will be distributed as follows:
 - a. One copy to TYCOM
 - b.
 - b. One copy filed with the retained returns
 - c. One copy for period ending 30 September to Navy Supply Corps School (see paragraph 9205).

PART E - SUBSTANTIATION OF SHIP'S STORE RETURNS/RETAINED RETURNS

9400 GENERAL INFORMATION

The chart in paragraph 9404 lists the documents, which are required to substantiate each line of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 and which documents are to be forwarded to DFAS and which documents are to be filed in the retained returns. All documents must be legible.

9401 MAKE-UP OF RETURNS

The original returns (submitted to DFAS) will be compiled from documents in the (AO) File. The retained returns will be compiled from documents from the (RK) File and will include the backup media and any (AO) documents that were not included with the original returns. Retained returns will be retained for two years.

9402 ARRANGEMENT OF RETURNS

The original and retained returns will be arranged following the lines on the Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153). Additional documents required for the retained returns will be filed at the bottom of the documents substantiating the NAVCOMPT Form 153.

9403 SUBSTANTIATING REPORTS

Substantiating reports are required for each line of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 when that line has a corresponding report available and the line is reporting a dollar value. The reports will be securely attached to the appropriate document(s) in a manner that will not cover any pertinent information.

9404 SUBSTANTIATION OF RETURNS AND RETAINED RETURNS

- a. For substantiation of ship's store returns submitted to DFAS and the retained returns, see Appendix B.
- b. Other documents required for retained returns:
 - 1. Retained Returns File #1: Original breakout documents with confirmed copy attached
 - 2. Retained Returns File #2: Copy of CO's Monthly Management Report for each month of accounting period
 - 3. Backup media
 - (a) Daily Backup prior to closeout
 - (b) Daily Backup and Smart Reorder Backup after closeout

PART F - RELIEF OF SALES OFFICER

9500 INVENTORY

When the sales officer is relieved, a complete physical inventory of the ship's store stock on hand will be taken following paragraphs 9000, 9002-9011. Both the detaching and relieving officer will certify the inventory as accurate. Distribution of the completed inventory will be the same as prescribed in paragraph 9008, except that one certified copy of the inventory will be given to the detaching officer. A Memorandum For The Record will be manually prepared for the money value of the ship's store stock on hand at the time of relief, as shown from the totals of the Inventory Count Reports. Certifications in the following format will be signed by the detaching officer and the relieving officer:

"I certify that the inventory of ship's	store sto	ck in the va	alue shown	here has	been
transferred to	_ on		_•"		
		Name/Ran	k		
		Of Relievir	ng Officer		ate
Detaching Officer's Signature					
"I certify that the inventory of ship's received into my custody and I acki Date					been
Relieving Officer's Signature					
•					

The original Memorandum For The Record will be submitted with the first set of returns submitted by the relieving officer.

9501 RETURNS

When a sales officer is relieved, the detaching officer and the relieving officer will conduct a complete inventory as outlined in paragraph 9500. Ship's store returns will be submitted at the end of the next accounting period jointly by both officers. If the relieving officer is not satisfied that accountability has been established the commanding officer may direct the detaching sales officer to close out all records and render returns.

9502 DISPOSITION OF RECORDS AND FILES

All ship's store records, files and documents of the detaching officer will be maintained by the relieving officer. The relieving officer will make any adjustments or settlements of previous transactions as necessary. If the relieving officer is not satisfied with the condition of the records, he will report the facts immediately to the commanding officer for such action as considered necessary. As per the Navy and Marine Corps Records Disposition Manual (SECNAVINST 5212.5 series), ship's store returns will be kept on board for a period of two years. After two years, they will be disposed of or destroyed locally.

RETURNS SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT

9503 RELIEVING LETTER

When assuming the responsibility and accountability of the sales division, the relieving officer shall advise by letter of relief to the commanding officer the financial and material condition of the S-3 Division, noting all discrepancies and or deficiencies. At a minimum the letter should address outstanding liabilities such as loans, unmatched expenditures amount, if the operation is in sound financial condition and any equipment that is considered in poor repair or CASREP condition.

9504 SEA SWAP FINANCIAL CONSIDERATIONS

1. DEFINITIONS.

- a. Operational debt is defined as negative profit as reported on the closing accounting period NC 153 report. Negative profit can occur due to reporting of unmatched expenditures, DFAS letters advising of corrections to returns, mistakes in reporting expenses, or poor management practices.
- b. Infrastructure debt is defined as expenses incurred by a ship for ship's store modernization projects and expenses associated with the procurement of ship's store equipment such as vending machines, vending machine accessories, and ROM II computer equipment.

2. NOTIFICATION OF A SEA SWAP.

- a. Ships will take all appropriate actions to resolve outstanding debt. Both ships involved with the swap will conduct inventories and submit returns to DFAS to establish the new accountable operations prior to the Sea Swap.
- b. Any unmatched expenditures will be resolved prior to the closeout of records and submission of accounting period returns. Upon relief and acceptance of accountability for the operation, any unmatched expenditures that are received after Sea Swap has occurred will be the responsibility of the receiving ship.
- c. When a Sea Swap occurs, a crew will take any operational debt with them to the new ship. After reconciliation of the closing NAVCOMPT 153, NEXCOM and DFAS will affect the transfer of debt and advise the ship of actions they must take. Infrastructure debt will remain with the ship that has received the infrastructure upgrade. Because the arriving crew will receive the benefit of the new equipment or modernization while assigned to the ship, they will be responsible to continue to pay the debt as if they had incurred the cost.

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT RETURNS

PART G - DISESTABLISHMENT OF A SHIP STORE

9600 REPORT OF DISESTABLISHMENT

Before the disestablishment of a ship's store, the commanding officer will report by letter to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) the authority under which the action is being taken. The letter will indicate the disposition or recommended disposition of stock, equipment and fixtures on hand. A copy of the letter will be forwarded to the TYCOM and DFAS. Instructions on the disposition of COSAL material (such as cash registers, laundry equipment, night depository safes and barber chairs) will be included in the applicable conversion specifications for the ship. Outstanding loans due to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) will be paid in full. No profits will be transferred to the recreation fund until all expenses are paid.

9601 DISPOSITION OF VENDING MACHINES

- 1. <u>DISESTABLISHMENT OF A SHIP'S STORE.</u> Upon disestablishment of a ship's store, all vending machines (except AT&T Phone Card and leased vending machines) may remain on board under the control of the commanding officer if the ship is not being inactivated. Any cash received from sales will be used for recreation purposes. AT&T Phone Card machines and leased vending machines, if any, will be disposed of following subparagraph 3.
- 2. <u>INACTIVATION OF A SHIP.</u> Upon inactivation of a ship, all vending machines will be turned in on a Requisition and Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149) to the nearest shore supply support activity. The DD Form 1149 will contain the statement "Hold pending instructions from NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program)." The DD Form 1149 will contain the following information:
 - a. Date of purchase, if know
 - b. Manufacturer's name, model, type or number of selections/flavors
 - c. General statement of the condition
- 3. <u>LEASED VENDING MACHINES.</u> Upon disestablishment or inactivation of a ship store, all leased vending machines, if any, will be turned over to the respective vendors.

9602 DISPOSITION OF STOCK

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. Upon notification that the ship store will be disestablished, an inventory of ship's store stock will be taken immediately. A detailed examination of the stock status of each item will be made to determine which items are considered to be in excess of remaining requirements. An excess stock position depends upon the number of personnel to be served and the date of disestablishment of the ship's store.
- 2. <u>SHIP'S STORE STOCK</u>. The procurement of all ship's store stock will cease 30 days before the disestablishment date. Action will be taken to sell or transfer all stock. Ship's store items which cannot be sold at full price will be

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marked down. Emblematic items will be marked down or surveyed as necessary to dispose of 30 days before disestablishment.

9603 FINAL RETURNS

Upon deactivation or decommissioning of a ship, the final returns will have the statement "Final Returns" entered in red ink on the Ship's store Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Statement (NAVCOMPT Form 153).

APPENDIX A - DEFINTIONS OF SHIP'S STORE TERMS

ACB – The Ship's store Automated Contract Bulletin contains basic type items required to support the needs of the crew. It is published and maintained by NEXCOM (Ship's store Program).

ACCOUNTABILITY – Accountability is the personal obligation to render an accurate accounting of ship's store property and funds assign to them for safekeeping.

ACCOUNTABLE OFFICER – The accountable officer is the officer assigned responsibility for the ship store.

ACCOUNTING PERIOD – Any period for which returns must be submitted. It is normally a four-month period ending 31 January, 31 May and 30 September.

ASL - The Automated Ship's store Afloat Listing contains luxury and semi-luxury type items. It is published and maintained by NEXCOM (Ship's store Program).

AUTOMATED ACCOUNTING ADJUSTMENT – Computer generated financial figure added to Line B22 on the NAVCOMPT Form 153 to keep the receipt and expenditure numbers in balance.

AVERAGE COST PRICE – A ROM computed figure where the quantity and cost of stock on hand is averaged with the quantity and cost of the receipt.

BACKUP – The process of saving ship's data from ROM to an external media.

BARCODE – A code consisting of a group of printed bars and spaces designed to be scanned into computer memory to identify the object it labels.

BONUS FREE ITEMS – Bonus free items are received from a vendor free of charge as a bonus for placing an order.

BREAKBACK – A transfer of material from a sales outlet to the bulk storeroom.

BREAKOUT – A transfer of material from the bulk storeroom to a sales outlet or service activity.

BULK SALE – A sale made at cost to an activity authorized to buy in this manner.

BULK STOREROOM – A storage facility for all or part of the stock in a ship's store operation.

BULK STOREROOM CUSTODIAN – A person in charge of a bulk storeroom. In separate responsibilities operations, the custodian is responsible for the stock by quantity on individual stock records.

CLOSEOUTS – A process completed at the end of each accounting period on the ROM System to update all applicable ship's store records.

COMBINED RESPONSIBILITY OPERATION – A ship's store operation in which one person is responsible for both a sales outlet and the bulk storeroom, which supplies that outlet.

COMPOSITE RECREATION FUND – A fund in which a ship without a ship's store shares in the profits of the supporting ship's store. For example, an SSN/SSBN supported by an AS receives a share of the ship's store profits from the AS to be used as the SSN/SSBN's recreation fund.

CONSTANTS – Data maintained in ROM, which is utilized repetitively to produce various reports and forms.

COST ITEM – An item of ship's store stock carried for ultimate issue as cost of operations and cost of sales.

COST PRICE – Price at which an item is received from the vendor.

COST OF OPERATIONS ISSUE – A cost of operations issue is an expenditure of stock for ultimate consumption in a ship's store activity.

COST OF OPERATIONS ITEMS – Items carried for issue to a sales outlet. Cash is ultimately received for cost of sale items. They differ from retail items in that further processing is required before sale.

CREDIT INVOICE – A document received from a vendor, which gives credit to a ship for merchandise returned to the vendor.

CREDIT MEMORANDUM – An expenditure documents used to return merchandise to a commercial vendor for a credit invoice.

CUSTODIAN (RESPONSIBLE CUSTODIAN) – A person held responsible for the operation of a sales outlet and custody of the material in it.

DELIVERY ORDER – A delivery order is an order for material under an existing indefinite delivery contract. An item ordered from the ACB is procured via a delivery order.

DEPARTMENT CODES – Alphanumeric designation of stock into categories of merchandise

EMBLEMATIC ITEMS – Emblematic items are items bearing the ship's identification (such as ball caps, belt buckles, T-shirts, lighters, mugs, etc).

ELECTRONIC POINT-OF-SALE (EPOS) – A special cash register used to scan items at time of sale.

EXCESS PROFITS – Profits that exceed the policy limits.

EXCESS STOCK – Material by line item that exceeds expected sales. Dollar value of stock that exceeds authorized limits.

EXPENDITURE – Removal of stock from accountability of a custodian.

FAST PAY PROCEDURES – Fast Pay Procedures are designed to expedite payment to the vendor for material that has been delivered to a common carrier, post office or other means to point of first receipt by the Government. The vendor agrees to replace, repair or correct material not received at the specified destination, damaged in shipping or not conforming to the specifications of the order.

F.O.B. – Free on board, or Freight on board.

F.O.B. DESTINATION – F.O.B. Destination on a purchase order or contract indicates the vendor will pay all transportation costs for material sent to the ship.

F.O.B. ORIGIN – F.O.B. Origin on a purchase order or contract indicates the ship will pay transportation cost for material received.

F.O.B. OTHER – Same as F.O.B. Origin.

F.O.B. SHIPPING POINT - Same as F.O.B. Origin.

FUNCTION – A process in ROM, which affects ship's store records.

GUARANTEED SALES ITEMS – Items that may be returned to a vendor for cash refund check or credit invoice.

HEALTH AND COMFORT ISSUES – A health and comfort issue provide personnel toilet goods, tobacco, clothing items and other necessities required for the health and well being of personnel without sufficient funds to purchase them.

INTRA-STORE TRANSFER – The movement of material from the responsibility of one outlet to that of another. See Breakout and Breakback.

INVOICE – An itemized list of material or services rendered or received, including quantity prices, etc.

INVOLUNTARY PRICE CHANGES – Price changes, which are directed from higher authority, which are beyond the control of the sales officer. They include standard price adjustments and tobacco products.

ISSUE FOR USE – See Cost of Operations Issue.

LIQUIDATION – Liquidation is a settlement of the amount of an account.

MARKDOWN – A markdown is a voluntary reduction in the retail price of an item.

MARKDOWN BELOW COST – A markdown below cost is a voluntary reduction in the retail price of an item below its average cost price.

MARKDOWN TO COST – A markdown to cost is a type of retail markdown in which the retail price of an item is reduced so that it is equal to its average cost price.

MARKON – A markon is any increase in the established retail price of an item.

MARKUP – The markup is the difference between the cost price and retail price of a retail item.

MAX LIMIT – A Max Limit is the maximum quantity of material to be maintained on hand and on order to sustain current operations. It includes the sum of stocks represented by the operating level, the safety level, and order and shipping time (Equivalent to requisitioning objective)

MIN LIMIT – A Min limit is the stock position, which signals the need to initiate replenishment action. It includes the sum of stock represented by the safety level and the order and shipping time. (Equivalent to reorder point).

NON-ELECTRONIC POINT-OF-SALE (NON-EPOS) – Any retail outlet which does not use an EPOS cash register.

OPERATING LEVEL – Quantity of material (exclusive of safety level) required to sustain operations during the interval between successive requisitions. Normally, it is the difference in the quantity between the requisitioning objectives (max limit and the reorder point (min level)).

ORDER AND SHIPPING TIME – Time elapsing between the submission of an order and the receipt of the materials. (Equivalent to procurement lead-time)

PORTABLE DATA TERMINAL (PDT) - Device used to capture SKU/UPC numbers and quantity for inventory / breakouts or used to conduct UPC maintenance.

PROFIT – Amount of money remaining after all expenses and costs have been paid.

RESALE OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT (ROM) – A microcomputer-based record keeping system to assist ship's store personnel in administering the acquisition, management, and control of ship's store inventory and in procuring resale operations reports and returns.

PURCHASE ORDER – An order for material, which also establishes a one-time contract. An item ordered from the Ship Store Afloat Catalog is procured via a purchase order.

RECEIPT – The acceptance of the quantity and quality of material for accountability purposes.

RECORDS KEEPER – A person in charge of keeping ship's store records.

REFUND – Cash given back to a customer in exchange for merchandise that was previously brought from a sales activity.

REORDER POINT – The stock position that signals the need to initiate replenishment action. It includes the sum of stocks represented by the safety level and the order and shipping time. (Equivalent to min limits).

REQUISITION - An order for material from a government source. For example, other supply officers including another ship's store or shore supply support activity.

REQUISITIONING OBJECTIVE – The maximum quantity of material to be maintained on hand and on order to sustain current operations. It includes the sum of stocks represented by the operating level, safety level and order and shipping time. (Equivalent to max limit).

RESALE ACTIVITY – A sales outlet.

RESPONSIBILITY – Responsibility is the obligation to exercise care, custody and protection of ship's store money and materials.

RETAIL ITEM – Any item sold in exchange for cash.

RETAIL MARKDOWN – A voluntary price reduction in the retail price of an item to a price below its retail price.

RETAIL PRICE – The price at which an item is sold.

RETAIL STORE – A sales outlet where retail items are sold.

RETAIL STORE OPERATOR – The person in charge of a retail store. For combined responsibility operations, it also refers to the custodian of a retail store and the bulk storeroom, which provides supplies for the store.

REVALUATION BY SURVEY – Revaluation by survey is a procedure lowering the price of an item by a survey of money value only.

SAFETY LEVEL – The quantity of material in addition to the operating level required on hand permitting continuous operations in the event of interruption of normal replenishment or unpredictable fluctuations in the issue demand.

SALE – Any expenditure of stock for which cash is received. Accountability is unchanged by a sale.

SALES OUTLETS – Sales outlets are retail stores, vending machines and amusement machines.

SALES OFFICER – The officer in charge of the ship's store operation aboard a ship. The sales officer is the accountable officer.

SEPARATE RESPONSIBILITY OPERATION – A separate responsibility operation in which two or more persons are responsible for the operation of a sales activity and the bulk storeroom, which supplies that activity.

SERVICE ACTIVITY – A ship's store facility that renders a service. The barbershop and laundry are service activities.

SHIP'S STORE – A ship store contains both the sales outlet and service activities on board a ship.

SPECIAL ORDER – The procurement and sale of a retail item to a specified individual who has ordered the item. The item is sold through a retail store, but is not carried as stock.

STOCK TURN – The movement of stock through the ship's store operation. Stock is moved by expending it from the ship's store through sale, issues to use and surveys. A stock turn of 1.33 per accounting period is desired resulting in 4.0 stock turns per year, which is required.

SURVEY – An expenditure of stock for immediate disposal. Surveys reduce accountability.

TRANSMITTIAL – A group of documents or records sent to another activity for information or action.

TRANSFER – The movement of stock from the accountability of one sales officer to that of another.

UPC – Universal Product Code

UPC MAINTANENCE – The process of determining if an item's UPC code is linked to a SKU number.

VENDING MACHINE – A sales outlet where canned drinks, candy, cookies, and other retail items are sold.

VENDING MACHINE CUSTODIAN – The person in charge of the vending machine operation.

VISUAL MERCHANDISING - The display of merchandise in ship's store activities

Appendix B

NAVCOMPT 153 and Line Captions	Returns to DFAS (AO Documents)	Retained Returns (RK Documents)	NAVSUP Pub-487 Paragraph
NAVCOMPT 153	Original (DFAS Version)	(a) Original (Ship's Version) (b) Copy to TYCOM (c) Copy to Navy Supply Corps School (30 Sep)	9331
B01 Receipts from Purchases	No document required (Receiving Reports forwarded to DFAS monthly)	 (a) Bulk Custodian & Receipt Inspector's copies of DD Form 1155 with Receiving Report showing quantity and date of material receipt and vendor invoice attached (b) Original of each credit memorandum DD Form 1149 with copy of dealer's credit invoice attached (c) Original of each accounting adjustment DD Form 1149 Ten purchase orders will be placed in numerical sequence in separate folders. (For example, purchase orders 9700 – 9709 will be placed in one folder, purchase orders 9710 – 9719 in another folder.) 	5201 5304
B05 Receipts from OSO (a) Bulk Custodian and receipt Inspector's copies of DD Form 1348-1A or 1149 with Receiving Report showing quantity and date of material receipt. (b) Original of each accounting adjustment DD Form 1149 Ten requisitions will be placed in numerical sequence in separate folders. (For example, requisition 9900 – 9909 will be placed in one folder, requisition 9910 – 9919 in another folder.)		5200 5304	
B10 Issues to Use	(a) Original DD Form 1149 (b) Original DD Form 504	(a) Copy of DD Form 1149 (b) Copy of 504 (c) B10 Report	7405 & 7406
B12 Bulk Sales Cash Refund	(a) Original of DD Form 1149 (Bulk Sale) (b) Copy of DD 1149 (Cash Refund)	(a) Copy of DD Form 1149 (b) B12 Report	2203 7711
B14 Loss/Gain by Inventory	No document required	B14 Report	9007
B15 Surveys to NWCF	Original of DD Form 200	(a) Copy of DD Form 200 (b) B15 Report	7102
B19 Transfer to OSO	Two copies of DD Form 1348-1A or 1149	(a) Original of DD Form 1348-1A or 1149 (b) B19 Report	7200
B21 Cost of Retail Sales	No document required	B21 Report	
B22 Cost of OPS Retail	No document required	B22 Report	7500
B23 Survey to Ship's Store SSPN, Retail	Original of DD Form 200	(a) Copy of DD Form 200 (b) B23 Report	7102
B25 Cost of Vending Sales	No document required	B25 Report	
B26 Cost of OPS Vending	No document required	B26 Report	9311
B27 Survey to – SSPN, Vending	Original of DD Form 200	(a) Copy of DD Form 200 (b) B27 Report	7102
B28 Closing Inventory	No document required	(a) Original of Closing Inventory	9008
C02 C03 C04	Two Copies of each monthly Cash Sales Invoice DD Form 1149 deposited with the Disbursing Officer	(a) Original of Closing Inventory (a) Original of each monthly Cash Sales Invoice DD Form 1149 deposited with the Disbursing Officer (b) NAVSUP 469 and NAVSUP 470 (c) Navy Cash Reports (d) CO2-CO4B Report	2232
C05 Loans	No document required No document required	(a) Letter from NEXCOM authorizing loan (b) CO5 Report (a) Letter from NEXCOM authorizing loan	8102

Appendix B

Grants		(b) CO6 Report	8102
C13 Laundry Claims			8202
C18 Equipment Purchases	No document required	 (a) Over \$2,500.00 – Copy of DD Form 1155, dealers bill and copy of Abstract Data Report (b) Under \$2,500.00 – Copy of dealers bill and copy of Abstract Data Report 	4222
C20 Loan Payments	No document required	Same as CO5	8102
C22 Funds Transferred to Recreation Fund	Copy of SF 1034	Copy of SF 1034	8301
	MISCE	LLANEOUS	
Backup Media	End of Accounting period backups prior to and after closeout	Daily backups	1107
Change Fund Audit	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Signed copy to WF3	Appendix G
CO's Monthly Report	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Retained Returns File #2	1106
Credit Memorandum and Cash Refund	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Non-liquidated copy to WF4	7706 7709
Intra Store Transfer	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Retained Returns File #1	6103
Assignment Letters	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Original to WF3	1106
Sanitation Inspection Report	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Signed copy to WF3	2304
Unmatched Expenditure Listing	No document required to be submitted to DFAS as part of returns	Signed copy to WF3	5305
Unsatisfactory Performance Report	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Copy to WF3	1106
Memorandum of Agreement for leased vending machines	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Copies to WF3	1106
Correspondences from Military and commercial activities	No document required to be submitted to DFAS	Copies to WF3	1106

Notes:

- 1. At the end of each accounting period, all documents (with the exception of items in the miscellaneous section) in the AO file are processed and electronically sent to DFAS for auditing.
- 2. At the end of each accounting period, all documents in the RK file are filed as the retained returns and kept for a minimum of 2 years.
- 3. It is recommended that receipts documents and end of period backups should be kept for at least 3-4 years to assist in the liquidation of Unmatched Expenditures.

APPENDIX C - STANDARDS OF CUSTOMER SERVICE

Appendix C is published to outline the standards of customer service that normally may be expected from the ship store. These standards should be used by type commanders, commanding officers, supply officers and sales officers to evaluate the effectiveness of a ship store operation in terms of services offered to customers.

In order to make a realistic evaluation, the evaluating officer must take into consideration the facilities, equipment, space and personnel available to the individual ship's store operation and match these capabilities with standards set forth here. If a ship does not possess the capability to meet all or part of any standard, its performance should be evaluated as if that standard or portion did not exist. At the same time, continuing action must be taken by the chain of command to upgrade the capabilities of the ship to meet these standards.

With regard to customer service all ships with ship's store should order NAVEDTRA 10119-B1 (NSN 0502-LP-001-1770) entitled Navy Customer Service Manual. This manual is also available on the Sale and Service Resource CD. All ship's store personnel should be required to complete this self-study course in an effort to improve service to customers in afloat units.

Section 1	– Customer Service	Standard Achieved	Remarks
A. GENE	RAL		
1.	Ship's store personnel present good personal appearance		
2.	Ship's store personnel are pleasant, outgoing and friendly		
3.	Ship's store personnel treats all customers with equality and fairness		
4.	Ship's store personnel are considerate of customers time		
Section 2	– Retail Stores	Standard Achieved	Remarks
A. GENE	RAL		
1.	Retail stores are neatly maintained		
2.	Suggestion boxes conveniently located with adequate supply of "customer comment cards."		
3.	Sales officer furnishes replies to all authentic suggestions		
B. HOUR	S OF OPERATION		
1.	Store operating hours displayed to customers		
2.	42 sales hours per week (underway)		
3.	20 sales hours per week (inport)		
4.	Customers notified in advance of changes in store hours		
5.	Store hours provide the entire crew an opportunity to shop		
6.	Staggered hours for different retail stores to provide service after working hours. (This service is important in ships that provide night operations.)		
C. POLIC	Y SIGNS		
1.	The following policy signs should be posted in the retail store		
	a. Checks (paragraph 2200-3)		
	 Availability of Merchandise and Services: "In order to better serve you, we solicit your comments on items carried and services offered. Drop a note in the suggestion box. The sales officer will give it personal attention." 		
	c. Profits (paragraph 8100)	Standard	
		Clandard	<u> </u>

d Refunds (paragraph 2206) e Cigarettes (paragraph 2005) f. Provisions of Purchase (paragraph 2000-3) g. Authorized Ship's Store Patrons (paragraph 2000-1) D. MERCHANDISE 1. 100% in-stock position of mandatory items listed in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) For ships with women mandatory items listed in the Women at Sea section of the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) For ships with women mandatory items listed in the Women at Sea section of the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) are carried in stock 3. Perishable Items (candy, cigarettes, cigars are in a fresh saleable condition 4. Special order services available and promoted 5. Exchange Mail Order Catalogs provided for the crew E. PUBLICITY 1. Sales are publicized by the following: a. Plan of the Day b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise 3. Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all customers	Section 2	Section 2 – Retail Stores (Cont)			Remarks
f. Provisions of Purchase (paragraph 2000-3) g. Authorized Ship's Store Patrons (paragraph 2000-1) D. MERCHANDISE 1. 100% in-stock position of mandatory items listed in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) For ships with women mandatory items listed in the Women at Sea section of the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) are carried in stock 3. Perishable items (candy, cigarettes, cigars are in a fresh saleable condition 4. Special order services available and promoted 5. Exchange Mail Order Catalogs provided for the crew E. PUBLICITY 1. Sales are publicized by the following: a. Plan of the Day b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise 3. Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all		d	Refunds (paragraph 2206)		
g. Authorized Ship's Store Patrons (paragraph 2000-1) D. MERCHANDISE 1. 100% in-stock position of mandatory items listed in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) For ships with women mandatory items listed in the Women at Sea section of the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) are carried in stock 3. Perishable items (candy, cigarettes, cigars are in a fresh saleable condition 4. Special order services available and promoted 5. Exchange Mail Order Catalogs provided for the crew E. PUBLICITY 1. Sales are publicized by the following: a. Plan of the Day b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all		е	Cigarettes (paragraph 2005)		
D. MERCHANDISE 1. 100% in-stock position of mandatory items listed in the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) For ships with women mandatory items listed in the Women at 2. Sea section of the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) are carried in stock 3. Perishable items (candy, cigarettes, cigars are in a fresh saleable condition 4. Special order services available and promoted 5. Exchange Mail Order Catalogs provided for the crew E. PUBLICITY 1. Sales are publicized by the following: a. Plan of the Day b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all		f.	Provisions of Purchase (paragraph 2000-3)		
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For ships with women mandatory items listed in the Women at Sea section of the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) are carried in stock Perishable items (candy, cigarettes, cigars are in a fresh saleable condition Perishable items (candy, cigarettes, cigars are in a fresh saleable condition Special order services available and promoted Exchange Mail Order Catalogs provided for the crew E. PUBLICITY Sales are publicized by the following: a. Plan of the Day b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all	D. MERC	CHANI	DISE		
2. Sea section of the Merchandising and Stocking Guide (NEXCOM Pub 81) are carried in stock 3. Perishable items (candy, cigarettes, cigars are in a fresh saleable condition 4. Special order services available and promoted 5. Exchange Mail Order Catalogs provided for the crew E. PUBLICITY 1. Sales are publicized by the following: a. Plan of the Day b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all	1.				
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1. Sales are publicized by the following: a. Plan of the Day b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all	5.	Exc	change Mail Order Catalogs provided for the crew		
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b. Signs and Flyers c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all	1.	Sal	es are publicized by the following:		
c. Closed Circuit Television d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all		a.	Plan of the Day		
d. Ship's Newspaper F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all		b.	Signs and Flyers		
F. PRICING AND MARKDOWS 1. Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin 2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all		c.	Closed Circuit Television		
 Selling price is on each item, shelf or bin Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all 		d.	Ship's Newspaper		
2. Surveys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all	F. PRICI	NG AI	ND MARKDOWS		
Markdowns are made available on an equal basis to all	1.	Sel	ling price is on each item, shelf or bin		
3	2.	Sur	veys taken on all soiled or damaged merchandise		
	3.		·		
				Standard	

Section 2	2 – Retail Stores (Cont)	Achieved	Remarks
G. DISP	LAY		
1.	Display windows fully utilized and properly signed to present attractive and effective merchandise displays		
2.	Displays changed frequently to stimulate customer interest		
3.	All store merchandise displayed in a manner that is: Attractive, quickly identifiable, easily seen, neatly arranged, readily accessible for quick selection, correlated for convenient selection and shopping ease, clean (this includes fixtures)		
4.	Tops of showcases kept clear of vendor supplied merchandise cards/racks (walk-in stores)		
5.	Ledges used to attractively display merchandise and not to store it		
6.	Suitable sign holders used for wall signs, directory signs, merchandising signs, etc		
7.	Special event signs used		
8.	New items featured and so identified		
9.	Visual merchandising support services requested from the Fleet Assistance Team in the area		
H. GENE	ERAL MERCHANDISE		
1.	Chocolate displayed away from soap, tobacco, and other items having strong odors		
2.	Holiday/seasonal items removed from regular stocked merchandise the day after the holiday		
3.	All merchandise displayed in a neat and appealing manner		
4.	Outdated merchandise identified and either marked down or removed from sales area		
5.	Cartons, instructions, books, warranty cards, and carrying cases for items displayed, stored in an appropriate place close to sales area		
6.	Customers told electrical items purchased for use onboard ship must be safety checked prior to use		
7.	All display models operate		
8.	Customers allowed to handle display merchandise		
9.	Batteries available for items that require them		
		Standard	

Section 2 – Retail Stores (Cont)		Achieved	Remarks
10.	"Flowers by wire" services available to patrons on a special order basis		
11.	Color photos of sample bouquets available to help patrons make selections when ordering "flowers by wire."		
12.	Price tags affixed to personal leather goods so they do not mar or deface the leather		
13.	Greeting cards available for sale		
14.	Seasonal greeting cards removed after the holiday		
15.	All toiletries marked up 6% in accordance with NAVSUP Pub 487		
16.	Self-service merchandise displayed full face for easy product identification		
17.	Ethnic toiletries and combs available		
18.	Selection of current fashion trends in jewelry stocked at moderate prices		
19.	Watches, clocks, lighters, checked to determine if they work at time of sale		
20.	For items that include guarantees, the guarantee given to the customer with the item(s) purchased		
21.	Only approved sunglasses offered for sale		
22.	All sundries marked up 6% in accordance with NAVSUP Pub 487		
23.	Fragrances available for sale		
24.	Fragrances are kept to peak standards for quality and appearance		
25.	All uniform items and insignia offered for sale and marked up 6%		
26.	Sign posted informing customers of availability of direct delivery service on uniform items from the Uniform Support Center		
27.	Navy Uniform Catalog with order forms available		
28.	Ships ball caps available for sale		
29.	Clothing items neatly arranged according to size		
		Standard	

Section 3	- Vending Machines	Achieved	Remarks
A. GENE	RAL		
1.	Exterior of vending machines and adjacent area kept clean		
2.	Prices and instructions prominently displayed on machine		
3.	Adequate lighting for displays		
4.	Adequate production selections		
5.	Sold out indicators operating		
6.	Glass free from breaks or cracks		
7.	Inside of machine clean		
8.	Outside machine finish in good condition		
9.	Product fresh and proper temperature		
10.	Safety devices installed and operating		
11.	Refunds made cheerfully with no delay		
12.	Customers reporting malfunctions treated courteously		
13.	Sign indicating person to contact in the case of a refund or machine malfunction		
14.	Malfunctioning machines properly serviced or repaired		
15.	Machine custodian properly trained in good customer relations		
16.	Trash receptacles available		
17.	Fully stocked at regular intervals to ensure production availability		
18.	Vendor flavor strips used vice hand written strips		
19.	Sanitation requirements posted		
20.	Vending machines inspected on a regular basis by a representative of the medical department		
21.	Safety note concerning vending machine tip over prevention on machine		
		Standard	<u> </u>

Section 4 -	- Barbershop	Achieved	Remarks
A. GENER	RAL		
1.	Adequate ventilation, cooling, heating, lighting and hot and cold water provided		
2.	"No Tipping" sign posted		
3.	Barbers indoctrinated in customer courtesy, identification, and complaint procedures		
4.	Shop attractive, clean, and tastefully decorated		
5.	Equipment in good condition and supply		
6.	If signup sheet is used, schedule is followed		
7.	Hours of operation prominently posted		
8	Ships having less than 100 accommodations, portable bar shop utensils stored in a locker		
9.	Magazine rack and current magazine available. Reading material provided is in good taste		
B. SANIT	ATION		
1.	Sanitary regulations posted and adhered to		
2.	Each barber before assuming duties must have a physical examination from the medial officer and annually thereafter		
3.	Barbers dressed in clean washable coats. Personal hygiene practiced by all barbers at all times		
4.	Barbers wash their hands and sterilize instruments before serving each customer. Deodorants and mouthwash made available and their use by barber encouraged		
5.	Each unit equipped with sponge or paper towels to wipe out the basin and back bar		
6.	Freshly laundered white towels or paper used for each customer		
7.	Haircloths kept clean at all times. New neck strip used on each customer		
8.	Bottles and jars kept closed when not in use		
9.	All instruments scrupulously cleaned immediately after use. Scissors, combs, clipper blades and other tools thoroughly washed with soap and hot water to remove film and debris, then dried with disposable tissues and sanitized		
Section 4 -	- Barbershop (Cont)	Standard Achieved	Remarks

10.	Clippers kept clean at all times. After each use, foreign matter removed and clippers sprayed with clippercide		
11.	If suspected that a customer has a communicable disease or infection, the clippers and other metallic instruments used will be segregated and the ship's medical department contacted for disinfecting procedures to be followed		
12.	Barbers having any infections or communicable diseases do not attend customers		
13.	Barbers do not smoke while attending customers		
14.	Only types of material approved by medical officer used to treat "nicks". These materials applied only with freshly laundered towels or sterile cotton		
15.	Common hair brushes, dusters and shaving brushes prohibited		
16.	Cut hair frequently removed from floor by dust less methods		
17.	Barbers are prohibited from shaving customers and treating pimples and ingrown hair		
C. HAIR C	UTTING		
1.	Customers provided with the authorized type of haircut desired		
2.	All haircuts completed by talc dust		
Section 5	– Laundry	Standard Achieved	Remarks
A. GENER	RAL		
1.	Twenty-four hour service – maximum three day service		
2.	Wash – 24 pounds per person per week		
3.	Finish press three work uniform shirts and trousers per officer and CPO/SNCO (E7-E9) accommodation per week		
4.	Finish press one dress uniform shirt and trousers per crew (plus troops) accommodation per week		
5.	If self-service, customer able to locate finished goods easily and check out within 15 minutes		
6.	Customer given claim check for garments turned in for processing		
7.	Sign indicating when finished work will be ready for pickup (In by)		
Section F	 Laundry and Dry-Cleaning (Cont) 	Standard Achieved	Remarks
			i ivenidike

	8.	Marking staples and tags removed from garments or stapled in such a manner as to not touch cloth belt loops, button holes, etc)	
	9.	Policy to handle claims for lost or damaged customer goods in effect.	
	10.	Counter personnel's appearance and attitude pleasing	
	11.	Inspection of two finished garments chosen at random compare favorably with similar commercial processing (no missing buttons, free of wrinkles, no double creases)	
	12.	Entire customer service area, including counter, presents an attractive appearance	
	13.	Laundries will be inspected frequently by the medical department for proper sanitary methods of operation	
	14.	Safety precautions for operating machinery will be prominently posted next to each machine	
	15.	The requirements of the Navy's Heat Stress Program as contained in OPNAVINST 51000.20 adhered to (NAVSUP Pub 487 paragraph 2514)	
EVA	LUAT	OR'S SIGNATURE	DATE

SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT STANDARD OF CONDUCT

APPENDIX D - STANDARDS OF CONDUCT

SECTION I - General

Appendix D is published to emphasize that all ship's store personnel must adhere to the Standards of Conduct contained in DoD Directive 5500.7R, the Joint Ethics Regulation. This appendix is not a substitute for reading and understanding the requirements of the Joint Ethics Regulation.

SECTION II - Standards of Conduct

High ethical standards are a cornerstone of the Navy's Core Values system. As with all Navy personnel, individuals assigned to the ship's store must act in accordance with government regulations regarding ethical conduct. Adherence to principles of ethical conduct allows the service members we serve to have trust and confidence in our actions. Earning the trust and confidence of customers' means that ship's store personnel can carry out their assigned duties quickly and efficiently. Not only is compliance with standards of ethical conduct required by the Navy, it makes good business sense as well.

The specific rules and regulations regarding applicable standards of conduct are promulgated in DoD Directive 5500.7-R, the DoD Joint Ethics Regulation. Although the Joint Ethics Regulation is quite extensive, it is founded upon fourteen fundamental ethical principles, summarized as follows:

- a. As a member of the United States Navy, your public service is a public trust, which requires you to place loyalty to the Constitution, laws and ethical principles above private gain.
- b. Navy personnel shall not hold financial interest that conflict with the conscientious performance of duty.
- c. Navy personnel will neither engage in financial transactions using nonpublic government information nor allow the improper use of such information to further private gain.
- d. Navy personnel shall not, unless specifically allowed by an applicable law or regulation, ask for or accept any gift from any vendor or other entity doing or seeking to do business with the government.
- e. Navy personnel shall put forth-honest effort in the performance of their duties.
- f. Navy personnel shall make no unauthorized commitments or promises of any kind purporting to bind the government.
- g. Navy personnel shall not use public office for private gain
- h. Navy personnel shall act impartially and shall not give preferential treatment to any private organization or individual.
- i. Navy personnel shall protect and conserve government property and shall not use it for other than authorized purposes.

STANDARD OF CONDUCT SHIP'S STORE AFLOAT

j. Navy personnel shall not engage in outside employment or activities, including seeking or negotiating for employment that conflict with official duties and responsibilities.

- k. Navy personnel shall disclose waste, fraud, abuse, and corruption to appropriate authorities.
- I. Navy personnel shall satisfy, in good faith, their obligations as citizens, including all just financial obligations, especially those such as federal, state, or local taxes that are imposed by law.
- m. Navy personnel shall adhere to all laws and regulations that provide for equal opportunity for all Americans regardless of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or handicap.
- n. Navy personnel shall do their best to avoid any action creating even the appearance that they are violating the law or the Joint Ethics Regulation.

Though this appendix is not a substitute for reading and understanding the Joint Ethics Regulation, knowledge of the fourteen principles underlying the Joint Ethics Regulations will assist ship's store personnel in identifying potential ethical violations. Further advice can be obtained from your Command Judge Advocate or Legal Officer.

APPENDIX E - COFFEE BAR COST CARDS

Prices. The price set for each item to be sold must include the cost of all ingredients which are used to make up the finished product plus the serving container, lid, etc. Each item sold must have a cost control card for that item that reflects the cost, retail price and profit. Ships may compute these numbers either using a manual or electronic spread sheet.

Product sizes. The following information may be used to determine cost and are standard to the coffee bar products. Care must be used to ensure if a product size changes, the unit measure may change and a new serving size cost must be computed. The following is provided for information. The items that make up a serving may vary.

STARBUCKS coffee. Sold by the pound. Produces 64 "shots" per pound. Unit cost = Cost per pound divided by 64. Example: \$8.00 divided by 64 = 12.5 cents per shot; rounded to 13 cents.

STARBUCKS Fontana Syrup. Sold by the gallon. Gallon has 128 ozs. Unit cost = Cost per gallon divided by 128. Example: \$22.05 divided by 128 = 17 cents per oz.

STARBUCKS Mocha Concentrate. Sold 4 packages 63oz each to the case. Case of four packages has 252 ozs. Unit cost = Cost per case divided by 252. Example \$83.20 divided by 252 = 33 cents per oz.

Milk. Sold by the gallon. Gallon has 128 ozs. Unit cost = Cost per gallon divided by 128

Cup. Sold by the case, 1000 ea per case. Unit cost = Cost of case divided by 1,000. Example: \$86.95 divided by 1,000 = 9 cents per cup

Lids. Sold by the case, 1000 ea per case. Unit cost = Cost of case divided by 1,000. Example: \$35.50 divided by 1,000 = 4 cents per lid.

Sleeves. Sold by the case, 1200 ea per case. Unit cost = Cost of case divided by 1,200. Example: \$72.00 divided by 1,200 = 6 cents per sleeve.

Napkins. Sold by the case, 6,000 per case. Unit cost = Cost of case divided by 6,000. Example 59.95 divided by 6,000 = 1 cent

Stir Sticks. Sold by the case, 1,000 per case. Unit Cost = Cost of case divided by 1,000. Example 35.00 divided by 1,000 = 4 cents per stick.

Sugar. Sold by the case, 1,000 units per case. Unit cost = Cost of case divided by 1,000.

Cost Cards

Product: Coffee Americana	16 oz Cost per Item
Coffee per oz (3 shots)	
Milk per oz	
Cup	
Lid	
Cup Sleeve	
Sugar	
Misc Other	
Total Coffee Cost	
Product: Latte	16 oz Cost per item
Espresso per oz (2 shots)	
Milk per oz	
Cup	
Lid	
Cup Sleeve	
Sugar	
Misc Other	
Total Coffee Cost	
Flavor of Fontana Syrup	
Total Cost of Latte	
Product: Mocha	16 oz Cost per item
Espresso per oz (2 shots)	
Milk per oz	
Mocha Creamice	
Cup	
Lid	
Cup Sleeve	
Misc Other	
Total Mocha Cost	
Flavor of Fontana Syrup	
Flavored Mocha Cost	
	T
Product: Cappuccino	16 oz Cost per item
Espresso per oz (2 shots)	
Milk per oz	
Cup	
Lid	
Cup Sleeve	
Misc Other	
Total Cappuccino Cost	

Profit Per Beverage (with and without a cup)

Coffee American	With Cup	Coffee American	W/o Cup
Retail Price		Retail Price	
Cost Price		Cost Price	
Profit		Profit	
Profit Percentage		Profit Percentage	

Latte	With Cup	Latte	W/o Cup
Retail Price		Retail Price	
Cost Price		Cost Price	
Profit		Profit	
Profit Percentage		Profit Percentage	

Latte Flavored	With Cup	Latte Flavored	W/o Cup
Retail Price		Retail Price	
Cost Price		Cost Price	
Profit		Profit	
Profit Percentage		Profit Percentage	

Mocha	With Cup	Mocha	W/o Cup
Retail Price		Retail Price	
Cost Price		Cost Price	
Profit		Profit	
Profit Percentage		Profit Percentage	

Mocha Flavored	With Cup	Mocha Flavored	W/o Cup
Retail Price		Retail Price	
Cost Price		Cost Price	
Profit		Profit	
Profit Percentage		Profit Percentage	

Cappuccino	With Cup	Cappuccino	W/o Cup
Retail Price		Retail Price	
Cost Price		Cost Price	
Profit		Profit	
Profit Percentage		Profit Percentage	

Profit percentage is determined by Profit divided by Retail price

APPENDIX F - EMERGENCY FALL BACK PROCEDURES

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. The sales officer will ensure the daily backup procedures identified in paragraph 1107.5 are followed. For any ROM system failure, the sales officer should first contact the local Fleet Assistance Team for assistance in determining the extent of failure. The Fleet Assistance Team will direct the ship in procedures to follow.
- 2. Types of Failure.

A. BackOffice

- (1) Software In the event the ROM II program becomes corrupt or damaged beyond repair, the ship will complete the following steps when directed by NEXCOM (Ship's store Program):
 - (a) Slick (or format) the hard drive on the BackOffice computer. (Obtain assistance from the IT's if necessary)
 - (b) Install Windows XP.
 - (c) Follow installation instructions provided by SPARWAR to install ROM II Software
 - (d) Restore the most recent dayback and re-input any transactions (if necessary)
- (2) Hardware In the event the BackOffice computer (CPU) fails beyond repair as determined by competent computer technician, the ship will obtain a spare or new CPU. The replacement CPU must meet the following minimum criteria:

2GHz processor 1Gig of Memory 80 GB Hard Drive CD-ROM Drive 3.5 Floppy Drive Zip Drive 2 serial ports

Once a replacement CPU is obtained, follow instructions in subparagraph (1) above.

B. Point of Sale

- (1) Software In the event the POS program software becomes corrupt or damaged beyond repair, the ship will complete the following steps when directed by NEXCOM (Ship's store Program):
 - (a) Slick (or format) the hard drive on the POS register. (Obtain assistance from the IT's if necessary)
 - (b) Install Windows XP
 - (c) Follow installation instructions provided by SPARWAR to install POS Software

- (d) Setup the POS register for your specific ship as outlined in the ROM II User's Guide
- (e) It should be noted that Navy Cash IP addresses should be obtained before replacing the system. If the old system is inoperable, a shipboard IT should retrieve the IP addresses via the Navy Cash server.
- (2) Hardware In the event the POS computer (CPU) fails beyond repair as determined by competent computer technician, the ship will obtain a spare or new CPU. The replacement CPU must meet the following minimum criteria

2GHz processor 1Gig of Memory 80 GB Hard Drive CD-ROM Drive 3.5 Floppy Drive Zip Drive 2 serial ports

Once a replacement CPU is obtained, follow instructions starting with subparagraph (1) (b) above.

(a) Short Term Solution – New or repaired POS register anticipated within a reasonable short period of time (Determined by the senior supply officer)

Short Term Solution requires using a normal cash register to conduct sales transactions only until the POS register is repaired and operational. Cash Collection procedures would remain the same, except the ship would not be able to enter the cash collected into ROM. However, in the event that a cash sales invoice must be printed prior to the POS register being operational, the sales officer will create a new Non-EPOS outlet, then enter the cash collected from the EPOS outlet. This Non-EPOS outlet will be used for cash collection reporting only. Once the POS register is operational, the cash posted in the Non-EPOS outlet will be deleted and the total collected will be added to the first till reconciliation after the POS is functional. The Non-EPOS outlet created to post cash can then be deleted.

(b) Long Term Solution – New or repaired POS System not available within a reasonable period of time (Determined by the senior supply officer)

The Long Term Solution requires converting the EPOS Outlet(s) into Non-EPOS Outlets by completing the following steps:

- Breakback all items in the EPOS outlet to the Bulk Storeroom (this would be a paperwork only breakback)
- Create a new Non-EPOS outlet following ROM II User's Guide
- Breakout the same items from above to the new Non-EPOS outlet.
- Using a price gun or other means, identify the price of each item for sale
- Using a Cash Register open the store for business
- Collect and record cash collections as per paragraph 2310

APPENDIX G

Appendix G is the same as chapter 2 of the P-487 except it contains no Navy Cash policies or procedures. It is a policy and procedures document on how to handle "cash".

A "cash" chapter 2 is contained as an appendix as "back up" policy in case the ship has Navy Cash failure and the ship has to revert back to cash accountability as well as a reference to ships who have not been converted to Navy Cash.

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CHAPTER 2 – GENERAL OPERATING PROCEDURES

PART A – GENERAL INFORMATION

2000 AUTHORIZED CUSTOMERS

- 1. GENERAL The following are authorized customers of the ship's store:
 - a. Officers and enlisted personnel on board for duty as ship's company
 - b. Officers and enlisted personnel on board either for active duty for training or for passage en route to duty, including members of the Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Army or Air Force
 - Official passengers including National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Public Health Service and U.S. Foreign Service personnel en route to duty
 - d. Accredited United States technicians (military or civilian) who are actually embarked or assigned on board in an official capacity
 - e. Active duty members of the Armed Forces, and those personnel listed in items c and d, which are not actually on board, when located in a remote area where an Armed Forces exchange is not available

Insignia items for Navy uniforms will not be sold to customers who are not authorized to wear the items on their uniforms. The sale of emblematic items is authorized to the general public when approved by the commanding officer during shipboard tours or other official functions.

- 2. <u>SERVICE TYPE SHIPS</u> On service type ships (such as AS type), ship store stock is authorized for sale to officers and enlisted personnel other than ship's company when they are attached to those ships receiving support.
- 3. <u>ITEMS PURCHASED BY CUSTOMER</u> Items purchased from the ship store by customers will be for their personal use or their dependents' use and will not be resold or exchanged in barter with any other person. Ship's store purchases may be made for outright gifts to other persons.
- 4. <u>SURVIVORS OF MARINE AND AIRCRAFT DISASTER</u> Ship's store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to the survivors of marine and aircraft disasters, if the survivors have personal funds available. If a survivor is without personal funds, emergency issues of ship store stock may be made as per paragraph 7408-2.

5. OTHER MILITARY ACTIVITIES

a. Sales

- (1) Sales of ship store stock and items of standard Navy clothing may be made to:
 - (a) Ships not operating a ship store
 - (b) Armed Forces Exchanges
- (2) Sales of ship's store stock and non-distinctive clothing items may be made to:
 - (a) Military Sealift Command branch exchanges
 - (b) Private messes
 - (c) The commanding officer for recreational purposes
 - (d) Other duly constituted messes which have been authorized by the commanding officer and whose monthly records are audited.
- (3) Sales will be made at the prices set under paragraph 2103-1.
- b. Transfers. Transfers of ship store stock and standard Navy clothing stock may be made to other supply officers' including:
 - (1) Other ship store officers
 - (2) General messes
 - (3) General stores
- 6. OFFICIAL GOVERNMENT ORGANIZATIONS Upon approval of the commanding officer, ship store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to representatives of official United States Government Organizations at isolated activities outside the United States when the stock items cannot be conveniently obtained elsewhere. The normal operations of the ship's store will not be impaired by these sales.

7. FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

- a. Personnel of Foreign Ships in Distress Ship store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to personnel of foreign ships, which are in distress. The commanding officer of the foreign ship will submit a request, listing the items and quantities desired. The request must be approved by the commanding officer of the ship making the sale. Only those quantities of stock that can be spared will be furnished.
- b. <u>Personnel of Foreign Ships Visiting United States Ports</u> Ship's store stock and non-distinctive items of clothing may be sold for cash to military personnel attached to foreign ships visiting United States ports in connection with the following:
 - (1) Participation in exercise with United States fleets
 - (2) Research, development and evaluation programs
 - (3) Ship's outfitting in conjunction with transfer programs to foreign countries

(4) Scheduled conversion, overhaul, or repairs in United States ports.

The commanding officer of the foreign ship will submit a request listing the items and quantities desired. The request must be approved by the commanding officer of the ship making the sale. Quantities sold will be in agreement with the crew size of the foreign ship. Only those quantities of stock that can be spared will be furnished.

8. <u>MERCHANT SHIPS</u> Ship's store stock and non-distinctive clothing items may be sold for cash to merchant ships in distress or in need of supplies when normal sources do not exist. The master of the ship will submit a request for sale listing the items and quantities desired. The request must be approved by the commanding officer of the ship making the sale. Only those quantities of stock that can be spared will be furnished.

2001 HOURS OF OPERATIONS

Sales outlets and service activities will be open during hours as may be prescribed by the commanding officer. The hours of operation will be prominently posted. (See Standards of Customer Service, Appendix C.)

2002 DISPLAY OF MERCHANDISE

Despite limited facilities in many retail stores, consideration should be given to merchandise displays. A well-run retail store will display, in full view of customers, a clean, neat and orderly selection of most of the items carried. Popular and fast moving items may be kept in the proximity of the sales outlet operator for easy access. Merchandise display information is given in the Ship's store Visual Merchandising Guide (NEXCOM Pub 90-33). (See Standards of Customer Service, Appendix C.)

2003 VISUAL MERCHANDISING SUPPORT SERVICES

1. <u>GENERAL</u>. Ships requiring visual merchandising support services should contact NEXCOM Ships Store Program for assistance.

2004 DISPLAY AIDS

Display aids available for visual merchandising are contained in the Ship's store Visual Merchandising Guide (NEXCOM Pub 90-33). The cost of display aids will be charged to the individual ships' profits. To procure display aids, notify NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) who will procure the items for the ship. The purchase will be accounted for as per paragraph 4222.

2005 POSTING SIGNS

Signs providing valuable information to the customer on such things as harmful effects of cigarette smoking and government regulations will be posted where customers can see them.

2006 SHIP'S STORE MANAGEMENT

The sales officer will review the operation of the ship store on a frequent basis to ensure its operating in an efficient manner. ROM produces a variety of management reports and audit guides (see ROM II User's Guide) designed to assist the sales officer in managing the operation.

PART B - PRICING POLICIES

2100 ESTABLISHING RETAIL PRICES (MARKUPS)

- 1. GENERAL. Ensuring the retail prices for items in the sales outlets are consistent with the guidelines stated in this manual is the responsibility of the sales officer. Retail prices for ship store stock will be set by markups over cost price. ROM has the capability to automatically compute the markup for ship store items based on the cost price and retail department assigned. Except for mandatory priced items, the sales officer may override ROM system markup by entering the desired selling price. Markup applied should be sufficient to:
 - a. Cover markdowns and surveys
 - b. Cover the cost of operations
 - c. Cover other operating expenses such as shipping charges
 - d. Meet the requirements of the commanding officer for profits to be turned over to the recreation fund.
- 2. <u>STOCK ITEMS (EXCLUDING CIGARETTES).</u> Stock items will have a markup of either 6% or 15% depending on the retail department assigned.
 - a. A mandatory 6% markup will be applied to the following department:
 - (1) Toiletries (Department D-1, Stock # series 110000)
 - (2) Sundries (Department D-3, Stock # series 120000)
 - (3) Uniforms (Department E-1, Stock # series 530000)

ROM will automatically compute the 6% markup when merchandise is assigned to these departments.

- b. OTHER RETAIL DEPARTMENT STOCK ITEMS.
 - (1) ROM will automatically compute a 15% markup on all other retail departments for items sold in the retail store. The 15% is recommended and ships may price merchandise to achieve a different gross margin if desired.
 - (2) For Cigarettes. Navy policy requires cigarette/tobacco prices to be consistent in sales outlets afloat and ashore. Therefore, cigarette/tobacco materials must be priced in accordance with current price bulletin published by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). The sales officer will manually override the ROM system with the approved prices.
- c. STOCK ITEMS WITH TRANSPORTATION CHARGES. ROM does not include transportation charges in automatically computing selling prices. These charges will show as cost of operations charges. The sales officer may adjust retail prices to offset the transportation cost.

- 3. <u>FOREIGN MERCHANDISE</u>. Prices for foreign merchandise will be set in accordance with paragraphs 3214 and 3224.
- 4. <u>DRINK VENDING MACHINES.</u> Canned drinks sold through a vending machine have a suggested minimum 35% markup but shall have no greater than a 55% markup applied.

2101 PRICE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. <u>GENERAL</u>. ROM will compute the average cost price of all items by averaging the cost of on hand items with the cost of new items to determine the new average cost. The average cost and retail prices on the stock record card will be computed automatically.
- 2. MARK-ONS. A mark-on is an increase in a previously established retail price of an item of merchandise. When approved by the sales officer the new retail price will be changed on the stock record card. The mark-on takes effect at EPOS outlets on all subsequent till assignments and at Non-EPOS outlets on all subsequent breakouts. Price change procedures are outlined in paragraph 7604.
- 3. <u>MARKDOWNS.</u> A markdown is a reduction in a previously established retail price of an item of merchandise. When approved by the sales officer the new retail price will be changed on the stock record card. The markdown takes effect at EPOS outlets on all subsequent till assignments and at Non-EPOS outlets on all subsequent breakouts. Markdown procedures are outlined in paragraph 7604.

2102 PRICES TO OTHER MILITARY ACTIVITIES

- 1. NONEXCESS SALEABLE STOCK
 - a. <u>STOCK SOLD AT COST PRICE</u>. Items of ship's store stock will be sold at cost price to the following military activities:
 - (1) Armed Forces Exchanges
 - (2) Military Sealift Command Branch Exchanges
 - (3) Ships not operating a ship store, when the transferring ship does not provide a composite recreation fund (in other words, the requesting ship does not receive a share of the profits from another ship's store (Composite Recreation Fund)).
 - b. <u>STOCK SOLD AT RETAIL PRICE.</u> Items of ship's store stock will be sold at retail price to the following military activities:
 - (1) The commanding officer for recreation purposes
 - Sales to a ship not operating a ship store, when the transferring ship provides a composite recreation fund (in other words, the requesting ship shares in the profits of a supporting ship store, for example, SSNs supported by an AS).
 - (3) Merchant ships and foreign governments

- c. <u>STOCK TRANSFERRED AT COST PRICE.</u> Items of ship's store stock will be transferred at cost price to other supply officers, including:
 - (1) Other sales officers
 - (2) General mess
 - (3) General stores
- d. STOCK SOLD TO THE COMMANDING OFFICER FOR OFFICIAL FUNCTIONS. SECNAVINST 7042.7 series, Guidelines for Use of Official Representation Funds (ORF), provides authority for the use of ORF for the purchase of mementos for presentation to foreign dignitaries and other officials. In those circumstances when ORF are not available or are not authorized, emblematic items of ship's store stock may be sold to the commanding officer at cost when the items are to be provided as gifts or mementos for official purposes. It should be noted that SECNAVINST 7042.7 series limits gifts and mementos to command or official theme mementos/gifts including but not limited to plagues, pens, books, command/ship ball caps, and other items with an official logo that cannot be misconstrued as a personal gift. Personal gifts such as sports equipment, t-shirts, golf shirts, flight jackets, uniforms, scarves, ties, tobacco, flowers, and other items that by their nature are considered personal may not be sold from the ship's store stock under this authority. The commanding officer shall submit a written request to the sales officer listing the quantity and description of the mementos required and the identity of the recipient(s). The sales officer will process the transaction as a Bulk Sale as per paragraph 2205.
- 2. <u>EXCESS OR UNSALEABLE STOCK</u>. Items of ship's store stock that has been determined to be un-saleable or in excess in accordance with paragraph 3333 will be sold or transferred at a mutually agreed upon price.

2103 DISPLAY OF PRICES

- 1. Individual pricing of each item is not required, provided the following conditions are met:
 - a. <u>PRICING.</u> Each item of merchandise has a shelf-label with item's barcode, description and current retail price.
 - b. <u>SCANNING AT REGISTER.</u> Upon receipt of material, the retail store operator will ensure each item has a UPC. For items without UPC's (such as ball caps) a barcode will be printed and attached to the individual item or placed in a price book at the register.

2104 PRICE LIST

A posted price list is not required, provided prices are displayed as per paragraph 2103.

2105 RETAIL PRICE CHANGE

The sales officer has the authority to change the retail price. For markdowns to zero in which the items will be destroyed, the ship will use a Report of Survey (DD Form 200) charging ship's store profits. Procedures are outlined in paragraph 7607.

PART C – HANDLING CASH FROM SALES FOR SHIPS WITHOUT NAVY CASH SYSTEM (Chapter 2 shall be used for Part C when Navy Cash System is installed)

SECTION I – CASH FROM SALES

2200 GENERAL INFORMATION

- SALES. Cash will be accepted for sales in the ship's store as described in subparagraph 2 3. Ashore ship's stores may offer credit cards sales when approved by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program) and authorized equipment is installed. Navy Cash™ card sales are authorized when the card or electronic fund system is connected to the cash register and certified by NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program), ships' TYCOM and disbursing officer. Procedures for acceptance and handling of debit card sales, credit card sales and Navy Cash™ sales are provided by separate instructions.
- 2. <u>CURRENCY.</u> Only United States currency will be accepted for sales in the ship's store.

3. CHECKS.

- a. PERSONAL CHECKS. Only personal checks from active duty and active duty for training personnel will be accepted in the ship's store. Two party checks will not be accepted. A personal check will be accepted only for the amount of the purchase. Personal checks must be on a United States bank account, stated in terms of United States currency, and inscribed with the printed name of the purchaser and magnetic ink bank account number. Personal checks will be made payable to "USS".
- b. <u>TRAVELER CHECKS.</u> Travelers' checks from active duty and active duty for training personnel will be accepted in the ship's store.
- c. <u>CHECK INFORMATION REQUIRED.</u> Checks will bear the signature and duty station of the purchaser. The retail store operator is responsible for positively identifying the presenter of a check as an active duty or active duty for training person. The operator will compare the signature on the purchaser's Armed Forces Identification Card (DD Form 2) or (DD Form 2 (Reserve)) with that on the check.

2201 RESPONSIBILITY FOR CASH

<u>CASH REGISTER OPERATORS.</u> Operators are responsible to the sales officer for all cash received from sales while such funds are under their cognizance. Operators will exercise care and diligence in all sales transactions and will be subject to disciplinary action for negligence or improper performance of duties. Access to cash registers will be limited to personnel approved by the sales officer. Operators are responsible for scanning the items correctly, collecting the correct amount and making change.

- 2. CASH COLLECTION AGENT. The cash collection agent is responsible to the sales officer for all cash collected from sales outlets and dollar bill changers while such funds are under the agents' cognizance. The cash collection agent will exercise care and diligence in collecting monies and is subject to disciplinary action for negligence or improper performance of duties.
- 3. SALES OFFICER. The sales officer is responsible and accountable to the Navy Department for official funds in the officers' custody as outlined in paragraph 1007. The sales officer is not authorized to make any disbursement other than to transfer ship's store funds to a disbursing officer.

2202 CASH REGISTER AND CASH COLLECTION AGENTS SAFE

1. CASH REGISTERS

- GENERAL. All cash from sales, Navy Cash™ transactions or credit a. card transactions in sales outlets will be processed through a cash register at the time of sale. EPOS cash registers provide customers a clear view of the amount of the purchase and an itemized receipt of items purchased. Cash registers will normally be procured with the ships' OPTAR funds. If OPTAR funds are insufficient, the sales officer may authorize the purchase using individual ship's store profits. Access to cash registers will be limited to the assigned cash register operator.
- <u>CASH REGISTER RECEIPT.</u> The cash register will produce a receipt, b. which can be provided to the customer at time of sale. The sales officer has the authority to change the receipt threshold amount at the cash register to eliminate printing of a receipt below the threshold amount.
- <u>CASH REGISTER KEYS.</u> The ship's store operator will maintain C. control of the cash register key. The duplicate key will be kept in a sealed envelope in the sales officers' safe.

2. CASH COLLECTION AGENTS SAFE

- GENERAL. Until cash received from sales can be deposited with the a. disbursing officer, all collections will be kept in a safe which meets the requirements set forth in the DOD Financial Management Regulation, Volume 5, Chapter 3. If there is more than one cash collection agent, each agent will have a separate safe.
- COMBINATION TO THE SAFE. Only the cash collection agent will b. have the combination to the safe. Placing the combination in a sealed envelope to be kept in the custody of the sales officer or any other person is prohibited. At a minimum, the combination to the safe will be changed once every six months and or upon relief of the cash collection agent.

c. <u>EMERGENCY ENTRY INTO THE SAFE.</u> When physically incapacitated and unable to open the safe, the cash collection agent, upon order of the commanding officer, may give the combination to a designated board of officers. In the event of death, unauthorized absence or mental incapacity as determined by competent medical authority, of the cash collection agent or when it is necessary to relieve the cash collection agent for any cause, including arrest or suspension, the commanding officer will follow procedures outlined in paragraph 1010.

2203 UNCOLLECTABLE CHECKS

- 1. <u>RECEIPT OF UNCOLLECTABLE CHECK.</u> When a check is returned to the sales officer, the disbursing officer will immediately be reimbursed in cash from the retail store cash register. The check will be placed in the cash register until collected by the cash collection agent. A separate entry will be made in the Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469) as follows:
 - a. Date Enter date check returned to the store
 - b. Under Column Enter the amount of the check
 - c. Amount in Figures "UNCOLLECTABLE CHECK"

The entry will substantiate the difference between what should have been collected and the actual collected amount for that collection. Pending settlement of the check, the check will be kept in the cash collection agents safe. ROM treats un-collectable checks as a loss of profits until settled. The dollar amount will not be included on any inventory.

- 2. <u>UNCOLLECTABLE CHECKS THAT ARE SETTLED.</u> The sales officer will take immediate action to obtain settlement for the check. These actions will include as a minimum, contacting the individual personally or by telephone, forwarding a letter request for assistance to the commanding officer of the individuals' new duty station (if no longer part of ships' company), or contacting the individual at home by the most expedient means (if the individual is no longer in the military).
 - a. REIMBURSEMENT RECEIVED. When cash, certified check or money order is received for settlement, the un-collectable check will be returned to the originator. The reimbursement will be placed in the cash register and will be collected along with other cash received from sales for the day. A separate entry will be made in the NAVSUP Form 469 indicating the check has been settled and represents an overage in the collections. The amount will be included in the total figure collected and will be annotated on the NAVSUP Form 469 as part of the collection.
 - (1) Date Enter date check is settled
 - (2) Over Column Enter amount of settled check
 - (3) Amount in Figures "SETTLED CHECK"

- CHECKAGE OF PAY. If normal collection efforts fail, the sales officer b. will request the disbursing officer to make a pay record checkage in accordance with DOD Financial Management Regulation Volume 5, Chapter 4. After the checkage has been made, the disbursing officer will remit the collection to the sales officer. The sales officer will place the amount in the cash register and return the check to the originator. A separate entry will be made in the NAVSUP Form 469 indicating the check has been settled and represents an overage in the collection. The amount will be included in the total figure collected and will be annotated on the NAVSUP Form 469 as part of the collection.
- CHECK IS UNSETTLED AT THE END OF THE ACCOUNTING C. PERIOD OR UPON RELIEF OF THE SALES OFFICER. Unsettled checks shall be filed in the cash collection agents safe until settled or determined to be uncollectable. The sales officer shall have the option of keeping the unsettled check for one additional accounting period if reimbursement is anticipated.
- d. FINANCIAL DISPOSITION. Uncollectable checks will be accounted for as a reduction of gross profits. The total dollar amount will be absorbed in the retail gross profits as they represent a reduction of funds collected from sales. Any uncollectable check, which has been determined to be uncollectable, will be destroyed by shredding.

MONEYBAGS / NIGHT DEPOSITORY SAFE 2204

1. **MONEYBAGS**

- GENERAL. A retail store may be opened after regular working hours a. including weekends, when it is not practical for the sales officer or cash collection agent to collect cash. During these times, moneybags will be used to collect all cash in the register including the change fund.
- b. MONEY BAG LOG. All moneybags will be numbered on the outside. A moneybag will be logged out at the time of issue in a locally developed log. Log entries must contain at a minimum:
 - Date and time (1)
 - (2)Signature of the person issuing the moneybag
 - Signature of the person receiving the moneybag (3)

The supply department duty officer or another commissioned duty officer will keep the log in their possession during the duty day.

- KEYS TO MONEYBAGS. Moneybags are provided with two keys: C.
 - One must be kept by the retail store operator (1)
 - (2)The other key will be kept in a sealed envelope in the sales officer's safe. The sales officer and the retail store operator will sign the sealed envelope across the flaps

- d. <u>BASIC PROCEDURES.</u> After closing the retail store, the operator will place the cash received from sales and the change fund in the moneybag. Moneybags will be locked and turned over to the supply department duty officer or another commissioned duty officer to be placed in a safe for safekeeping. The duty officer will sign for receipt of the moneybag in the moneybag log. The duty officer need not count the cash in the moneybag. Each subsequent transfer of the locked moneybag will be recorded in the moneybag log. Before the start of the next business day, the sales officer will determine if there was an overage or shortage of funds collected. The retail store operator will open the locked moneybag and the cash will be counted and collected by the sales officer or cash collection agent.
- e. <u>LOCAL PROCEDURES.</u> Local instructions must be established by the sales officer to ensure that responsibility for custody of moneybags can be easily determined at all times. The Moneybag Log will be used to determine responsibility for the moneybags. The supply department duty officer or other commissioned duty officer and the retail store operator must have their responsibilities clearly explained to them.
- f. <u>PROCUREMENT OF MONEYBAGS.</u> Moneybags are listed in the Ship's store Visual Merchandising Guide (NEXCOM Pub 90-33). The cost of the moneybags will be charged to the individual ships' profits. Moneybags are procured as per paragraph 4220.

2. NIGHT DEPOSITORY SAFE

- a. <u>GENERAL.</u> An approved night depository safe may be installed when sales outlets are opened after regular working hours, including weekends, when it is not practical for the sales officer or cash collection agent to collect cash. During these times, moneybags will be used to collect cash from the register including the change fund. Each sales outlet operator will deposit moneybags in the night depository safe.
- b. <u>KEYS AND COMBINATION TO SAFE.</u> The money safe in the lower depository safe is dual controlled by a key and combination lock. Two keys are provided to the key lock.
 - (1) One will be given to a person who does not have access or knowledge of the combination and will be responsible for opening the key lock.
 - (2) The other will be kept in a sealed envelope in the sales officers safe.
 - (3) The sales officer or cash collection agent will hold the combination to the depository safe. The combination will be recorded on a piece of paper, put into a sealed envelope and placed in the sales officer's safe. The sales officer and cash collection agent will sign the sealed envelope across the flaps.

- NIGHT DEPOSITORY SAFE LOG. The person appointed as the key C. holder for the safe will maintain a locally developed log. Each time the night depository safe is opened, both the appointed key holder and the person having the combination to the safe will sign a log entry of the date and time the safe was opened.
- BASIC PROCEDURES. The procedures in paragraph 2204 will be d. followed for moneybags used with night depository safes. The procedures concerning vending machine locked moneyboxes in paragraph 2321-3 will be the same as sales outlets; the operator will deposit the locked moneybag or moneybox in the night depository safe. Particular care must be taken to ensure that the locked moneybag or moneybox in completely inserted in the depository safe. Before the start of the next business day, the authorized persons will open the night depository safe. Sales outlet operators will open their locked moneybag or moneybox. The cash will be counted and collected by the sales officer or cash collection agent.
- PROCUREMENT OF SAFES. The cost of a night depository safe will e. be charged to the individual ship's OPTAR. The safe will be procured in accordance with the provisions of NAVSUP Pub 485, Chapter 3.

2205 **BULK SALES**

- 1. GENERAL. Bulk sales are made at cost price. Bulk sales are made to:
 - Navy Exchanges a.
 - b. Military Sealift Command Branch Exchanges
 - Ships not operating a ship's store when the transferring ship does not C. provide a composite recreation fund (in other words, the requesting ship does not receive a share of the profits from another ship's store. see paragraph 2102-1).
 - d. To the commanding officer for official functions (paragraph 2102-1d)

2. PROCEDURES FOR HANDLING BULK SALES

Bulk sales will be made using the ROM generated Requisition and a. Invoice/Shipping Document (DD Form 1149). The issuing ship will prepare the DD Form 1149. A bulk sale occurs when a ship receives a request from one of the authorized activities listed in paragraph 1. All bulk sales will be expended from the bulk storeroom. Under no circumstances will bulk sales be processed through a retail outlet.

b. SALES PROCEDURES:

Sales Officer – The sales officer will verify the items being sold (1) are available and approve the sale. Normally the current cost price will be the price the material is sold at, however the sales officer can increase or decrease the total reimbursement for each line item when preparing the DD Form 1149. The difference, if any, is accounted for as a cost of operations.

- (2) Records Keeper Records keeper will create the bulk sale document as per ROM II User's Guide. After all information is entered into ROM, a non-confirmed copy of the DD Form 1149 will be printed and signed by the sales officer. The original and two copies will then be forwarded to the bulk storeroom custodian.
- (3) Bulk Storeroom Custodian Upon receipt of the signed DD Form 1149, the bulk storeroom custodian will obtain the merchandise directly from the bulk storeroom and deliver the merchandise to the requesting activity.
- (4) Requesting Activity Requesting activity will circle quantities received, sign all copies of the DD Form 1149, and return the original and copy to the issuing activity.
- (5) Records Keeper Upon receipt of the signed DD Form 1149, the records keeper will ensure original quantity transferred was the quantity received by requesting activity. If there are no changes to the quantities, the DD Form 1149 is filed in the Credit Memorandum & Bulk Sale/Cash Refund (WF 4) File until payment is received. If there were quantity differences, the sales officer shall investigate and take corrective action, correct DD Form 1149 quantities and file in the WF 4 File, until payment is received.

c. PAYMENT.

- (1) At delivery: Normally payment will be required at time of delivery and the sales officer or cash collection agent will collect the amount due. Monies collected from bulk sales will not be rung through the retail store cash register. Cash collected from each bulk sale will be reported as a separate entry in the Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469) and deposited with the disbursing officer. Once payment is received, the DD Form 1149 will be confirmed in ROM. Confirming the DD Form 1149 will post the cash value to the monthly Cash Sales Invoice, Line B12 of the NAVCOMPT Form 153 and expend quantities from the stock record cards.
- (2) After delivery: If payment is not received at time of delivery, the DD Form 1149 will remain in the WF 4 File. Because the merchandise is no longer on board, any inventory of line items will show a difference between the book inventory and actual inventory. The sales officer will add the quantities shown on the bulk sale document to on hand inventories to maintain correct accountability if an inventory is taken. All efforts should be made to receive payment prior to the end of the accounting period.

d. DOCUMENTS DISTRIBUTION:

Upon receipt of payment, the DD Form 1149 will be filed as follows:

- (1) Original B12 (AO) File
- (2) Copy B12 (RK) File

2206 REFUNDS

- 1. <u>GENERAL.</u> All sales made in the ship's store will be final. Refunds may be made for defective merchandise under the following conditions:
 - a. MERCHANDISE COVERED BY A GUARANTEE. Merchandise will be accepted and refunds made, providing the return date is within the manufacturer's guarantee or warranty period. Defective merchandise covered by guarantee will be returned to the vendor for credit or replacement under the terms of the guarantee.
 - b. MERCHANDISE NOT COVERED BY A GUARANTEE. Merchandise that can be reasonably determined to have been defective at the time of sale may be returned for refund within 30 days of the purchase date. If attempts to secure replacement or repair from the vendor are unsuccessful, repairs to merchandise may be procured from commercial sources as per paragraph 4205. In some instances, defects may be of such a nature that merchandise may be sold at a reduced price or surveyed as a charge to individual ship's store profits.

2. PROCEDURES.

The retail store operator is authorized to accept merchandise and give the customer a cash refund with written authorization from the sales officer. Written authorization may be as restrictive as a signed memo for each refund or a refund policy established by the sales officer that outlines dollar value approval levels and specific authority for the retail store operator. The refund function at the EPOS cash register is password protected. The password must be set and/or changed at the EPOS register. The password for the refund function may be given to the necessary personnel as per current ship store policy.

SECTION II – CHANGE FUNDS

2210 CHANGE FUND FOR ONE SALES OUTLET

At the beginning of each accounting period or when the sales outlet is reopened after being closed for more than 72 hours, the disbursing officer will entrust official funds to the custody of the sales outlet operator as a change fund. The fund will be the minimum amount necessary as prescribed by the commanding officer. An instruction on the change fund, including the amount of the fund as approved by the commanding officer, will be included in the supply department instructions (see paragraph 1105). This instruction should also cover special occasions such as paydays, when a larger change fund is temporarily required. Usually the change fund should not exceed \$50.00 for each cash register in use. The disbursing officer will have the sales outlet operator sign a Statement of Agent Officer's Account (DD Form 1081) for the amount of the change fund issued. The change fund advanced will not be registered in the cash register but will remain in excess of cash received from sales. At the close of the business day, the sales outlet operator will return the change fund to the disbursing officer, at which time the DD Form 1081 will be destroyed. Change funds advanced by the disbursing officer may remain in the cash register overnight when the day's sales have not produced sufficient cash for change for the following business day. Normally, after cash is collected at the end of the business day, an amount of change less than \$50.00 may be left in the cash register (see paragraph 2222).

2211 CHANGE FUND FOR MULTIPLE SALES OUTLETS

On ships operating multiple sales outlets, the disbursing officer may entrust change funds to the custody of the sales officer or cash collection agent with the written approval of the commanding officer. The amount advanced will be the minimum considered necessary to provide a change fund for the sales outlets during periods of operation. The disbursing officer will have the sales officer or cash collection agent sign a Statement of Agent Officer's Account (DD Form 1081) for the amount advanced. Monthly, an officer, other than the sales officer, designated by the commanding officer will audit this change fund. The verifying officer will send a report of the change fund audit to the commanding officer with a copy to the sales officer and the disbursing officer. The sales officer will file the audit reports in the Correspondence File (WF 3). When the sales officer or cash collection agent is replaced or the operation of the sales outlet is discontinued, the change fund will be returned to the disbursing officer, at which time the DD Form 1081 will be destroyed. When operating under the provisions of this paragraph, the sales officer or cash collection agent under the procedures prescribed in paragraph 2210 will advance funds to the sales outlet operators.

2212 DEFICITS IN CHANGE FUNDS

1. <u>GENERAL.</u> In the event of a deficit in the change fund advanced to a sales outlet operator, sales officer or cash collection agent will take the amount of the deficit out of proceeds from sales before returning the change fund to the disbursing officer. The disbursing officer's accountability will not be affected as per DOD Financial Management Regulation Vol 5. To indicate the dollar

- amount reimbursed to the change fund, an entry will be made in the applicable Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469) noting the difference.
- 2. <u>LIQUIDATION</u>. Upon written authorization from the commanding officer, the custodian of the money may voluntarily commit personal funds to liquidate the deficit.
- 3. REPORTS. When the amount of a deficit is \$250.00 or less and the deficit is immediately liquidated under subparagraph 2, a report is not required to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). For all deficits where theft, fraud or other dishonest act is indicated, a report will be made under paragraph 1205.

SECTION III – CASH COLLECTION INFORMATION

2220 GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. RESPONSIBILITY FOR COLLECTION. The sales officer is responsible for collection and deposit of cash received from sales in the ship's store operation. However, if desired, the sales officer may have an officer or enlisted assistant designated in writing as a cash collection agent under DOD Financial Management Regulation, Volume 5, Chapter 3. The cash collection agent will not be assigned as the retail store, vending machine, or amusement machine operator. The record keeper may be designated as the cash collection agent when sufficient personnel are not available. Also, when sufficient personnel are not available, the disbursing officer, deputy or agent cashier may accept collections at the sales outlet. Disbursing personnel may not be designated as cash collection agents, but by virtue of their position may accept collections from ship's store personnel.
- 2. <u>PROCEDURES FOR COLLECTION.</u> Procedures for collections are covered as follows:

a.	EPOS Operations	paragraph 2301
b.	Non-EPOS Operations	paragraph 2310
C.	Vending Machines	paragraph 2321

3. <u>DELIVERY OF CASH BY SALES OUTLET OPERATORS.</u> When conditions make it impractical for the sales officer or cash collection agent to collect cash, the sales outlet operators will deliver cash from sales to the sales officer, cash collection agent, disbursing officer or agent cashier. The sales outlet operator will read vending machine cash totalizers and amusement machine meters upon fund collection. The cash collection agent will read and verify meter readings at the next normal collection.

2221 CASH REGISTER RECORD (NAVSUP FORM 469) GENERAL INFORMATION

- 1. GENERAL. A separate page in the Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469) will be used to record cash collected from each sales outlet. The NAVSUP Form 469 will be retained in the custody of the person making the collections. Cash collected from sales will be recorded each business day in the NAVSUP Form 469. The sales officer will compare amounts entered on the ROM C02/C03/C04 report with amounts entered in the NAVSUP Form 469 at least once each week. The sales officer will investigate shortages and overages in excess of \$5.00. It is not necessary to start a new Cash Register Record because of a change of cash collection agents, sales officer or disbursing officer.
- 2. <u>MANDATORY ENTRIES.</u> For all collections, the following columns will be completed on the NAVSUP Form 469.
 - a. Date Enter date of collection
 - b. Register Reading For Non-EPOS Only Enter meter reading number

- Actual Cash in Register Enter actual cash counted less change fund C. (if any)
- d. Over / Under – For Non-EPOS Only – Enter the difference between cash collected and meter reading value
- Cash Left in Register for Change Enter amount left in outlet for e. change fund
- f. Amount in Figures – Enter amount in numbers of collection
- Amount in Words Enter amount in words of collection g.
- h. Signature of Sales Outlet Operator / Signature of Person Making Collection

3. CLOSING OUT.

a. Non-EPOS – At the end of each month, the NAVSUP Form 469 will be closed out as follows and all totals entered on the last line of the page:

Register Reading - Take the Ending Register Reading and subtract the Beginning Register Reading and enter the total

Actual Cash in Register – Add all entries in the column and enter the total

Over - Add all entries in the column and enter the total

Under - Add all entries in the column and enter the total

Cash Left in Register for Change - Add all entries in the column and enter the total

Amount in Figures - Add all entries in the column and enter the total

Amount in Words – Write out the total amount in figures in words

Signature – Outlet Operator and Cash Collection Agent Signatures are required.

The Ending Register Reading minus the Beginning Register Reading plus the total of the Over column minus the total of the Under Column must equal the total amount in figures of cash collected.

The Total of Actual Cash in Register minus Total Cash Left in Register for change must equal the total in figures of cash collected.

b. EPOS - At the end of each month, the NAVSUP Form 469 will be closed out as follows and all totals entered on the last line of the page:

Actual Cash in Register – Add all entries in this column and enter the total

Amount in Figures – Add all entries in this column and enter the total

Amount in Words – Write out the Total of the Amount in Figures in words

Signature – Outlet Operator and Cash Collection Agents signatures are required

4. <u>REVIEWS BY SALES OFFICER.</u> When the cash collection agent is making the collections, the sales officer will review the NAVSUP Form 469 daily (if possible) or at least twice weekly, as outlined in paragraph 2231.

2222 CASH LEFT IN CASH REGISTER OVERNIGHT

Cash, not to exceed \$50.00, may be left in a cash register overnight except, when more than one shift is operated. When authorized by the TYCOM, cash not to exceed \$100.00 may be left in the register overnight, except when more than one shift is operated. When a retail store is closed for a period of more than 72 hours, all cash including the change fund will be collected on the last business day.

SECTION IV - DEPOSITS WITH THE DISBURSING OFFICER

DEPOSITS WITH DISBURSING OFFICER GENERAL INFORMATION 2230

Cash received from sales will be deposited daily with the disbursing officer. When it is impractical to deposit cash daily all cash on hand will be kept in a safe under the personal custody of the ship stores officer or cash collection agent. The total cash deposited with the disbursing officer will be entered daily in a separate Cash Receipt Book (NAVSUP Form 470). Deposits will be made directly to the disbursing officer. deputy or agent cashier whose signature will be obtained in the NAVSUP Form 470. The NAVSUP Form 470 will be retained in the custody of the person making the deposits. When the sales officer is the person making the collections and is also the disbursing officer, it is not necessary to keep a separate NAVSUP Form 470. During the accounting period, amounts deposited will not necessarily equal receipts from each day's sales because some cash will be retained as a change fund. However, total deposits made during the month must equal the total receipts from sales for the month. The sales officer will verify that all cash from sales, including change funds, is collected at the end of the month. The sales officer will verify that the total amount of cash collected and turned over to the disbursing officer equals the amount entered in ROM.

ACTION BY THE SALES OFFICER WHEN THE CASH COLLECTION AGENT 2231 COLLECTS AND DEPOSITS CASH

- 1. When the cash collection agent makes the collections, the following will be submitted to the sales officer daily if possible, or at least twice weekly.
 - The Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469) for each sales outlet a.
 - The Cash Receipt Book (NAVSUP Form 470) covering deposits with b. the disbursing officer.
- 2. The sales officer will review all entries, check amounts deposited with the disbursing officer, and initial all entries in the NAVSUP Form 469 and 470 to indicate they have been checked. The sales officer will additionally verify cash collections are being entered correctly into ROM. The entries will also be verified any time a Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposit of Cash with the Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149) is prepared.

MEMORANDUM CASH SALES INVOICE DEPOSIT OF CASH WITH THE 2232 **DISBURSING OFFICER**

- 1. WHEN PREPARED. A Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposit of Cash with the Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149) will be prepared to substantiate cash receipts from sales:
 - At the end of each month a.
 - Upon relief of the sales officer b.
 - Upon relief of the disbursing officer, or when cash is deposited with a C. different disbursing officer

- PREPARATION. ROM will print the DD Form 1149 when required. Procedures for generating the DD Form 1149 are outlined in the ROM II User's Guide.
- 3. <u>DISTRIBUTION OF DD FORM 1149</u>. The DD Form 1149 will be submitted to the disbursing officer on or before the first working day of the month. The disbursing officer will sign the certification at the bottom of the DD Form 1149. The record keeper will then distribute the DD Form 1149 as follows:
 - a. Original C02/C03/C04 (RK) File
 - b. 2 copies C02/C03/C04 (AO) File
 - c. Three copies will be returned to the disbursing officer

PART D - SALES OUTLETS

SECTION I – EPOS OPERATIONS

2300 RETAIL STORE GENERAL INFORMATION

Retail stores sell both necessity type of items required for day-to-day living and semi luxury type items. Depending on space limitations, an over-the-counter or walk-in retail store will be operated.

2301 CASH COLLECTION

- 1. Cash collection agent and retail store operator will count cash in register and record amount collected in the NAVSUP Form 469 as per paragraph 2221.
- 2. Retail store operator will conduct an End of Til Export and turn diskette over to cash collection agent.
- 3. Cash collection agent will conduct an End of Til Import and then an End of Til Reconciliation in ROM. During the End of Til Reconciliation the amount collected in the retail store as recorded in the NAVSUP Form 469 will be entered into ROM.

2302 MULTIPLE OPERATOR PROCEDURES

When more than one person is responsible for the operation of a retail store under paragraph 1006, cash will be collected at the end of each shift as per paragraph 2301.

2303 OPERATIONAL CONTROLS

All merchandise will be received into the bulk storeroom. After receipt, breakouts will be created to transfer merchandise as necessary per paragraph 6100. After breakouts are confirmed, the inventory is added to the book inventory for EPOS outlets. The book inventory is automatically adjusted during the End of Til Import process.

MEASURING THE OVERAGE/SHORTAGE IN EPOS OUTLETS 2304

- 1. During the End of Til Reconciliation process, the system will determine the variance (over or short) amount by subtracting the system total from the amount entered by the Cash Collection Agent.
- 2. The sales officer will examine all overages and shortages of \$5.00 or more between system readings and cash collected by reviewing the Cash Over/Short Report at least weekly and take appropriate action as appropriate.
- 3. Shortages of money due to theft, fraud or other dishonest act will be reported and action taken as prescribed in paragraph 1205.

2305 SANITATION

A representative of the ship's medical department will inspect retail outlets on a regular basis. Minimum sanitary requirements are covered in NAVMED Pub 5010. A copy of the inspection will be filed in WF 3 File.

SECTION II – NON-EPOS OPERATIONS

2310 NON-EPOS OUTLET GENERAL INFORMATION

1. GENERAL. Any retail outlet which does not use EPOS cash registers to sell and record sales will be set up as a Non-EPOS outlet. Examples of Non-EPOS outlets are snack vending machines, hanger bay sales, pier side sales, etc.

2. CASH COLLECTION.

- Cash received from sales. a.
 - Non-EPOS outlets in which cash registers are used will be (1) collected at the close of each business day, except as authorized in paragraph 2222. Cash registers will be rung out and meter reading recorded at the end of each business day. The difference between the current days meter reading and the previous days meter reading minus the cash left in the register for change should equal the cash collected. Refunds and overrings should be included in the formula when necessary. Amount collected will be recorded in the NAVSUP Form 469 as per paragraph 2221. When more than one shift is in operation, all cash from sales will be collected at the end of each shift.
 - (2) Vending machines collection procedures are outlined in paragraph 2321.
- b. It is not necessary to post daily collection amounts in ROM. Grand total amounts of cash collected will be entered into ROM prior to printing the Cash Sales Invoice or monthly.

OPERATIONAL CONTROLS 2311

- 1. All Non-EPOS outlet purchases and/or requisitions will be received into the bulk storeroom. After receipt, breakouts will be created to transfer merchandise as necessary per paragraph 6100. After the breakout is confirmed, the inventory is considered sold and a cost of sales figure is posted to the NAVCOMPT Form 153. To determine actual cost of sales a breakback of inventory on hand from the Non-EPOS outlet to the bulk storeroom must be created and confirmed. The difference between the inventory transferred to the Non-EPOS outlet and the inventory transferred back to bulk represents stock sold.
- 2. Non-EPOS Outlet and Cost of Sales.
 - Sales: It is not necessary to post daily collection amounts into ROM. a. Only the grand total amount of cash collected is entered into ROM monthly or prior to printing the Cash Sales Invoice.

b. Cost of Sales. The cost of sales is computed by breaking back all inventory in the Non-EPOS outlet to the bulk storeroom. The computed cost of sales figure is stated on the Profitability Snack Vending (Non-EPOS) Report.

2312 MEASURING THE OVERAGE/SHORTAGE IN NON-EPOS OUTLETS

- 1. NON-EPOS OUTLETS. Cash meter readings will be recorded each time cash is collected. The meter reading will be entered in the NAVSUP Form 469 as per paragraph 2221. The difference between the meter reading on the day cash is collected minus the previous day's reading will equal the cash from sales that should have been collected. If the meter reading and the cash collected do not equal, the outlet has an overage or shortage.
- 2. SNACK VENDING MACHINES. Cash meter reading will be installed in each vending machine to monitor the efficiency of each machine. Meter readings will be recorded each time cash is collected and a determination made as to whether or not the vending machine is functioning properly. The meter reading will be entered in the NAVSUP Form 469 as per paragraph 2221. The difference between the meter reading on the day cash is collected minus the previous day's reading will equal the cash from sales that should have been collected. If the meter reading and the cash collected do not equal, the machine has an overage or shortage.
- 3. <u>DUE TO MALFUNCTION.</u> The sales officer will examine all overages and shortages of \$5.00 or more between meter readings and cash collected and take corrective action as appropriate. Overages and shortages of \$5.00 or more indicated on the NAVSUP Form 469 will be investigated and initialed by the sales officer as they occur.
- 4. <u>SHORTAGES DUE TO THEFT, FRAUD OR OTHER DISHONEST ACT.</u>
 Shortages of money due to theft, fraud or other dishonest act will be reported and action taken as prescribed in paragraph 1205.

2313 SANITATION

A representative of the ship's medical department will inspect retail outlets on a regular basis. Minimum sanitary requirements are covered by instruction outlined in paragraph 2501.

SECTION III – VENDING MACHINES

2320 VENDING MACHINE GENERAL INFORMATION

All vending machines, including those located in authorized messes, will be operated as a Non-EPOS sales outlet of the ship store under paragraph 1101-1.

2321 **CASH COLLECTION**

RESPONSIBILITY. Vending machine will be secured as per paragraph 1201-1. 4. The collection of cash received from sales in vending machines will be the same as prescribed in paragraph 2220 and 2221. All cash from sales in vending machines will be collected and recorded separately from sales in other sales outlets in ROM.

2. CASH COLLECTIONS.

- AT SEA. When at sea, cash from vending machine sales will be a. collected and counted daily and prior to making any repairs to the coin mechanism or the machine, unless sales do not exceed a \$100.00 a day the machine must be collected no less than twice a week.
- b. IN PORT (MONDAY – FRIDAY). When in port, cash from vending machine sales will be collected and counted daily and prior to making any repairs to the coin mechanism or the machine, unless sales do not exceed \$100.00 a day the machine must be collected no less than twice a week.
- IN PORT (WEEKENDS AND HOLIDAYS. The supply officer will C. determine if the volume of business requires cash collections to be made.

The person making the collections from the vending machines will keep a separate Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469). When more than one machine is operated, the cash collected from each machine will be recorded on a separate page of the NAVSUP Form 469. Entries in the NAVSUP Form 469 will be made as per paragraph 2221.

3. USE OF LOCKED MONEYBOXES

- GENERAL. When locked moneyboxes are installed in vending a. machines, the boxes will be numbered on the outside and issued to the vending machine operator by the person responsible for making collections.
- DELIVERY OF MONEYBOXES. When conditions make it impractical b. for the sales officer or cash collection agent to collect the cash, the vending machine operator will:
 - (1) Record the meter reading

- (2) Remove the locked moneybox for the vending machine and replace it with another locked moneybox
- (3) The vending machine operator will deliver the locked moneybox with the meter reading to the sales officer or cash collection agent, disbursing officer or agent cashier. The cash will be counted in the presence of the vending machine operator and the sales officer or cash collection agent. The person making the collections will ensure that the vending machine collection agrees with the meter reading for each individual machine. When following the procedures for this subparagraph, the sales officer will ensure the collection agent or person designated to make collections personally reads each meter at least twice a week.
- 4. <u>OPTIONAL</u>. When the person designated to make the collections is not available to receive the cash (such as weekends or after regular working hours), one of the following may be used:
 - a. The locked moneybox may be placed into a night depository safe
 - b. The locked moneybox and meter reading will be turned over to the supply department duty officer or another commissioned duty officer for safekeeping.
 - c. Moneybox Log. A locally developed Vending Machine Moneybox Log will be used. At a minimum, the log will contain the following entries:
 - (1) Date and time
 - (2) Number of the moneybox
 - (3) Car seal number installed over the moneybox opening
 - (4) The meter reading
 - (5) The signatures of the vending machine operator and supply department duty officer or other commissioned duty officer.
 - d. The duty officer receiving the locked moneybox will maintain the log. Each time an operator delivers a moneybox or receives if from the duty officer, an entry in the log will be made and signed by both persons. The following day, the cash will be counted and collected. The cash collected will be compared to the meter reading.

2322 OPERATIONAL CONTROLS

1. <u>CAN DRINK VENDING MACHINES.</u> All can drink purchases and/or requisitions will be received into the bulk storeroom. After receipt, breakouts will be created to transfer merchandise as necessary per paragraph 6100. After the breakout is confirmed, the inventory is considered sold and a cost of sales figure is posted to the NAVCOMPT Form 153. To determine actual cost of sales a breakback of inventory on hand from the vending machine operation to the bulk storeroom must be created and confirmed. The difference between the inventory

transferred to the vending machine operation and the inventory transferred back to bulk represents cans sold.

2. CAN DRINK VENDING MACHINE SALES AND COST OF SALES

- a. SALES. It is not necessary to post daily collection amount into ROM. Only the grand total amount of cash collected is entered into ROM prior to printing the Cash Sales Invoice or monthly.
- COST OF SALES. The cost of sales is computed by breaking b. back all inventory in the Non-EPOS outlet to the bulk storeroom. The computed cost of sales figure is stated on the Canned Vending Profitability (B25) Report

MEASURING THE OVERAGE/SHORTAGE OF INDIVIDUAL VENDING MACHINES 2323

- 1. METER READINGS. Cash meters will be installed in each vending machine to monitor the efficiency of each machine. Meter readings will be taken each time cash is collected and a determination made as to whether or not the vending machine is functioning properly. The meter reading will be entered in the NAVSUP Form 469 as per paragraph 2221. The difference between the meter reading on the day cash is collected minus the previous day's reading will equal the cash from sales that should have been collected. If the meter reading and the cash collected do not equal, the machine has an overage or shortage.
- 2. <u>DUE TO MALFUNCTION</u>. The sales officer will examine all overages and shortages of \$5.00 or more between meter readings and cash collected and take corrective action as appropriate. Overages and shortages of \$5.00 or more indicated on the NAVSUP Form 469 will be investigated and initialed by the sales officer as they occur.
- 3. SHORTAGES DUE TO THEFT, FRAUD OR OTHER DISHONEST ACT. Shortages of vending machine monies due to theft, fraud or other dishonest act will be reported and action taken as prescribed in paragraph 1205.

2324 SANITATION

A representative of the ship's medical department will inspect vending machines on a regular basis. Minimum sanitary requirements are covered by instruction outlined in paragraph 2501. A copy of the inspection will be filed in WF 3 File.

PART E - SERVICE ACTIVITES

SECTION I – BARBERSHOPS

2400 EXTENT OF BARBER SERVICE

Barbershop service should include only the basic service of a haircut. Other services should be authorized only when time, space, equipment, personnel and conditions permit and should not be provided unless they can be rendered to all personnel. Special services are not permitted.

2401 **RECORDS AND OPERATIONS**

- 1. RECORDS. A locally prepared barbershop appointment record should be used to schedule appointments for customers on either an individual or division basis.
- 2. OPERATIONS. The barbering instructions in the Ship's Serviceman 3 will be followed.

2402 SERVICE ACTIVITY SUPPLIES

Supplies used to operate the barbershop will be requisitioned using OPTAR funds from the supply officer.

2403 **SANITATION**

- 1. A representative of the medical department will inspect barbershops at least quarterly. Every barber must receive a physical examination from the medical officer before assuming duties as a barber and annually thereafter. Rules will be prominently posted in the barbershop. The following rules apply:
 - a. Ship's barbers are prohibited from shaving customers and are forbidden to remove ingrown hairs, squeeze pimples or blackheads, or treat any person medically.
 - b. The barber's uniform will consist of a clean barber's jacket and clean trousers. The barber's appearance at all times will be neat and tidy.
 - The barber's hands and fingernails will be clean at all times. C.
 - d. The barber is forbidden to cut the hair of anyone who has any kind of disease or sore on the scalp or the back of the neck within the hairlines. The barber will obtain the name, rate and division of any person who comes in the barbershop who is evidently afflicted with a skin or scalp disease or with sores or boils. This information will be reported to the medical officer.
 - e. Barbershop must have hot and cold running water to allow the barber to wash their hands and maintain sanitation.

- f. A fresh tissue neckband must be used for every customer.
- g. After use, clippers, scissors and combs must be sanitized. Non-metallic items will be immersed in standard barbicide solution before use on the next customer. This solution must be changed daily. Metallic items will be cleaned and sprayed with a disinfectant spray.

SECTION II – LAUNDRY

2410 EXTENT OF LAUNDRY SERVICE

Laundry facilities will be adequate to process 24 pounds per accommodation per week. Surface ships with more than 100 accommodations (crew plus troops) will be provided laundry facilities capable of satisfying the following requirements as a minimum within a 96-hour laundry operations week:

- One change of work clothing, underwear, socks and one towel per day per a. accommodation
- b. One change of berth linen per accommodation and one change of officer and CPO dining facility linen per week
- Finish press three uniform shirts and trousers per officer and CPO/SNCO (E7 C. - E9) accommodation per week
- d. Finish press one dress uniform shirt and trouser per accommodation per crew (plus troops) per week.

ASSIGNMENT OF PERSONNEL 2411

Personnel will be assigned to the laundry from the ship's serviceman rating. The allowance of rated personnel is based on the assumption that an additional number of non-rated personnel will be required to operate the laundry efficiently. These additional persons will be classified as strikers for the ship's serviceman rating unless detailed in a manner similar to food service attendants detailed to the general mess. Normally, one person for every 75 to 100 crewmembers will be assigned.

2412 **RECORDS AND OPERATIONS**

- 1. RECORDS. The records maintained and the procedures used in the operation of the laundry will be consistent with space, equipment, and personnel available. All laundry will be logged in and out. Locally prepared Bulk Work and Press Deck Logs will be maintained for each day that the laundry is operational. Signatures will be obtained for pick-up of completed work. These logs will be kept on file and will be made available to inspecting personnel. The sales officer will review the logs weekly and initial them after reviewing.
- 2. LAUNDRY EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE LOG. A locally prepared Laundry Equipment Maintenance Log will be maintained with columns for the following:
 - Date out of commission a.
 - Date placed in commission b.
 - Amount of down time in hours C.
 - Reason down d.
 - Parts replaced e.
 - Remarks and comments

A separate log sheet will be kept on each piece of laundry equipment in order to obtain historical repair data.

3. <u>OPERATIONS.</u> Use of Navy approved laundry chemical supplies are mandatory. The approved Navy wash formulas and the instructions for the operation of the laundry in the Ship's Serviceman 3 will be followed.

2413 ACCOUNTING FOR LAUNDRY SERVICES

All laundry services performed on board the ship are chargeable to appropriated funds.

2414 SERVICE ACTIVITY SUPPLIES

Supplies used to operate the laundry will be requisitioned using OPTAR funds from the supply officer.

2415 LAUNDRY CLAIMS

Claims for loss of or damaged to personal clothing will be handled under paragraph 8202.

2416 SANITATION AND SAFETY

Laundries will be inspected frequently by the medical department for proper sanitary methods of operation. Sufficient hot water and soap will be used to ensure cleanliness. Laundry from contagious cases will be treated in the sick bay before being sent to the laundry. The laundry procedures prescribed n the Ship's Servicemen 3 will be followed to render this type of clothing free from health hazards. Safety precautions for operating machinery will be prominently posted next to each machine.

2417 HEAT STRESS PROGRAM

The requirements of the Navy's heat stress program are contained in OPNAVINST 5100.20 series (Shipboard Heat Stress Control and Personnel Protection). A hanging dry-bulb thermometer reading will be taken once every four hours when the laundry is in operation. The readings will be recorded in a locally developed Heat Stress Log. Laundry personnel will notify the sales officer and medical officer when the temperature exceeds 90° F.

2418 PROCUREMENT OF LAUNDRY SERVICES

Laundry services may be procured from Navy exchanges and commercial sources under paragraph 4430-4432 when the ship cannot provide this service.

PART F - EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND SANITATION

2500 MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT

- 1. GENERAL. Arrangements will be made with engineering department for the assignment of maintenance personnel to maintain ship's store machinery and equipment at highest efficiency. Ship's store supervisors should be familiar with the PMS requirements for ship's store equipment. Only qualified maintenance personnel will be permitted to make repairs other than routine adjustments. If it becomes necessary to employ commercial repairs services, the cost of the service plus any parts supplied will be charged to the following:
 - a. Ship's Store Profits, Navy for minor equipment (Minor equipment are those items which do not exceed \$100.00 unit cost). Vending machines are covered in paragraph 4400 and ADP equipment is covered in paragraph 4417.
 - b. Operations and Maintenance, Navy and appropriate TYCOMs subhead for repairs to major equipment and fixtures. (Major equipment and fixtures are those items, which exceed \$100.00 unit cost, and/or those items that are on the ship's Coordinated Shipboard Allowance List (COSAL) vice ship's store equipment). Equipment deficiencies and repair actions should be documented on the Consolidated Ship's Maintenance Plan (CSMP).
- 2. <u>INSPECTION OF MACHINERY.</u> Operators will carefully examine all machinery for loose nuts, bolts, parts, connections, etc., before beginning operations. An inspection each morning is especially important underway when machinery is subject to ship vibrations. A thorough inspection of all machinery will always be made after firing the guns and upon completion of any structural test to which the ship may be subjected.
- 3. <u>LUBRICATION OF MACHINERY.</u> Maintenance personnel should assume independent responsibility for proper lubrication of machinery.
- 4. <u>SPEED OF MACHINERY.</u> Under no circumstances will the speed of machinery be set in excess of that prescribed by the manufacturer.

2501 SANITATION

- 1. <u>SANITARY REGULATIONS.</u> Sanitary regulations approved by the senior member of the medical department will be issued for all sales outlets and service activities (see paragraph 1105). The Commander, Naval Medical Command has established minimum sanitary standards in NAVMED P-5010 (Manual of Preventive Medicine) for:
 - a. Retail store and vending machines
 - b. Barbershops
 - c. Laundry

INSPECTION. The sales officer or designated representative will inspect all 2. sales outlets and service activities at least once each business day to ascertain all sanitary regulations are being complied with.

PART G - DOLLAR BILL CHANGERS

2600 GENERAL INFORMATION

The TYCOM must approve installation of a dollar bill changer. Upon approval, the following will apply:

- a. The dollar bill changer will be installed in a high traffic and well-illuminated area
- b. As a security measure, the machine will be safeguarded with a wire mesh or a lockable restraining bar across the coin box area
- c. A separate change fund, not to exceed \$400.00, will be established for each dollar bill changer aboard in accordance with paragraphs 2210 2211. Ships with a complement of 700 or more personnel may establish a separate change fund not to exceed \$800.00
- d. The sales officer or cash collection agent will be responsible for the machine

2601 CASH COLLECTION

- Dollar bill changers will be checked daily and refilled as necessary. The cash collection agent will validate the amount of the change fund by completely emptying and refilling the machine no less than once a week. All monies will be removed from the machine prior to any repairs.
- 2. The person making collections from the dollar bill changers will keep a separate NAVSUP Form 469 for these machines. The amount of funds collected from the machine will be entered in the "Cash In Register" column. Any overages or shortages will be entered in the "Over/Under" column, as appropriate. The coins put into the machine after collection will be entered in the "Cash Left in Register for Change" column. Overages and shortages will be corrected as per paragraph 2602 before coins are put into the machine.

2602 OVERAGES AND SHORTAGES

 OVERAGES. If an overage occurs due to malfunction of the machine, the dollar amount will be included in deposits to the disbursing officer and taken up as "Cash from Sales" on the monthly Memorandum Cash Sales Invoice Deposit of Cash with Disbursing Officer (DD Form 1149). The sales officer will initial overages as they occur.

2. SHORTAGES.

a. <u>DUE TO MALFUNCTION.</u> If a shortage exists due to malfunction of the dollar bill changer, the shortage will be corrected with cash received from sales in the retail store. Cash from the retail store will be collected from the retail store operator as usual. However, before the cash is deposited with the disbursing officer, the amount that the dollar bill changer is short will be taken out. The remaining cash will then be deposited with the disbursing officer. To indicate the dollar amount taken from the retail store, an appropriate entry will be made in the Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469) for the retail store.

The sales officer will verify this amount when reviewing the Over/Short Report for the store.

THEFT, FRAUD, OR ANY OTHER DISHONEST ACT. Shortage due b. to theft, fraud or other dishonest act will be reported and action taken as prescribed in paragraph 1205.

2603 PROCUREMENT

Dollar bill changers will be procured as a charge to the individual ship's profits. A Special DD Form 1155 will be prepared as per paragraph 4220 and submitted to NEXCOM (Ship's Store Program). This purchase will be accounted for as per paragraph 4222.

APPENDIX H - SHIP'S STORE MANAGEMENT REPORT

Date: Mo/Yr

1. FINA	ANCIAL INFO	ORMATION						_
Contrib	Vending Opera					\$ \$	Period	
will red a. Poter	luce Ship's prontial Liability:	ures payments in ofits) Total dollar va write offs") unn	alue of unmato	hed expendit		\$ \$		
	ENTORY n meeting inv	entory goals:					Yes	No*
Total A (\$102x Total A	authorized Inv	•	d	\$ \$				
Current	Book Invento	ory		\$				
Over/U	nder			\$				
b. I am	meeting stock	turn goals:					Yes	No*
Actual Goal		Month 2 0.67	Month 3 1.00	Month 4 1.33				
c. I am	meeting spot	inventory goals					Yes	No*
	Week #1 Acc Week #2 Acc Week #3 Acc Week #4 Acc Week #5 Acc	Ik Storeroom (Auracy in percenuracy in percenuracy in percenuracy in percenuracy in percenuracy in percenuracy in percen	t t t t			— — —		
d. I hav	e checked a m	ninimum of 5%	of total items.		`	Yes	No*	

e. I have done a monthly inventory in:			
(Ships Store)		Yes	No³
(Soda Vending)		Yes	No³
(Candy Vending)		Yes	No³
(Vending-other)		Yes	No [*]
f. Financial or inventory difference as s I have taken action IAW P-487 to resol Level 1 (less than \$1,500 and	ve the following differences	Yes	No ³
Level 2 (greater than \$1,500	and 1% of sales)	Yes	No [*]
Level 3 (greater than \$3,000 and 3% of sales)		Yes	No*
g. I am within my authorized limits for Authorized Inventory (15% of t	•	Yes	No [*]
On Hand	\$		
Over/Under inventory:	\$		
h. I have posted our CMP data to TYC	OM website.	Yes	No*
3. CASH COLLECTION NON NAVY	CASH SHIP (Circle an answer)		
a. I have audited the Cash collection agent at least twice weekly		Yes	No [*]
b. I have audited actual cash register readings at least twice weekly		Yes	No³
c. Non NAVY CASH Ships: I verified by the Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469) that cash collections were made daily		Yes	No ³
d. Non NAVY CASH Ship: I verified I (NAVSUP Form 470) that cash Disbursing Officer daily.	-	Yes	No [*]
e. I verified that Total monthly cash colon the following Forms were verified a collections and posted correctly in the I	gainst Disbursing Officer		

Cash Register Record (NAVSUP Form 469)	Yes	No*
Cash Receipt Book (NAVSUP Form 470)	Yes	No*
Memorandum Cash Sale Invoice of Cash Deposited with D.O. (DD Form 1149) All totals reported equal one another	Yes	No*
4. NAVY CASH (Ships operating on Navy Cash)		
a. I reviewed and compared Navy Cash end of the day, end of the month, and monthly transaction summary reports with ROM II reports	Yes	No*
b. All unresolved differences have a memo detailing the reason (known or unknown) for the difference signed by the Sales Officer and Disbursing Officer, filed in RK file CO2/CO3/CO4.	Yes	No*
c. Supply officer has signed all Navy Cash end of day, end of month, and monthly transaction summary reports and I have filed them in the RK file CO2/CO3/CO4.	Yes	No*
d. I have reviewed Cash Sales Invoice Memorandums (DD-1149) and ensured that they agree with Navy Cash end of month, monthly transaction summary reports and ROM II reports.	No*	
5. RECEIPTS AND PRICING		
a. I submitted all monthly transmittals for the last month to the Supply officer for signature.	Yes	No*
b. I forwarded last month's monthly transmittals to DFAS by the 7 th . of this month.	Yes	No *
c. I ensured that random spot check of prices (UPC validity) in the Retail Store(s) were accomplished during the month. Week #1: Number of items checked:; Validity Week#2: Number of items checked:; Validity Week#3: Number of items checked: Validity Week#4 Number of items checked: Validity Week#5 Number of items checked: Validity	Yes	No*
d. I have verified that all DFAS letters on unpaid dealer's bills and other letters of reconciliation have been answered or are in the "chop chain" for approval.	Yes	No*

e. I submitted End of Accounting Period Records for last accounting period to DFAS NLT 15th day following end of accounting period.	Yes	No*
f. I have inspected all Ships Store spaces this month.	Yes	No.
g. I have submitted my last accounting period records to the ATG.	Yes	No*
h. I have reviewed the Back of the NAVCOMPT 153 report.	Yes	No*
6. I have verified that all stores, storeroom and other spaces have locks and emergency entry procedures are posted as required by NAVSUP Pub 487.	Yes	No*

^{*} Brief explanation of any items with "No" circled and other significant items, problems, etc.